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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXVIII NO. 62 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1940 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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SAFFRON

is used in MOST SACRED P L A-CES, JAIN TEM-PLES, etc. It is pure, Genuine & unrivalled in qua-lity.
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Varjiwandas Hirjee & Co.,
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Telegram: "SANSCRIT."
'Phone: 24754

Scandinavia Will Not Oblige Allies

Britain Keeps Watch On

Oil Purchases By Germany

LONDON, March 12.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Cross, Minister of Economic Warfare, in reply to a question whether during the recent weeks, German interests had intensified their efforts to acquire control of Rumanian oil companies, said that Government were fully aware that German interests were constantly making every effort to increase the quantities of oil available for purchase by Germany. This at all times was a subject of close attention by the Government.—Reuter.

SUMNER WELLES IN LONDON

Interviews With Party Leaders

LONDON, March 12.

Mr. Sumner Welles saw Mr. C. R. Attlee and Mr. Arthur Greenwood and also Sir John Simon and Mr. Churchill later in the day.

Mr. Sumner Welles' interview with Mr. Attlee and Mr. Greenwood took place at the United States Embassy.

The interview lasted 80 minutes and on leaving Mr. Attlee said, "We have had very interesting talk." Later, Sir Archibald Sinclair saw Mr. Sumner Welles at the Embassy remaining for half an hour.

Mr. Sumner Welles will see Mr. Eden and Mr. Lloyd George tomorrow.—Reuter.

(See Page 7).

CENSOR DOES IT!

Mutilation Of News To India

LONDON, March 12.

The increased frequency of Empire News bulletins of the B.B.C. was mentioned at the annual meeting of the Empire Press Union over which Major J. J. Astor presided.

Addressing the meeting, Major Astor discussed the handicaps imposed by war conditions upon overseas press which had had to contend with great difficulties and the fact that sometimes messages for overseas were censored, while their contents were passed for publication in the United Kingdom. There was also the increased frequency of B.B.C. Empire news bulletins which were obviously becoming a difficult point. But he claimed that frequent and persistent representations by the Union had brought about improved facilities for the press.

Major Astor was re-elected President.—Reuter.

GERMAN SUBMARINE SUNK?

Attack By R. A. F. Bomber

LONDON, March 12.

The Air Ministry announces that during a reconnaissance flight over Heligoland Bight and Estuaries yesterday, aircraft of the R. A. F. bomber command successfully attacked a German submarine at the entrance to Schillig Roads.

The submarine was seen to be hit by at least one bomb and believed to have been sunk.—Reuter.

79 Teachers To Be Released

MADRAS, March 12.

The Government of Madras have directed the release of 79 teachers convicted in connection with the aided school teachers agitation in Malabar.—A.P.

Mystery Of Finland's Silence Over Anglo-French Offer

50,000 ALLIED TROOPS READY TO START, BUT NORWAY AND SWEDEN REFUSE PASSAGE

REPORTED AGREEMENT BETWEEN FINLAND AND SOVIET

LONDON, March 12.

The B. B. C. in the 18.00 bulletin broadcast a message from the B. B. C. Stockholm Observer stating that an agreement had been reached between Finland and Russia, though the treaty was not signed, and the terms were not yet known.

The Finnish radio stated at 17|45 that rumours of a peace agreement between Russia and Finland were unfounded.

The newspaper "Allehnda" (Stockholm) states that the Finnish Parliament has already had one secret session to discuss the Soviet peace proposals.

The newspaper says that they met last night at a secret place in the country well protected from air-raids.

HELSINKI, March 12.

The Finnish Delegation was still in Moscow this afternoon, according to the Finnish News Agency. The negotiations are continuing to what effect is not known.

Finnish officials again emphasise that the Delegation is not empowered to bind Finland to any decision taken in Moscow. Whatever decision was taken must be passed by the Diet.

Troops Ready To Start

Mystery Deepens About Finland's Delay In Accepting Offer

PARIS, March 12.

A motion by M. Blum and other deputies to discuss the Finnish situation in the Chamber has been adjourned by general agreement in order not to embarrass the Government.

M. Daladier in a statement in the Chamber said that France headed the list of nations which had sent war material to Finland and gave figures of munitions sent and said that a few days ago in reply to an urgent demand, France had sent a number of ultra-modern pombers which had arrived on the Finnish Front.

He stated that from Feb. 26 French troops had been ready to help Finland. Ships were waiting to take them. Similar measures had been taken by the British Government. The strength of this expeditionary force was fifty thousand men.

He emphasised that hitherto a direct public appeal from the Finnish Government for farther help had not been received by, either the French or the British Government. He was waiting for this appeal.

M. Daladier said that the Finnish Government and Marshal Mannerheim had repeatedly expressed appreciation of the valuable aid given by France. M. Daladier said that the decision to send men to Finland, if wanted, was taken by the Allied War Council on February 3. A large number of ships had been waiting in two great ports of the Channel and the Atlantic Coast to take the Allied Expeditionary Force. The British Government has to bear the greater part of the assistance in men and ships. The British Navy was also responsible for protecting the convoys on the two thousand miles voyage to Norwegian coasts.

M. Daladier said, he had informed the Finnish Minister yesterday that France was determined to give Finland, all aid possible.

Mr. Daladier also stated that on March 7, he had informed the Finnish Minister that the Allies were ready to send immediate help, and if Finland did not appeal to them for allied intervention, the Allies could not assume responsibility for the status of Finland at the end of the war? M. Daladier said that the Finnish Minister told him that a definite answer would be sent on March 12 after the meeting of the Finnish Parliament.

M. Daladier explained that this appeal was necessary, because Norway and Sweden were opposed to the passage of allied troops. "Because of this attitude, it was impossible to go to Finland's aid unless we received a direct appeal from Finland."

OPPOSITION FROM NORWAY AND SWEDEN

M. Daladier declared that they were waiting for an appeal from Finland, because Norwegian and Swedish Governments would be opposed to any passage of Allied troops across their territory. "To overcome this opposition, we must have with us complete support of the greater part of the population of Sweden and Norway. That is why this appeal is immediately necessary, because even in the best of wars, I do not want any country to tear up International Laws."

M. Daladier pointed out the need to ensure the passage of expeditionary force of the suppot of Norway and Sweden and he addressed an appeal to the workers of Norway and Sweden.

The debate was adjourned until March 19.—Reuter.

Allied Help Not Wanted

Sweden Will Not Allow Extension Of War To Scandinavia

STOCKHOLM, March 12.

Newspaper "Svenska Dagblad" states that if Finland rejected the Soviet terms, Sweden would start "non-intervention" on Spanish scale by sending complete units. It thinks Germany would not oppose this. "We must give the Western Powers to understand that their intervention would not be tolerated by Sweden or Norway. We do not wish Scandinavia and Finland transformed into a battlefield for the Allies' northern clash. If Finland rejects the Soviets claims, there must be an immediate reshuffle of the Swedish Government with a stronger military representation, for only the defence chiefs can take necessary decisions."—Reuter.

Babu Rajendra Prasad views Congress Nagar at Patna through a binocular.

CROP OF ARRESTS UNDER ORDINANCE

Lathi Charge On Chittagong Crowd: Meeting Declared Illegal

CHITTAGONG, March 12

Mr. Ashrafuddin Ahmed Choudhury, Secretary of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, who came here on a two-day visit, was arrested this evening under the Defence of India Rules while addressing a public meeting at the Jatramohan Hall on the ground that previous permission was not obtained for holding the meeting. Mr. Sudhansu Bimal Dutt who presided over the meeting was also arrested.

The police declared the meeting illegal and made a Lathi charge on the crowd which was following Mr. Ashrafuddin while he was being taken to the police station.

It may be remembered that Mr. Chaudhury was arrested on Sunday last at Chandpur under the Defence of India Rules for a speech he had made at Comilla and released on bail after which he came to Chittagong.—United Press.

Madras Labour Leader Arrested

MADRAS, March 12

Mr. A. S. K. Iyengar, Congress Socialist and a Labour leader, was arrested this evening under the Defence of India Rules at the office of the Congress Socialist Party.—United Press.

SOCIALIST ARRESTED UNDER ORDINANCE

PATNA, March 12.

A report just received from Giridih states that Mr. Suniti Mukherji, a Socialist of Monghyr, was arrested to-day under the Defence of India Ordinance.—United Press.

STALIN'S SOLO

AMSTERDAM, March 12.

Soviet distrust of Germany concerning the Finnish war is reflected in information reaching here from neutral sources in Berlin.

On at least two subjects, M. Stalin evidently kept his own Counsel.

German official circles, for instance, appear to be surprised by announcement that M. Maisky asked Britain to pass on peace terms.

The news that Moscow had invited the Finnish Premier to the Kremlin was also quite unexpected in the Wilhelmstrasse.—Reuter.

SPECIAL BOGIE FOR PRESIDENT-ELECT

CALCUTTA, March 12.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, President-elect of the Ramgarh Congress, will leave for Ramgarh on March 14 by the Doon express.

Arrangements have been made for a special bogie for the Maulana which will be attached to the train.—A.P.

Light On

RIBBENTROP-DUCE TALKS

Italian "Legitimate Interests And Rights Reaffirmed"

ROME, March 12.

The veil of secrecy which had hitherto surrounded the conversations of Sgr. Mussolini and Herr von Ribbentrop yesterday is partially lifted by an article in "Giornale d'Italia" which says, "The conversations ranged over the entire European field and over the fundamental question of war aims and establishment of enduring peace. It was stated that the essential object of the war must be to conclude a better peace than the previous one.

"Italy reaffirmed that this was not possible if account was not taken of her legitimate interests and rights following the line of vast European construction which was made a point of departure of the Axis and Italo-German alliance.'

The "Tribuna" emphasises that Italy's position is unchanged.—Reuter.

(See Page 7).

As Counterblast To Congress Demand

Princes Raise Cry Of

"United Dominions Of India"

DEMAND EQUALITY OF STATUS WITH BRITISH INDIA FOR POLITICAL DEAL WITH BRITAIN

NEW DELHI, March 12.

The Chamber of Princes devoted the whole of to-day for the discussion of a resolution on the Indian political situation as affecting the Indian States, which was moved by the Chancellor, the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar.

In the course of his speech, the Chancellor referred to India of to-day which he described "a land of curious paradoxes in the political field."

Some, he said asked for solemn undertakings from Britain for India's political progress and preached in the same breath that sacred covenants made with the States might be scrapped.

Some asked for self-determination for India, but denied it to those who also constituted India. Others sought to unite India by dividing it.

"In this sad spectacle of paradoxes, those gifted leaders of India who should be busy laying down the foundations of the united dominions of India are still trying to convince others of their credentials. It seems to me that the time has arrived when leaders of all parties and interests in India should make another earnest attempt to meet and to find a solution of the constitutional problem honourable and fair to all concerned. This, however, postulates large hearts and accommodating statesmanship."

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

NEW DELHI, March 12.

The Chamber of Princes concluded its two-day session this morning after unanimously adopting a resolution on the future constitution of India vis-a-vis Indian Princes. The Viceroy presided.

The resolution, which was moved by the Chancellor, the Jam Sahib of Navanagar says that Maharajas of Bikaner, Rewa, Dewas (junior). that in any future constitution for India the essential guarantees and safeguards for the preservation of the sovereignty and autonomy of the States and for the protection of their rights arising from treaties, sanads, engagements and otherwise should be effectively provided and that any unit should not be placed in a position to dominate the others or to interfere with the rights and safeguards guaranteed to them and that all parties must be ensured their due share and fairplay.

That in any negotiations for formulating a constitution for India, whether independently of the Government of India Act, 1935 or by revision of that Act, the representatives of the States and of this Chamber should have a voice proportionate to their importance and historical position.

The Chamber further records its view that any constitutional scheme which may involve the transference of the relationship of the States with the Crown to any other authority without their free and voluntary agreement or which may permit of alterations affecting the rights and interests of the States without their consent cannot be acceptable to them.

The Chancellor, the Jamsahib, in moving the resolution elucidated briefly what was implied in each of its parts. The preamble, he said, stated in clear and unmistakable terms that, subject to certain essential conditions and safeguards, the Indian Princes would welcome the attainment by India of its due place amongst the Dominions of the British Commonwealth under the Crown. "It was a carefully considered declaration and is a proof, if proof be needed—that the Indian Princes share the natural desire of all patriotic Indians that our motherland should take its due place amongst the free dominions of British commonwealth."

Proceeding the Jamsahib said that the Indian Princes had been

(Continued on page 10, col. 1)

CONSCRIPTION REGULATIONS IN TURKEY

Citizens From 15 To 65 To Be Recruited In Case Of Emergency

ANKARA, March 12.

The Turkish Supreme Council for National Defence held its third meeting to-day under the presidency of President Ineunu.

It is reported that the military section of the Council made a thorough study of the regulations drawn up by the Ministry for National Defence in connection with the existing law with regard to compulsory military service.

According to regulations all fit Turkish citizens between the ages of 15 and 65 inclusive are liable for military service in case of general or partial mobilisation or exceptional circumstances.

The law does not distinguish between Turkish men and women except to define their respective military duties to which all are liable.—Reuter.

TURKEY'S NATIONAL DEFENCE.

ANKARA, March 12.

The presence in Ankara of Air Marshal Sir William Mitchell and General Jaumaud, commanding the Allied Airforces in the Middle East is considered to add to the importance of the work of the Turkish Supreme Defence Council which has just concluded a series of meetings here.

It is stated that the Supreme Defence Council made an exhaustive study of all questions concerning the country's defence and was entirely satisfied with the measures already taken and planned.—Reuter.

TURKISH ENVOYS RECALLED TO ANKARA.

LONDON, March 12.

According to the Rome Wireless. Turkish Envoys in Rome. Bucharest, Moscow and Sofia have been recalled to Ankara for consultation with the Government on the international situation.—Reuter.

RUSSO-FINNISH PEACE PROSPECT

STOCKHOLM, March 12.

The odds are now given here as being 80 to 20 in favour of peace emerging from the Moscow talks. —Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE". If repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

66. MATRIMONIAL.

Introductions for Matrimony, Penfriendship, Trade, Journalism, Stamps, other hobbies, arranged. India, Abroad. Members; 2339 Ladies, 5966 Gents, Globe Introduction League, Nizamshahi Road, Hyderabad, Deccan. 12918

A young Muslim Merchant of 21 belonging to very respectable Aristocratic family having well established business in India and abroad cosmopolitan view invites correspondence and photo in view of matrimony. Apply to Box 12903, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted graduate Tutor knowing Gujarati to coach middle school boy: Apply Box No. 12920 "Bombay Chronicle"

Representatives for an All India Organisation, on hand-some salary. For particulars, apply to Box No. 12909, "Bombay Chronicle." (With reply postage).

Well educated ladies required by well-known European Firm for house-to-house work (no selling). Apply P. O. Box 758, Bombay. (2127)

Wanted Dental Mechanic, grade Rs. 50-5|2-75. Baroda State subjects and those holding Nair Dental College Diploma, will be preferred. Apply before 20th. instant mentioning age, experience, Native place etc., to the Chief of the Medical and Health Depts., Baroda State. 2136

Wanted a matronly Lady Superintendent for Zanana Boarding School. Qualification; must know English and Gujarati or Hindi fluently; Salary 150—25—250; Apply Box No. 12891 stating educational qualifications, experience and references enclosing photographs.

Wanted an experienced Branch Manager for Bombay, Gujarat and Kathiawar for a well established and progressive Life Assurance Company. Men of resources and integrity who can guarantee business need apply to the Sushil Life and General Insurance Co., Ltd., New Delhi. (2108)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for STORES requir for the Sir J. J. School of Art and the Reay Art Workshops for the period of one year commencing from 1st April, 1940.

Tender forms can be obtained on application to the undersigned. Sealed tenders must reach the Superintendent of the Reay Art Workshops, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, on or before 26th March 1940 till 1 p.m. (S.T.)

The undersigned is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

CHAS. R. GERRARD.
Director.

Sir J. J. School of Art,
Bombay, 8th March 1940.

THE EASTERN COTTON TRADING CO., LTD.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 16th March, 1940, to 27th March, 1940, (both days inclusive).

Bombay, 12th March, 1940.
RAMDAS KHIMJI BROS.,
Agents.
(12919)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of approximately 7,000 feet of 2 3|4" internal diameter rubber lined flaxen canvas (or cotton) fire hose in fifty feet lengths without couplings.

Tenders shall be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, on the 23rd April, 1940, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.). All tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed 'Tender for Fire Hose'.

Each Tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000|- (without which no tender will be considered) to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash or public securities and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of tender or refusal to sign the Contract.

Forms of contracts, specifications etc., will be issued on payment of Re. 1|- per set by the undersigned who will on application give any further information that may be required.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner.

N. COOMBS.
Chief Officer, Fire Brigade.
Fire Brigade Office, Byculla.
Bombay, 11th March, 1940.
2135

70. BUNGALOWS TO LET

To let from first April 'Bombay View' Bungalow, Plot No. 52, at Matheran, entire or in two parts, apply Bakubhai Ambalal & Co., 27, Bastion Road, Fort, Bombay. (12910)

303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted one second-hand single phase lighting transformer of 2200|240 volts from 40 to 70 K.V.A. capacity in good condition, together with an oil circuit breaker for controlling on 2200 volts side. Apply with full particulars of price, maker, date and technical data to Box No. 2129 "Bombay Chronicle."

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Practical Psychic Instruction—Hypnotism, Mesmerism, Mind-Reading, etc., are practically taught by post and by class tuition. Success guaranteed in ten weeks. For particulars send 1 anna stamp. Prof. R. N. Rudra, 100-5, Surendranath Baner,ee Road, Calcutta. (12692)

Public Notices

THE AHMEDABAD ADVANCE MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, the 27th March 1940 to WEDNESDAY, the 10th April 1940 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
TATA SONS, LTD.,
Managing Agents
S. D. SAKLATVALA,
Director.

Bombay, 11th March 1940.
(2128)

NOTICE

THE BRITISH BURMAH PETROLEUM CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in England).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 100061 for (50) fifty Shares bearing distinctive Nos. 2425004 to 2425053 standing in the name of Champaklal Nemchand is reported lost All persons having any lien, claim or interest in the same are requested to inform the Company within fifteen days from date after which the Company will issue duplicate Certificate for the said Fifty Shares.

S. S. PANTHAKI,
Local Secretary.

11, Bank Street, Fort,
Bombay, 13th March, 1940.
(12916).

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

(City Engineer's Department)
(Architectural Branch).

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the execution of Annual Monsoon Repairs to all the buildings belonging to the Municipality and the properties formerly belonging to the City Improvement Trust and now vested in the Municipality in

Division No. II comprising E West, F & G Wards including Matunga Leper Home, Kurla Deonar and Bandra Slaughter Houses.

and will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on WEDNESDAY, the 20th March, 1940.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the Tender.

Forms of tender, specification etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive them on payment of Rs. 5 for each copy by the City Engineer, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

In the case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Sd|- N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
Hornby Road, Fort,
Bombay, 12th March, 1940.
2134

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS for the right of collecting and receiving fees for weighing fruits and vegetables and for placing or keeping fruits or vegetables on or at any part of the Municipal Scale Shed premises at the Arthur Crawford Market, for a period of one year commencing from 1st April 1940 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay upto 1 p.m. (B.T.) on WEDNESDAY the 20th March, 1940.

The Tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 2500/- and must be superscribed "Tender for the right of collecting fees from Scale Shed at the Arthur Crawford Market."

The Tender should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, opposite Bori Bunder, Hornby Road, not later than 1 p.m. on the above quoted date.

The Tender Form and particulars and conditions of the right will be issued on payment of Rupee one to anyone desiring to tender for the right by the undersigned who will on application give any further information that may be required.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Sd. D. S. LAUD.
Superintendent of Markets and Slaughter Houses.

Arthur Crawford Market Office,
Bombay, 12th March 1940.
(2138)

Public Notices

MORVI-RAILWAY

BURMA TEAK TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of 60 tons Burma Pucca Teakwood squares each 7' to 9' in length by 12" to 16" in breadth and thickness.

2. The Tender, which may be submitted on the tenderer's own form for the whole or any portion of the quantity mentioned above, should be addressed to the Stores Superintendent, Morvi Railway, Morvi, superscribed "Tender for Burma Teakwood" specifying place and time of delivery, which should be as early as possible, and the brand and the exporting firm's name and enclosing original shippers' specifications.

3. Sealed Tenders should reach the Stores Superintendent on or before 6/4/1940 with Rs. 300 as earnest money after which date no tender will be considered.

4. The Railway does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender, nor does it agree to accept the tender in full but the Tenderer binds himself to supply the whole or any portion of the tender as accepted by the Railway.

5. Tenderer's offer must remain firm for the two months from the date of submission viz. 6/4/1940.

JAYASHANKER K. DAFTARY
Stores Superintendent
Stores Superintendent's Office
Morvi Railway, 10/3/1940.
2133.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1589 of 1936

Messrs. JAMNADAS PARBHUDAS & CO., a Firm Plaintiffs.
Versus
FIDAHUSSEIN ESMAILJI and Others ....., Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Consent Decree, Absolute for Sale, dated 1st July, 1937, and Judge's Order, dated 6th November, 1939, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction under the directions of the Commissioner of this Honourable Court on the premises on SATURDAY, 16th March, 1940, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.):—

ALL that piece of land with one Building, six Blocks, one Furniture Godown and Outhouses and other minor structures with a compound wall situate at Mouje Sansari Taluka Nasik Zilla Nasik admeasuring 2 Acres and 23 Gunthas and bearing Survey No. 74 A and 74 B and bearing Holding Nos. 529 to 536 parcel of land bearing Survey No. 74 A.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. KHUNDERAO LAUD & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 101, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 12th day of January 1940.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.
(2073)

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1433 of 1933.

HEMRAJ MONA ..... Plaintiff.
Vs.
Bai NARMADABAI, widow of Ganpatrao Krishnarao Gorakshakar and Ors. ..... Defendants.
and
VELBAI, widow of Khimji Tokersey ..... Applicant.
To
RAMRAO NARAYAN AGASKER, The 2nd Defendant.

YOU ARE REQUIRED TO ATTEND before the Hon'ble Chamber Judge at the High Court Bombay on FRIDAY, the 15th day of March, 1940, at 11 a.m. (S.T.) on the hearing of an application on the part of the Applicant for an Order for removing the name of the plaintiff and for bringing the applicant and her minor son Ramji Khimji on the record in his place and for striking out the name of the 1st defendant, who is dead and for bringing Chandrasen Khanderao Gorakshakar and Keshav Khanderao Gorakshakar on record in the place of the 1st defendant and for leave under Clause XII of the Letters Patent and for costs.

Dated this 20th day of December 1939.

VACHHA & CO.,
Applicant's Attorneys.
Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.
2137

Public Notices

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from students who have passed F. Y. Sc. (or higher examination) for training in Agriculture at Agricultural Colleges with a view ultimately to employ them in Agricultural and Co-operative Departments.

Applications must contain complete details required by the Rules; copies of which can be had on application to this office.

Only the Baroda State Subjects need apply.

Applications must reach the undersigned on or before the 30th March 1940.

R. G. ALLAN.
Commissioner of Agriculture.
Baroda State.

Baroda, dated, 11th March 1940.
2131.

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY No. 64 OF 1940

Re. (1) GORDHANDAS JAMNADAS JAVERI and (2) RAMKISHENDAS GORDHANDAS JAVERI, the adult male members and managers of the Joint and undivided Hindu Family, lately carrying on business as Jewellers and merchants in the name of Gordhandas J. Javeri at Mumbadevi, Bombay: .. Debtors.
Ex parte: Messrs. GOVINDDAS MOTILAL, a firm:
Petitioning Creditors.

On the 8th day of March, 1940, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtors Insolvents.

Dated this 12th day of March, 1940

S. S. RANGNEKAR,
Insolvency Registrar.
2132

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO..

Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "RAJPUT VILLA" AT SOUTER STREET.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will, under instructions from Messrs. Nanu Hormasjee & Co., Attorneys for Sheth Lakhmidas Chanda Ramji, the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Abdul Rehman Abdul Satar Oomar & Ors. the Mortgagors, in pursuance of the Mortgage dated 7th December 1937 sell by Public Auction the undermentioned Immovable Property on Saturday the 16th day of March 1940 at 4-30 P. M. (S. T.) on the Premises.

All that piece of leasehold land (redeemed) situate on the South side of Souter Street, admeasuring 2203 Square Yards or thereabouts and forming part of land registered under Laughten's Survey Nos. 3527 and Cadastral Survey No. 1636 of Byculla Division together with the building known as "RAJPUT VILLA," assessed by the Municipality under E Ward, Ward Nos. 4099 (8) and (9) and Street Nos. 43 and 45 and bounded on the East by Road No. 7 of the Agripada Estate, on the West by the Plot No. 41 of Agripada Estate, on the North by the Souter Street aforesaid and on the South by the service passage.

For further Particulars please apply to Messrs. Nanu Hormasjee & Co. Attorneys for the Mortgagee, at their Office or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

EASTERN AUCTION Co.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY) at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at Bachubai Building, Hornby Road, Opp. Kitab Mahal, Fort of complete Household furniture, Gramophone, Singer Machine, Typewriting Machine, Chesterfield sets, Harmoniums, Drawing room cabinets, A. C. Kelvinator, Hall Carpets, Fire proof safe, Portable typewriter, Bronze Electric figure Lamps, Wardrobes, Show cases, Dining table and chairs, side board etc.

Sadhona Bose

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MODHU BOSE

★

Featuring:

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★PADMADEVI,
★MD. ISHAQ,
★PRITKUMAR,
★KAMTA PRASAD,
★ADVANI.

★

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For Answer See

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A. R. KARDAR

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MOTILAL, KHURSHED, ISHVAR SITARA, DIXIT, GHORY.

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Dared Her Husband
Bhagyoday's

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Starring DURGA KHOTE

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That is attracting thousands since past 7 weeks.

NOW 7TH WEEK

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Keep fit. 8-10 Mukerjee and Chatterjee: Piano and Violin. 8-15 News in Marathi. 8-30 News in Gujarati. 8-25 S. D. Batish. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 S. G. Mohiyuddin: Sitar. 9-10 Bai Laxmibai of Baroda. 9-40 The Bom. Radio Orchestra. 9-50 Film melodies.

12-30 p.m. Songs from the screen. 12-45 Melodious Melodies. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Instrumental melodies. 1-10 Mutual understanding: Daily lesson in Eng. and Hind. 1-25 What shall I cook to-day? Cookery hints. 1-35 Lunch hour music.

5 p.m. You asked for it. 5-10 Selected by Mohammad Mukarram Ali. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Selected by V. C. Bhansali. 5-50 Selected by Snehalata Bhaktul. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 S. G. Mohiyuddin: Sitar. 6-25 Three Bhavgeets. 6-35 The A I R Quartet. 6-45 Firoze Dastur. 7 Seen after dark: Monthly review of Indian films. 7-15 S. D. Batish. 7-30 M. U. Khan: Sarod. 7-45 Samaji B. Pandya. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 Matters of Moment: Relayed from B B C. 8-45 Instrumental music. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 Gujarati Garbas. 9-55 S. G. Mohiyuddin: Sitar. 10-10 Firoze Dastur 10-30 News in English.

Bombay II—Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8 a.m. to 8-15 As in Bom 1. 8-15 Instrumental melodies. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bom. 1. 8-40 R. Ramnathkar. 9 to 10 As in Bom. 1. 12-30 p.m. to 12-57 As in Bom. 1. 12-57 Safdarbai and party. 1 to 1-30 As in Bom. 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-30 As in Bom. 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 p.m. to 5-25 As in Bom 1. 5-25 Marathi Pada. 5-35 6 As in Bom. 1. 6 Qawwalies. 6-15 to 7-30 As in Bom. 1. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Bai Laxmibai. 8-25 to 8-30 As in Bom. 1. 8-30 S. B. Batish. 8-45 Dukh Sukh: Musical Feature. 9 Firoze Dastur. 9-30 Elli Millie: Pianoforte. 9-45 San Francisco Symphony Orchestra. 9-50 Frieda Dyer: Contralto. 10 Czech Philharmonic Orchestra. 10-10 Egidio Verga: Violoncello. 10-30 News in English.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

8 p.m. to 8 As in Bombay 2. 8-10 Special announcements. 8-15 As in Bom. 2. 8-30 to 7 As in Bom. 2. 7 For Villagers only. 8 As in Bom. 2—"Shadow of Swastika"—6. 9-25 Shamshad Begam. 8-30 Matters of Moment: Talk relayed from B B C. 8-46 to 9 As in Bom. 2. 10 to 10-30 As in Bom. 2. 10-35 Persian music.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 7 p.m. as in Delhi 1. 7 Ghazals and geets. 7-15 As in Bom. 2. 7-30 Umra Zia Begam. 7-45 As in Bom. 2. 8 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1.

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,085 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. Tamancha Jan. 6-30 For the countryside. 7-15 Channun Khan. 7-30 Hindi Poetry Conversazione. 7-50 Vichitra Veena recital. 8-5 Tamancha Jan. 8-15 Background to the news: Review of current political affairs. 8-30 Thumri and Ghazal. 8-50 Sadhu Lal: Geets or an explanatory talk on the day's news. 9-50 Tamancha Jan. 10 Ao Chori Karen: Skit in Hindustani. 10-15 Tamancha Jan.

Dacca Programme

257.1 metres (1,167 kc/s)

5 p.m. Sindhul Badh: Drama on disc. 5-30 Ranen Mitra. 5-50 Lily Ghosh. 6-5 Kaishorik: Programme for the adolescents. 6-50 Satyen Chakravarti. 7-5 Roma Nag. 7-20 Kashinath Bhatt. 7-30 Waliullah Khan: Sitar. 7-45 Why: Forgetting Impressions and resolutions: Talk in Bengali. 8 Roma Nag. 8-15 Satyen Chakravarti. 8-30 Radha Gobinda Das. 9-5 Kashinath Bhatt. 9-45 And now, a bit of music: Shahnai and Clarionet. 10 Radha Gobinda Das. 10-15 Waliullah Khan: Sitar.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes for Calcutta time)

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the countryside. 5 50 Sudhangshu Mukerjee. 6-5 Ratneshwar Mukerjee. 6-30 Visvmitra Vaishali: Feature programme. 7-45 The Undying Past. 8: Talk in Bengali. 8 Just a surprise. 8-15 K. C. Dey. 9 The Talk of the Town. 9-35 A Variety programme.

Calcutta II—Programme

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 10-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

5-30 p.m. Kaniz Khatoon. 5-43 Mohammad Ilyas Khan: Sitar. 5-48 Khayal Rageshri and Bhajan by Rajkumari Shivpuri. 6-10 Gul-o-Gayah: Geet, Hori and Ghazal. 6-30 Hamara Panchayetghar. 7 E Mao, Behno, Betio: For women only. 8 Radio Programme Kaise Bante Hain: Feature in Hind. 8-35 Kaniz Khatoon: Geet and Ghazal. 9-50 Topic of the day or Indian music. 9-45 Recorded music. 9-50 Raga Desh on Clarionet. 9-55 Khayal Bageshri. 10 Kaniz Khatoon.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Educational Broadcasts for children in English. 4-30 Selection: The Pirates of Penzance: Gilbert and Sullivan. 5 Instrumental music. 5-20 K. S. Ramanarayana Iyer. T. Kuppu Rao: Clarionet. 6-40 Sampa: Play in Telugu. 7 Can We have Stories without Love: Talk relayed from Trichy. 7-50 Shrimati D K. Pattammal. 9 The World's My Oyster: Interview with Napoleon by S. A. Jackson. 9-45 Marek Weber and his Orchestra. 9-55 Kathleen Donnetti: Mezzo-Soprano. 10-10 Famous women Pianists.

Madras II—Programme

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

4 to 9-30 p.m. As in Madras 1. 9-30 V. Srikanta Iyer: Veena. 10 Shrimati T. V. Subbuthayee.

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s)

5 p.m. Instrumental overture. 5-20 P. R. S. Rajan. 5-45 Tunes from the Talkies. 6-5 For the Villages. 6-30 K. Sabesan: Veena. 7 Can We Have Stories without Love: Talk. 7-15 Learn to Sing. 7 50 Concert Programme. 9-45 K. Sabesan: Veena.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9-40	20-10
Madras Mail	6-00	22-10
Peshawar Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-30
Calcutta Mail (Express)	9-10	17 40
Madras Express	10-15	14-25
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-35	17 20
Nagpur Express	15-00	20-55
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8 05
Allahabad Express	21-00	6-15

B. B. and C. I. Railway.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon)	21-15 (Sat)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15-10
The Flying Ranee Surat	10-59	18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9-25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday this train will run on Tuesday.

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Issued & subscribed Capital ... Rs. 1,20,00,000
Paid up Capital ... Rs. 36,00,000
Reserve Fund ... Rs. 55,00,000

Head Office:—BARODA

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Surat, Navsari, Karjan Dabhoi, Mehsana, Patan, Petlad, Port Okha, Kalol, Kadi Sidhpur, Bhavnagar, Amreli, Dwarka, Harij (N.G.), Visnagar N.G., Bhadra Ahmedabad, Panchkuva—Ahmedabad, Kapadwanj, Billimora and Vyara.

LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited

Current Accounts:—Fixed, Short Savings Banks and Savings Bank Deposits received on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Loans, Overdrafts and Cash Credits.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved Securities.

Safe Deposit Vault at Baroda Lockers of different sizes available Rates on application.

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General Manager.

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Local Realising In New York Cotton Market

SHARP INCREASE IN CERTIFIED STOCKS

Outside Interest Absent On European Uncertainties

Bombay, March 12

On Monday, new crop months on the New York Cotton Exchange were supported on expectations of a favourable Congressional action on Farm appropriations but outside interest was lacking owing to uncertainties in Europe.

The certified stock in the New York market is increasing with prospects of heavy deliveries in the absence of exports. So far exports of American cotton have increased about 2 1/4 million bales mainly due to export subsidy. This lead to shortage of actual cotton and cotton growers repossessed large quantities from Government loan stocks. But with the withdrawal of export subsidy, there decided decrease in export sales and stocks are increasing.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady and responded partially to disappointing outside cables. The strike in Bombay Mills and fears of tenders against Broach A/M Contract induced liquidation and prices eased off This decline in turn damped feeling in Liverpool and New York. There was Bombay and Liverpool selling which met trade, New Orleans and Japanese buying with leading Spot House selling March against purchases of July.

The market later sagged and then became quiet. There was March liquidation and local realising induced by sharp increase in certified stocks. Finally more active trade demand and New Orleans buying of October appeared with the session closing steady.

At the opening March was quoted 5 points down at 10.93 but improved to 10.96 which was the highest level. Later on there was increased selling and March was depressed to 10.85 which was the lowest level reached at noon. Later on the market was steady with later months finding more buyers. The market closed at a decline of 6 points to a rise of 4 points. Spot cotton prices declined 6 points at 10.97c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy with active selling in March. The market closed at a decline of 13 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 6 points at 10.51c. per lb.

The most interesting point is that March option is quoted 41 points over Spot cotton in New Orleans market while March is 5 points under Spot in the New York market.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 6 points with May 7.90. There was covering of hedges against cotton lost at sea. There was local support on weakness of New York sterling and firmness of Alexandria market. But this buying met hedge selling. Later on there was local liquidation due to reduction of spot basis. There was Bombay selling and hedging against American and outsiders. The market closed 3 to 5 points down. Middling American Spot cotton prices closed 6 points down at 7.97d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was quiet and irregular. Uppers futures closed one point up to one point down. Giza futures were unchanged to 4 points up. The Alexandria cotton market was steady. Sakels futures gained 1 to 5 points while Ashmouni futures closed 4 to 6 points up.

PRIVATE CABLES:—

New York March highest (10-4 a.m.) ... 10.95-03
New York March lowest (1-31 p.m.) ... 10.55-13
Liverpool May highest ... 7.92+68
Liverpool May lowest ... 7.80-04

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cables from their New York friends:—

"Continued foreign selling trade buying scale down market lacks sustained rallying power."

Messrs. Chunilal Menta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Small foreign buying new crops. Light hedging. Nears market thin.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their New York Cotton Exchange Service:—

Weather retarding cotton land preparation fall winter rainfall and sections Texas Oklahoma below normal. Weevil carryover small in severe winter. Sales unfinished goods near output. Business lower. Commodities steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW CONTRACTS.

New York, March 11

March	11.08—07
May	10 04—06
July	10 51—04
October	9.89+04
December	9.75+03

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, March 11

March	10.82—06
May	10.51—05
July	10.38—04
October	9.89+04
Middling Spot	—06

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, March 11

March	10.92—15
May	10.51—06
July	10.47—07
Middling Spot	10.51—06

NEW YORK

New York, March 11

	11 a.m. rates	Noon call
March	10.94	10.89
May	10.72	10.69
July	10 39	10.36

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, March 11

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports ...	34,000
Day's exports to Great Britain ...	25,000
Day's exports to the continent ...	8,000
Day's exports to China and Japan ...	4,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, March 11

March	7.71—03
April	7.74—03
May	7.80—04
June	7.83—05
July	7.86—05
August	7.83—06
September	7.78—05
October	7.71—05
November	7.67—04
December	7.65—04
January	7.63—05
February	7.60—05
March	7.58—04
Middling Spot	7.77—06
	10 45 a.m. quotations.
May	7.92
October	7.81

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, March 12

In sympathy with a decline of 6 points in New York cotton futures, the local cotton market was expected to open at Rs. 260/8 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened quiet at Rs. 259/8 and declined to Rs. 258 on tired liquidation. Later on there was scattered covering and prices improved to Rs. 259. The market was quietly steady awaiting European developments.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 7 points and with scattered buying. Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 260 Later on Liverpool was 12 points down and prices in the local market declined to Rs. 258/12. Liverpool was 9 points down and prices in the local market were steady at Rs 259/4. Later on Liverpool was 24 points down which influenced selling in the local market and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 256. The market finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach:—			
April/May	Rs.	255	12 0
July/August		265	4 0
Fine M G Oomra:—			
March		225	12 0
May		233	8 0
July		238	0 0
F G M G Bengal:—			
March		193	0 0
May		195	4 0
July		199	8 0

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay, March 12

Castorseeds May—			
Opening	Rs.	50	4 0
Highest		50	4 0
Lowest		49	8 0
Closing		49	8 0
Groundnuts May—			
Opening		39	8 0
Highest		39	11 0
Lowest		39	2 6
Closing		39	3 6
Cottonseeds May—			
Opening		26	9 0
Highest		26	9 0
Lowest		26	6 6
Closing		26	7 6

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, March 12

	Extra Sprine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	200	198	196	192	
Punjab	200	198	195	192	
Rajputana	208	206	203	200	
Oomra No. 3	239	237	234	231	
C. P. No. 1	253	251	248	245	
C. P. No. 2	243	241	238	235	
Broach No. 2		263	261	258	255
Surat		305	298	295	292
Rajpipla		295	293	290	287
Navsari		311	309	306	303

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, March 12

Bengal Fine	199-200
Bengal F G	192-94
C. P. 1	249-52
C. P. 2	236-32
Berar	232-34
Khandesh	224-28
Jaina Sajlu	226-28
Ahmednagar	226-28
Broach	259-60
Punjab 4 F	270-78
Punjab 289 F	308-13
Sindh N T	289-96

CALCUTTA JUTE

Calcutta, March 12

Calcutta Jute opened today at Rs. 76/4 and after declining to Rs. 74/8 rallied to Rs. 75/4.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, March 12

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. London Paris Exchange rate was 176 1/2 to 176 3/4. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London was 3.86 1/2 at New York.

London silver prices were reduced 1/4d. at 21 1/16d. for Spot and forward also lost 1/4d. at 21d. There was general selling and small Indian support at the fall. Business was small. New York Spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 4d. London Bombay Spot silver parity was Rs. 56-2-6 and forward parity was Rs. 56-0-6. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 27-10-6. The local silver market was influenced by weakness in cotton and shares which influenced general liquidation and silver declined to Rs. 58/2 from the opening level of Rs. 58/8. The tone of the market was quiet.

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	42 11	0
Fagan		42 12	0
Chaitra		42 13	0

SILVER

Ready		57 10	0
Fagan		57 12	0
Chaitra		57 14	0

EASTER HOLIDAYS IN COTTON MARKET

On 21-3-40 cotton market will remain open from 12 to 3 p.m. and at night from 8 30 p.m. to 9-30 p.m. On 25 3 40 market will remain open from 12 to 3 p.m. only. Market is entirely closed on 22nd and 23rd instant

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, March 12

Broach A/M highest 264 1/2 lowest 262 1/2 closing 262 1/2

Broach J/A highest 275 lowest 273 1/4 closing 273 1/4

Oomra March highest 238 lowest 236 1/4 closing 236 1/4

Oomra May highest 242 lowest 240 closing 240

Oomra July highest 247 lowest 245 closing 245

Bengal March highest 198 1/2 lowest 196 1/2 closing 197

Bengal May highest 201 1/2 lowest 199 1/2 closing 199 3/4

Bengal July highest 204 1/2 lowest 203 closing 203 3/4

Night session: Broach A/M opening Rs. 263, highest Rs. 263, lowest Rs. 260 1/4, closing Rs. 260 1/2. Broach J/A closing Rs. 271.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, March 11

UPPERS:—	
Spot	10.31+18
March	10.03+01
May	10.15—00
July	10.25—00
October	10.21—31
December	10.21—01
January	10.20—02
GIZA 2:—	
Spot	10.63+17
March	10.31+03
May	10.42+03
July	10.56+04
October	10.67—00
November	10.71—00
January	10.75+01

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, March 12.

2 3/4 per cent	1948/52 97/12
3 per cent	1941 Bonds 101/14
3 per cent	1951/54 Bonds 98/12
3 1/2 per cent	G. P. Notes 94/8
3 1/2 per cent	1947/50 Loan 104/4
5 per cent	1960/70 Loan 109/2
4 per cent	1943 Bonds 106/0
4 1/2 per cent	1955/60 Loan 114/4
5 per cent	1940/43 Bond 101-11
3 per cent	1953/65 Loan 93
TAX-FREE LOANS	
5 per cent	1945/55 Loan 112/4
4 per cent	1953/65 Mysore 110-8
5 per cent	1955 Mysore 120-8
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent	B. P. T. 1974 106
4 per cent	M Deb. 1947 105
5 per cent	M. Deb. 1959 115/0
6 per cent	M. Deb. 1954 122
6 per cent	K. P. T. 1956 120/12

Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, March 12

S. C. RATES—

T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 12th September

LONDON:—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 12th September

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 12th Sept.

Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 one month

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month

Bank's buying 4 months 1/6 1/4 Two months.

NEW YORK:—

Bank's selling T T 333 1/2

Bank's buying T T 330

Bank's buying D D 328 1/2

PARIS:—

Bank's selling T T 1300

Bank's buying T T 1340

JAPAN:—

Bank's selling T T 81 3/4

Bank's buying T T 80 3/4

Bank's buying 60 days 79 3/4

AMSTERDAM:—

Bank's selling D. D 66 1/8

JAVA:—

Bank's selling D D 84 5/8

HONGKONG:—

Bank's selling D D 83 5/8

SHANGHAI:—

Bank's selling D D 25

SINGAPORE:—

Bank's selling D D 187 3/4

CROSS RATE:—

Hongkong London 1/2 29/32 12th inst.

Shanghai London 0/4 5/16 12th inst.

Java London 7.47/56 12th inst.

New York London 3.86 11th inst.

London New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/2 11th inst

London Paris 176 1/2—3/4 11th inst.

London Italy 76.00 11th inst.

London Belgium 23.65/80 11th inst.

London Switzerland 17.85/95 11th inst.

London Stockholm 16.85/95 11th inst.

London Amsterdam 7.53/58 11th inst.

London Japan 1/2 21/32 11th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.

Gold £8-8-0 9th inst.

Gold £8-8-0 9th inst.

Silver London Ready 21 5/16 9th inst.

Silver London Ready 21 1/16 11th inst.

Silver London Forward 21 1/4 9th inst.

Silver London Forward 21 11th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 9th inst.

Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 11th inst.

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 9th inst

London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 11th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 9th inst.

London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 11th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money:—Call 1 1/4 per cent.

3 months 2 per cent.

6 months 1 3/4 per cent.

Tone:—Steady.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, March 11

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Elec Pow and Lt 7 per cent Pfd	28 1/4
Amr Pow and Lt 5 per cent Pfd	44 1/2
Elec Bond and Share Common	6 1/8
Elec Bond and Share Pfd 5 Pfd	56 7/8
Int Tel and Tel 1952	41
Amr Tel and Tel	174 3/4
Union Pacific	93 1/4
Chesapeake and Ohio	39 3/4
Western Union Telg	23 5/8
Great Northern Pfd	24 3/8
New York Central R R	16 1/8
Fennsylvania R R	23 3/8
Canadian Pacific	5 3/8
Amrex Corporation	15 3/8
Union Carbon and Carbide	84 3/4
Texas Corporation	44 3/4
Standard Brands	7
Chase National Bank	34 3/4
United States Steel	57 3/4
Bethlehem Steel	76 1/4
Crucible Steel	39
Republic Steel	21
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	22 5/8
Inland Steel	86 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	35 1/8
U S Smelting	62 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining	29 1/8
Chrysler Motors	85 6/8
General Motors	53 7/8
Packard Motors	3 1/2
General Electric	37 1/2
Firestone Rubber	20
Socony	11 1/4
St. Oil of N J	44 1/8
Consolidated Oil	7 1/4

National City Bank of New York 28 3/4

Turnover 590,000 shares. Narrow market. Steel production 64.7 per cent against 64.6 per cent last week.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, March 11

3 per cent	83
3 1/2 per cent	96
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103
4 per cent 1948/53	108
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	112
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	114
5 per cent 1942/47	107 1/8
3 per cent 1949/52	98
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	73 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War loans	90 1/2
4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90	112 3/4
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	55

COTTON PARITY

Difference Broach A/M below May 182 penny points	Liverpool
Difference Broach J/A below July 164 penny points	Liverpool
Difference Broach A/M below May 67 cent points	New York
Difference Broach J/A above July 6 cent points	New York

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, March 11

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£68 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£83
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£96
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£112
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£73 3/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£98 5/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£99 1/2
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£112 3/4
Victory bonds	£109 7/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£9 3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	
London Reg	£93 1/2
National Bank of India	£30 1/2

LONDON SILVER

London, March 11

Spot	21 1/16
Forward	21

LONDON GOLD

London, March 11

Gold Bars Fine per oz ... £8-8-0

Sharp Decline In Steel Shares

EXTENSIVE SELLING MEETS COVERING AT FALL

Cotton Mill Shares Quiet

BOMBAY, March 12.

There was extensive unloading by tired bells in Tata Steels which registered a sharp drop. At the decline there was some covering and Dfds. closed at a net loss of Rs. 60/-.

Cotton mill shares were quiet in sympathy with the drop in steel shares. The market exibits poor support and any recovery is likely to meet with renewed selling.

The local share bazar was easy to-day with increased selling pressure influenced by weakness in cotton prices and European uncertainties. Prices recorded a sharp drop owing to utter absence of support but towards the close there appeared short covering which resulted in a partial recovery from low levels reached.

The general feeling was inclined to lean on the bearish side and there being absence of short interest, there was no support and once again the market is losing confidence.

Bearish factors are increasing and the proposed peace move is likely to withdraw all support until the situation becomes clear. In the meantime approaching holi days will not allow any new commitments.

There is no change in the strike situation and despite efforts there seems little possibility of an early end. There is no improvement in the cloth demand and price remains 10 1/2 annas per lb. At present up-country dealers are not inclined to buy but after Holi festival some demand is expected from Punjab and northern countries. But the decline in raw cotton prices, if it is not checked, the expected demand may not materialise, as there is always a desire to buy cheap and particularly in a falling market, it will be impossible to look for broad demand. Only rising markets are usually accompanied by increasing demand.

Most traders are keeping decks clear pending the outcome of the Russo-Finish negotiations but after indications that the recession in steel activity has been stemmed, undertone improved with fractional gains predominating, with steel aided by better cutput U. S. Steel activity was 64.7 per cent against 64.6 in the previous week. The market closed irregular. In the meanwhile with nothing spectacular expected from business for the time being, the trend largely depends upon political and European developments. U. S. Steel shares declined 1/4 at 57 3/4 and Anaconda Coppers lost 1/8 at 29 1/8. General Motors closed 5/8 higher at 53 7/8 dollars.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at Rs. 2010 and persistent selling prices declined to Rs. 1956 which was the lowest level. Later on there was some covering by recent sellers and prices recovered to Rs. 1985 and finally closed at Rs. 1977. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 375 and after declining to Rs. 369 recovered to Rs. 373/8.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 910 and after declining to Rs. 900 improved to Rs. 916. Century Mill shares opened at Rs. 284 and closed at Rs. 287. Central Indias closed at Rs. 279. Kohinoors X.D. opened at Rs. 353 and closed at Rs. 350. New Great Mill shares changed hands at Rs. 343. Associated Cements were quiet at Rs. 118/12. Tata Powers opened at Rs. 1350 and closed at Rs. 1357. Bellapur Sugars closed at Rs. 213 and Bombay Steams were unchanged at Rs. 299. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 602 and after declining to Rs. 592 improved to Rs. 603.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, March 12.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	910 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	916 4
100	CENTURY	287 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	279 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, March 12

Bombay Dyeing (923/12) 910 902 911 900 902 912 908 918 915 916

Century (292) 284 285 281 288 287

Central India (287) 278 272 278 277 280 279

Kohinoor (373) X.D. 353 350 354 350 352 349

New Great (351) 343 335 344 343 352 350

Simplex (106) 104 102 105

Swadeshi (256) 247 245 253

Associated Cement (116/8) 119 118/4 119 118/12

Andhra (1552/8) 1552 1550

Tram Ord (130) 130 129/8

Tata Hydro (160/8) 160

Tata Power (1352/8) 1350 1345 1350 1357

T Steel Defd (2045) 2005 1982 1990 1982 1980 1977 1970 1985 1977

T Steel Ord (383) 375 372 374 369 373 371 374 373/8

Tata Steel 2nd Pref (145/8) 144/8 145/4

Bellapur (215) 212 210 214 213

B Steam (277) 298 299

B Burma (611/4) 602 595 592 603

100	COLABA	155	0
100	Coorla	120	0
250	David	40	0
250	Dawn	590	4
1	E D Sassoon Def.	0 7	6
100	FINLAY	149	0
100	GOKAK	184	8
1000	Hindustan	1880	0
100	Indore	39	4
100	Khatau	115	10
100	KOHINOOR	X.D. 350	0
250	Laxmi	513	12
250	Madras United	25	0
100	MORARJI	189	8
250	Model	70	8
50	MYSORE	105	0
200	NEW GREAT	343	0
100	Oosmanshai	55	0
100	Phoenix	280	0
25	SASSOON SILK	78	0
1000	Sholapur	3680	0
50	SIMPLEX	165	0
100	SWADESHI	253	0
100	SWAN	140	0
500	Vishnu	1300	0
1000	Western	900	0
	BANKS		
50-100	Baroda	X.D. 99	0
25-50	Central	36	0
500	Imperial	1513	12
125-50	Imp. Conty	369	6
50-100	India	140	0
100	Reserve Bank	110	0
5	Union	5 11	6
	CEMENTS		
100	ASSOCIATED	118	12
	INSURANCE		
100	Empire	830	0
15-100	Jupiter	9	8
20	Mercantile	40	0
15-75	New India	38	12
200	Oriental	4350	0
10-50	Vulcan	7	1
	ELECTRIC		
100	Ahmed. Old	152	8
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1550	0
10	Ajmer	10	4
50	BOMBAY TRAM	129	12
100	Bombay Suburban	162	8
10	Broach	11	12
100	Karachi	190	0
100	Poona	185	0
100	Surat	155	0
100	TATA HYDRO	160	8
1000	TATA POWER	135	8
	RAILWAYS		
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	957	8
100	C. Province	97	8
100	Dh. Baramati	96	9
100	Gujarat	95	0
100	Mandra

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON ONE POINT DOWN

Further Decline In Cross Rate

CONSIDERABLE LIQUIDATION AND SELLING IN LOCAL MARKETS

Sterling Loan Moves Up

BOMBAY: MARCH 12.

THE NEW YORK COTTON WAS SOMEWHAT EASY UNDER THE WEAKNESS ABROAD. DISCOURAGING BOMBAY CABLES PARTICULARLY DEPRESSED THE SENTIMENT. THE SUBSEQUENT TREND WAS SLIGHTLY BETTER.

LOWER LIVERPOOL AND NEW YORK CABLES INDUCED CONSIDERABLE LIQUIDATION AND SELLING BY OPTION DEALERS IN THE LOCAL MARKET. LOWER LEVELS ATTRACTED SOME SUPPORT. SILVER AND OTHER COMMODITIES EASED FURTHER AS THERE WAS LACK OF SPECULATIVE INTEREST.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN GAINED FURTHER ONE POUND. GILTS WERE BETTER.

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MAY 1940

New York: March 12.

Previous closing	10.71
To-day's opening	10.67
Difference	—4
To-day's closing	10.70
Difference	—1

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May	Rs. 257/8
Broach July/August	Rs. 267/8

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MAY 1940

Liverpool: March 12.

Previous closing	7.80
To-day's opening	7.73
Difference	—7
To-day's closing	7.67
Difference	—13

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York: March 12.

The trading in May began at 10.67, i. e. 4 points lower than the last closing. Prices declined on lower Liverpool cables and increased March liquidation, but some trade buying and outside support caused some recovery with May rallying to 10.69.

BOMBAY COTTON Night Session.

Bombay: March 12.

During the night session Broach April/May opened at Rs. 255/12 and then eased a little to Rs 255/8. Later, the market recovered a bit and closed at Rs. 257/12. July/August closed at Rs. 267/8.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: March 12.

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

March	(10.93/93) 10.87/87
May	(10.71/71) 10.67/67
July	(10.38/38) 10.34/34

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool: March 12.

American March	(7.82) 7.64
American May	(7.61) 7.63
Giza March	(10.33) 10.14
Giza May	(10.49) 10.25

LONDON COMMODITIES

London: March 12.

SEEDS

Castorseeds March April (£20 5/8 closed) £20 3/8 quoted

Linseed Bombay/Calcutta March/April (£16 1/2 quoted) £18 1/2 quoted

Linseed La Plata March April (£15 7/8 quoted) £16 1/4 quoted

Groundnuts Coromandal March April (£15 1/2 quoted) £15 3/8 quoted

JUTES

Dundee March (£54) £54

Lightning March (£50) £50

RUBBER

Spot (12 3/16d paid and value) 12 1/8 paid and value

Forward May (11 15/16d paid and value) 11 15/16d paid and value

METALS

Tin (£258 buyers; £258 1/2 sellers. Firm) £255 3/4 buyers; £257 sellers. Easier.

Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62

Standard Foreign Cash (£25) £25

Glasgow Iron No. 6 (111 sh.) 111 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: March 12.

Previous closing	3.86 1/2
To-day's opening	3.84 1/2

T. T LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: March 12.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T LONDON ON PARIS

London: March 12.

Previous closing	176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's opening	176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's closing	176 1/2 to 176 3/4

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London: March 12.

The following cable regarding London Silver Market was received here to-day:—

Little general selling. Business small. Market quiet.

LONDON SILVER

London: March 12.

Spot (21 1/16d) 20 13/16d —1/4

Forward (21d) 20 13/16d —3/16

LONDON GOLD

London: March 12.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8 8 0) £8 8 0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: March 12.

London Exchange quoted this day sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate.

France was officially fixed at 175.50 to 176.75

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1/6) 1/6

Paris on Bombay (13.24 5/8) 13.24 5/8

New York on Bombay (30.33) 30.33

London on Milan (76.00) 76.00

London on Shanghai (0.4 to 0.4 5/16) 0.4 9/16 to 0.4 21/32

London on Kobe (1-2 1/2 to 1-2 19/32) 1-2 1/2 to 1-2 19/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent

4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent

6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent

WHEAT AND SEEDS Latest Night Quotations

Bombay: March 12.

Groundnuts	May	39 4 9
Castorseeds	May	49 14 0
Cottonseeds	May	26 6 9

BOMBAY BULLION Latest Night Quotations.

Bombay: March 12.

Silver	Ready	57 11 0
Silver	Fagan	57 13 0
Silver	Chaitra	58 1 0
Gold	Ready	42 9 6
Gold	Fagan	42 11 0
Gold	Chaitra	42 12 6
Sovereigns		27 10 0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: March 12.

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 53 1/2) dol 54

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 29 3/8) dol 29 3/8

U S Steel Commons (dol 57 5/8) dol 58 1/4

U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

KARACHI: March 12.

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind Cotton March 25; May 25/2, Punjab March 20/7; May 20/9/3. F F F F March 29/1; May 29/1/6.

Wheat March 29/1/3; July 30/7/3.

Gram July 29/11/9.

Toria March 40/13/6; May 42/8/6; July 43/6/6.

Cottonseed March 22/10/6; May 23/1/6; July 23/9.

Disturbances In Northern Boundary Of Assam

BHUTANESE S. O. S. TO POLITICAL OFFICER.

GAUHATI, (By Mail).

Frequent disturbances in the tribal area over mountainous territory along the northern boundary of Assam province are reported from Charduar, the headquarter station of the Balipara Frontier Tract beyond Darrang district.

One of the interesting accounts of their fanaticism is of a Raja of the Akas and his neighbouring feudal ruler of a Bhutanese territory consisting of several villages. The Aka Raja who declared himself even greater than the British Government engaged in an encounter at Charduar on his failure to realise by negotiations the tributes paid by his neighbour to the British Government. The Bhutanese, tired of the harassments of the Aka Raja sent an S. O. S. to the Political Officer at Charduar.

AKA RAJA TAKEN TO CUSTODY

Jamadar Paniram Mech, whose name was associated with the firing at Digboi recently during the historic strike there, at present stationed with his platoon at Lokra outpost of the Second Assam Rifles, was deputed to go over to that country with only 12 men to subdue the depredations of the Aka feud.

After much trouble and by adoption of tricks the Aka Raja was taken into custody with his retinue of several persons and was kept in a cage with a view to bringing him down to Charduar to undergo a trial for his offences. But he escaped with all his men. Paniram reported his failure to chastise the rebel ruler of the Akas. Now a fresh column under the lead of Capt. G. E. A. Keene accompanying Capt. G. S. Lightfoot, political Officer of Charduar is leaving for the disturbed country with about 150 men.

SIR HENRY GIDNEY'S HEALTH

NEW DELHI, March 11

Sir Henry Gidney's health has improved during the last few days though he had a minor collapse today, and has been ordered by his doctors complete abstention from work.—A. P.

3½ P.C. STERLING LOAN

London: March 12.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £97

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

INDIAN LOANS

London: March 12.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£98) £99

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£95) £97

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£112) £113

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£114) £115

4 per cent Indian Stock 1948/53 (£103) £103 1/2

5 per cent Indian Stock 1942/47 (£107 1/8) £107 1/8

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1854/58 (£103) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 (£107) £105 7/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£73 3/4) £73 7/8

3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£98 5/8) £98 3/4

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£101 7/8) £101 7/8

4 per cent Funding Loan (£112 3/4) £112 3/4

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£99 1/2) £99 3/4

4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 7/8) £110

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (12-0) 12-0

Marks and Spencer Ordinary (51-6) 51-6

Hydro Electric (dol 3 1/4) dol 3 1/8

Electric Music Industry (9-6) 9-3

Princhin Johnson (22-3) 22-7 1/2

Imperial Chemicals (32 6) 32 6

Woolsworth New Ordinary (64 9) 65-3

San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1937 (£42) £45 1/2

Dunlop Rubber (3 4 1/2) 3 4 1/2

Unilever Ordinary (32 7 1/2) 32 7 1/2

Ford Motors (16 9) 16-9

Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£61) £61

British American Tobacco Ordinary (103-1 1/2) 103 9

Carreas 'A' (£6) £6

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (124-4 1/2) 124-4 1/2

P and O Def (23-3) 23-3

Distillers (65-0) 65-0

Bredfords Dye (6-1 1/2) 6-1 1/2

British Celanese (8-0) 8-6

J and P Coates Ordinary (37-1 1/2) 37-1 1/2

Courtaulds Ordinary (36-3) 36-3

Fine Cotton Spinners (5 9) 5-9

Vickers Limited Ordinary (20-6) 20-10 1/2

Inter Nickel (dol 1/2) dol 46 1/2

Indian Iron (55) 52-6

TEA SHARES

Assam (19-4 1/2) 19-4 1/2

Donaro Tea (31-3) 32-6

Empire of India (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2

JUTES

Barnagore (£9 1/4) 9 1/4

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (25-0) 25-0

Gula Kelampong (21 10 1/2) 21-10 1/2

Rubber P ... (33-10 1/2) 33-10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (30-0) 30-0

Barma Corporation (10-0) 9-9

Rio Tintos (£14 1/4) £14

East Rand Properties (45-7 1/2) 45-7 1/2

Rand Mines (£7 3/8) £7 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£13 3/4) £13 3/4

Associated Portland Cement (51-3) 51-3

Tringlet Consolidated (75-0) 73-9

Sub Nigel (£9 3/8) £9 1/2

Soring Mines Split Shares (26 10 1/2) 26-10 1/2

Union Corporation (£7 1/8) £7 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (26-3) 26-3

Anglo India (54-4 1/2) 53-1 1/2

Burma Oil (71-3) 70

Mexican Eagle (6-7 1/2) 6-7 1/2

Shell Transport (78-9) 78-1 1/2

Royal Dutch (£33 1/4) £33 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£47 1/2) £49

London Midland Ordinary (£22) £22 3/4

London North Eastern Def (£3 3/8) £3 1/2

London Southern Def (£21) £21 3/4

London Transport 5 per cent (£118 1/2) £118

London Transport 'C' (£44 1/2) £44 1/2

REORGANIZATION OF AGRA MEDICAL SCHOOL

U. P. Medical Council's Protest

MEERUT, March 4.

The Secretary, U P. Branch of the All-India Medical Licentiates' Association writes:—

The U. P. Medical Council in its meeting held in November 1939 strongly protested against the irregular and abnormal way in which the U. P. Government were rushing with the scheme of reorganisation of Agra Medical School.

The U. P. branch of the All-India Medical Licentiates' Association similarly protested recently against the abnormal procedure adopted by the Government in the following words:—

"While keeping in view the requirements of the Indian masses and the absolute necessity for provision of a study of indigenous drugs and preparations in the curriculum of our medical schools and colleges so as to add considerably to the efficiency of allopathic practitioners, this committee draws the attention of the Government to the detailed memorandum submitted by our association in March 1939 and feels that without drastic changes in the curriculum of studies as drawn up on stereotyped lines, the college will not serve the real needs of the country."

Confidential Circular To Watch Lok-Parishad Members

(From Our Correspondent.)

JODHPUR, (By Mail)

A confidential circular has been sent by Sir Donald Field Chief Minister, Government of Jodhpur to all the Jagirdars and District Officers of the State to make a detailed report on the doings of the Lok-Parishad members and the speeches which they deliver in any of the Jagir villages.

Passengers Injured Through Motor-Bus Accident

(From Our Correspondent.)

GODHRA, March 10.

A motor-bus coming from Alirajpur was overturned near Dohad and some of its passengers were injured. One of them, a Bohra resident of Godra was severly injured and died in the civil hospital here last night.

Innumerable thefts are taking place for the last few days. The thieves stole away all the utensils and other things from a Bohra's house.

Appeal To Mercantile Bodies To Grant Dearness Allowance

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, March 11.

A mammoth meeting of the City Shop-assistants was held yesterday in Tilak Maidan with Sjt. Dayalal Purushottamdas, a Shop-assistant in the chair.

Resolutions were passed requesting mercantile bodies to grant dearness allowence to their servants promptly, opposing Government's delay and requesting prompt enactment of 'Shop-Act'.

Victims Of Defence Of India Regulation

JAIPUR, (By Mail)

A resolution has been adopted at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Jaipur Bar Association:—Repudiating the nomination of Mr. Laxmi Narain Yadava to the Central Advisory Board as representing the interests of the legal profession. Mr. Yadava was not selected by the Bar Association which is the premier institution representing the legal profession and recognised by the State, nor Mr. Yadava is a member of the Bar Association.

Sj. Ladurám and Sj. Mangle Ram of Raipur are reported to be the two more victims of Defence of India Regulation arrested recently in Shekhawati. Both were enthusiastic public workers. The former was one of the members of Kisan Panchayat.

ANDHRA D. LITT. FOR ERSKINE

VIZAGAPATAM, March 11

The Senate of the Andhra University at its meeting on March 8 resolved unanimously to confer the honorary degree of D. Litt on Lord Erskine.—A. P.

Prices Marked Down On Calcutta Exchange

CALCUTTA: March 12

Jutes sections reveals no fresh improvement to-day and prices generally ruled at yesterday's levels. Coals were quiet. Teas were neglected. In Miscellaneous section heavy selling pressure through bears has made speculative issues more weak to-day and prices were marked down to a great extent and the volume of business was nothing but moderate. Government securities were steady.

The following were the closing quotations:

Government securities: 3 1/2 per cent paper 94/4; 4 p.c. loan 1960/70 108/2; 1943 105/12 small odd lot; 5 p.c. U P Bonds 1944 108/2.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1515/8; Reserve 108/12.

Railways: Chaparmukh Silghat 85 ex-div, Hochiarpur Deab 94; Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Guar. 95; Shahdara (Delhi) Saharanpur 130 ex-div.

Cottons: Cawnpore Textiles 5/15: Elgin Mills ord 157 small lot; New Victoria ord 1/8.

Coals: Bengal 357; Equitable 36/14 s l, Jainty Central 2/6; Talcher 1/16; Union 33/4

Jutes: Anglo-India 368; Adamjee 22/8; Barnagore 125; Biria 21; Howrah 54/4; Hukumchand 7/12 small lot; Hooghly Pref 18/8 small lot; National 22/13; Nuddea 59; Presidency 5/6.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 6/8 ex-div; Consolidated Tin 4/1, Indian Copper 2/5; Dalmia Cement Pref 94; Bengal Chemical Pref 16/6; Agra Elec 118/8; Bengal Telephone ord 17; Jubbulpore Elec 13; Braithwaite 9 c l; Britannia Eng 10; Hukumchand Steel ord 8 s l; Defd 1/14 c l; Indian Iron and Steel 35/14; Kumardhubi Eng ord 4/13; Marshalls 2; Steel Corporation ord 19/10; Pref 101; B I Corporation ord 4/8 c div; Dunlop Rubber ord 27/8; 1st Pref 142 s l; Pohtas Industries Pref 131; British Burma Petrol 4/10; India paper pulp 131 s l; Streegopal paper 6; Titaghur 'A' and 'B' ord 30/4; Midnapore Zemindary 73; Bengal Timber 160; Buland 15/4; Carew 10/10; Pref 111, Champaran 13/8; New Savan 7/8; Samastipore 8 s l.

Teas: Patrakola Pref 142; Ranicherra 10-8, Tirrihannah Pref 5/14 c l.

Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 98/12; 4 1/4 per cent 1936/41/46 Titaghur Paper Mills 103.—A. P.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS: March 12.

The business in the local market was fairly steady on improved sterling advices. Government securities improved and Bank shares remained firm. Plantings were fairly steady whilst the Miscellaneous issues were neglected.

TRANSACTIONS REPORTED

Indian Bank 112/8 c d; Bank of Hindustan 22; Indian Overseas 49/8; Radhakrishnas 117 c d; Mysore Spuns 7; Buckinghams 2/5 x d; Ayer Manis 6/14; Chembra Peaks 2/15; Travancore Rubbers 6/12; Peninsulars 4/4 s l; Cochin Malabars 6/4 x d; Kalpettas 16/12 April; Malankaras 38; Tropicals 16; Deccan Sugars 52; Mysore Sugars 43 8/4; Travancore Sugars 2/15; Indian Sugars 10/2 Spencer 'B' 7/2; Vellore Electrics 9/9; Mysore Paper 13/8; Mysore Chemicals 11/8 x r; Singareni Coals 10/15; Steel Rollings 6/14.

LONDON RUBBER REVIEW

London: Jan. 31

Messrs. Symington and Wilson have issued the following review:—

We have to record a dull and uninteresting market during the last week. Fluctuations have again been small and business has been mainly confined to the first half of the year and prices for these positions have been well maintained. From July/September onwards there has been little interest shown and discounts for these positions have tended to widen. America continues to show little interest. Offerings from the East have been less free during the last few days. At the time of writing prices are 1/8d. up to unchanged on the week.

For many months the London market price was lower than that in any other important centre but during the last few weeks the situation has changed and the London price is now appreciably above the New York level. It would occasion no surprise if this tendency were to be carried still further in the next few months. Such disparities between prices in different markets were from time to time very much greater during the last War than has so far been the case in this one and are caused by mal-distribution of stocks. During the period when London was the cheapest market, rubber from producing countries was in the main shipped to other centres and only comparatively small quantities came to this country. This stands out clearly in the particulars of destinations of Malayan shipments which we printed last week. Consumption in this country has meantime been on a large scale and with export trade also to be supplied, stocks have had to be substantially drawn upon. Now that the demand in America and elsewhere has for the time being subsided more rubber is being sold by producing countries for shipment here, but some months must elapse before stocks can be expected to be fully replenished, particularly as a considerable proportion of the January/March Estate Rubber has already been sold ahead to other destinations. It must also be borne in mind that there is some restriction of shipping opportunities and that the voyage home takes appreciably longer than in peace time.

MALAYAN UP-COUNTRY STOCKS

Particulars of these stocks at the end of December were published this morning. In view of the small clearances from the regulated area during the month and the necessity for preparing for the larger exportable amount coming into force this month, it had been expected that a substantial increase would be shown and this expectation has been realised. Stocks on Estates over 100 acres are returned at 48,020 tons, an increase of 11,536 tons on the end of November figure of 36,484 tons, whilst stocks in the hands of dealers amounted to 6,848 tons against 8,549 tons at the end of November. Total stocks inside the regulated area thus amount to 54,868 tons compared with 45,133 tons at the end of November. The total at the end of December 1938 was 57,800 tons. Total stocks inside and outside the regulated area in Malaya at the end of December 1939 amounted to 70,214 tons compared with 84,899 tons at the end of December 1938.

SHIPMENTS DURING 1939

Details of shipments during 1939 from all producing countries are now available. Quotations which ended 1938 with an overshipment of 22,193 tons have reduced this amount to 6,280 tons. By far the largest part of this surplus is to be found in the Ceylon figures, the carry-over in this case amounting to 5,901 tons against 7,145 tons at the end of 1938. Thailand whose shipments are subject to different conditions from those ruling in the quota countries are again almost exactly in line with her allowance and were 41,266 tons. Shipments from French Indo-China were 65,140 tons, an increase of about 6,000 tons over 1938. The shipments from non-agreement countries have increased from 31,995 tons in 1938 to 36,761 tons in 1939.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, March 12

Yarn No. 6 1/2s August 141	April	136	June	138	
Yarn No. 10 1/2s August 166	April	159	June	163	
Yarn No. 20 1/2s August 221	April	213	June	217	
Yarn No. 40s August 271	April	266	June	268	

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept to 7th March

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Total	4,345	640,733	742,184

Indian Cotton Consumption

The Indian Central Cotton Committee, has issued the following statement of Indian cotton (pressed and unpressed) consumed in mills in India (Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India and on voluntary returns from mills in Indian States):—

(In bales of 400 lbs. net).

CONSUMPTION

British India during January 1940 216,932; during January 1939 230,689; since 1st September 1939 1,038,443; during the corresponding period last year 1,127,248.

Indian States during January 1940 46,568; during January 1939 49,121; since 1st September 1939 233,728; during the corresponding period last year 232,655.

Total—India during January 1940 263,500; during January 1939 279,810; since 1st September 1939 1,272,171; during the corresponding period last year 1,359,904.

N.B.—Due to corrections which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive totals shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive totals published in the preceding month.

American Cotton Figures

F F Rales	1939-40	1938-39
Receipts to date 11-3-40	6648000	3486000
Receipts yesterday 11-3-40	34000	13000
Exports to date 11-3-40	5173000	2757000
Stock at Ports 8-3-40	2551000	2466000
Stock at Interior Towns 8-3-40	2732000	3048000
Stock at Liverpool 8-3-40	.....	980000
Visible Supply 8-3-40	.....	5692000
Quantity in sight 8-3-40	11768000	8084000
Quantity out of sight 8-3-40	.....	7127000

PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay, March 12

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.).

Pepper ready Allepey per candy	Rs.	89	0 0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15th per candy		90	0 0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15th per candy		93	8 0
Pepper ready Lampong in C.I.F. per candy	not quoted		
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt		16	0 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt		18	0 0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15th per cwt		16	8 0
Ginger Vaishakh Sud 15th per cwt		17	0 0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, March 12

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales	2 days	This year	Since 1st Sept. Last year
Khandesh	28	48,730	34,201
Central India	1,023	79,674	190,140
Barsi and Nagar	43	105,813	55,977
Hyderabad Gaorani	133	41,646	4,183
Berar	671	267,073	130,069
Central Provinces	289	67,291	30,078
Total Oomras	2,187	610,226	444,648
Dholera	1,245	52,185	122,642
N W Provinces	50	23,418	2,155
Rajputana	168	35,781	47,904
Sind Punjab	346	276,142	269,688
Broach	7,091	225,266	168,443
Coompta and Dharwar	122	15,758	15,129
Westerns Northerns		17,082	30,423
Cocoanada		60	84
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		1,309	2,544
American		53,380	2,578
Egyptian, African and Sudan	25	202,540	183,649
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		2,648	7
Total	11,465	1,525,779	1,279,894
Arrived by road to 7th March 1940		204,358	

TATA HYDRO ELECTRIC OUTPUT

Total Units Generated

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd. and The Tata Power Company Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows:—

10th Week (ended March 11th)—

1938	14,489,900
1939	10,841,600
1940	7,634,600
Total for 10 Weeks (1st January to date)—	
1938	142,604,300
1939	136,245,300
1940	144,081,700

For the calendar month of February 1940, the total units of energy generated at the three Stations amounted to 64,416,600 and the total units sold by the three Companies to 56,022,125.

INDIA'S TEA QUOTA

Indian Tea Licensing Committee's Communique

CALCUTTA, March 9.

The Indian Tea Licensing Committee has issued the following Press Communique on the subject of purchase of tea by the Government of the United Kingdom (contract for the period first January to 31st December, 1940).

The final details of the long term contract under which tea produced in India will be purchased by the Government of the United Kingdom are at present receiving the attention of the authorities both here and in the United Kingdom and it is hoped that the contract will be in the hands of tea producers in the near future. In the meantime, however enquiries have been received by the tea controller, which show that producers are anxious to know what percentage of the export quota to be allotted by the Indian Tea Licensing Committee for the year 1940-41, on the basis of the degree of regulation of 95 per cent of the standard exports, recently announced by the International Tea Committee will be needed to meet the requirements of the Government of the United Kingdom. It is not of course possible for the Tea Controller to state the figures with any finality at this stage but according to his present information it appears that he will require approximately 92 per cent of the export quotas of contracting estates in North India and 86 per cent of the export quotas of contracting estates in India.

As indicated these figures are merely estimates and are liable to alteration.—A. P.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. one crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 12th March 1940. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,27,50,000. Tenders at Rs. 99/8/9 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs 99/8/6 allotted approximately 25 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 1/13/5 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. one crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 19th March 1940. Successful tenderers should make payment on Wednesday, the 20th March 1940. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 8th March 1940, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 1,25,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Three months' intermediates sold from 6th March 1940 to 9th March 1940 amounted to Rs. 74,00,000.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: March 12

Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 58
Copper Sheets	Rs. 72

Tone:—Weak.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED

Bombay: March 12.

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Tango Maru of 4238 reg tons Capt T Koyasu arrived from Karachi with cotton and general cargo.

Lloyd Triestino Coy's Italian s s Conte Biancamano of 13682 reg tons Capt G Ferrara arrived from Shanghai with passengers and general cargo.

SAILED

Caltex (India) Ltd Panama s s El Segundo Capt G Hedbug sailed for Karachi with cargo of fuel oil.

IMPORTS

Bombay: March 12.

100 bdls baling steel hoops; 2444 bags copra; 252 cases rayon and cotton mixed piecegoods; 53 cases silk and art silk mixed piecegoods; 82 c/s silk goods, 113 c/s silk piecegoods; 34 bags glass bottles; 1677 c/s rayon piecegoods; 99 c/s rayon goods; 150 c/s confectionery; 610 c/s beer; 2838 c/s rayon yarn; 100 c/s cnd pink salmon; 758 c/s glassware; 139 bls woollen yarn; 69 bls cotton fents; 46 bdls roots; 500 c/s fire-crackers 131 cases spun silk yarn; 2756 pkgs chemicals; 52 pkgs glass beads; 83 c/s German silver wire; 34 bls rubber belting; 257 cases brass wire; 615 bls straw boards; 203 pkgs clocks; 455 pkgs copper rods; 739 coils transmission conductors; 150 cases elect bulbs; 295 c/s refined camphor, 100 bags glue; 50 c/s copper wire; 88 c/s toys; 400 coils bare copper wire; 780 bags empty glass bottles; 30 c/s raw silk; 1138 bls staple fibre yarn; 1101 pkgs paints and colours; 1329 c/s silk ton yarn; 1212 c/s cotton piecegoods; 50 pkgs lion dentifrice, 98 bls woollen piecegoods; 376 c/s porcelainware; 361 c/s earthenware; 1055 c/s art silk yarn; 190 c/s glass bangles; 50 bls worsted weaving yarn; 107 c/s nut buttons; 787 c/s printed cotton jeans 112 c/s art silk piecegoods; 100 c/s Napthaline balls; 75 c/s white zinc oxide powder; 132 c/s cell bangles; 130 c/s enamelled ware 50 c/s spinning and weaving machinery and parts; 67 c/s window glass; 800 bdls flat bars; 72 c/s cotton goods; 40 c/s belt fasteners; 369 c/s M I pipe fittings; 91 c/s ctn and art silk mixed piecegoods; 307 bls auto tyres; 135 cases sheet glass; 50 c/s ground glass; 192 c/s coated white art cards; 693 bgs betelnuts; 50 c/s preserved pineapples.

EXPORTS

Bombay: March 12.

1400 bls raw cotton T M Kaisha Ltd; 1000 bls raw cotton Volkart Bros; 200 bls raw cotton M Amersey and Co; 400 bls raw cotton Podar Trading Co Ltd; 1000 bls raw cotton Ramnarain Sons Ltd., 200 bls raw cotton A Clayton and Co; 250 bls raw cotton Gill and Co; 4176 bags castor seed The Oil Seeds Trading Co Ltd; 1566 bags castor seed M Ramchandra and Co; 1733 bags castor seed M Bhuta and Co; 640 bags myrabollams C Jivanlal and Co; 1220 bags myrabollams R S Tata and Co; 600 bls hemp raw D Anandji; 50 bls cotton fly V A Save and Co; 34 bls woollen carpets C Sarabhai and Co; 66 bls woollen rags clean C Sarabhai and Co; 4000 packets myrabollam P Mathradas and Co Ltd; 10 bls cotton piecegoods The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg Co Ltd; 15 bls clean cotton waste G Gabriel; 16 c/s bristles D Abraham and Sons; 160 bags fennel seeds D Abraham and Sons; 91 bls cotton prints Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 67 bls cotton waste clean Sapt T Products (India) Ltd; 270 drums groundnut oil M Bhuta and Co; 14000 bags castorseed K Devchand and Co Ltd; 12 bls raw lambs skins D Abraham and Sons; 16 bls cotton piecegoods G N Musry; 54 bds gum J S Premji; 149 bags gall nuts H Ramji.

WHY CASTE STATISTICS IN CENSUS?

(From A Correspondent)

Mr. Har Bhagwan, the Secretary, Jat-Pat Torak Mandal had been to Delhi to join Shrimati Rameshwari Nehru, the President of the Jat-Pat Torak Mandal, for representing to the Census Commissioner the necessity of the omission of caste statistics in the Census Returns. He says that the Census Commissioner, in his talk with him on the phone assured him that the viewpoint of the Mandal was duly placed before the Conference of the Census Superintendents on the 22nd Feb rived at were forwarded as their recommendation to the Indian Government. To his question whether the Caste statistics would be omitted from the Census Reports he regretted his inability to say anything.

Mr. Har Bhagwan, however, has learnt from other quarters that nothing would prevent the Government from having the full details of caste in the forthcoming Census especially when the expenses would be borne by them. The Mandal is considering the situation and will issue a statement on the subject shortly.

Gujarat Research Society Report, 1939.

The Secretary, Gujarat Research Society in the course of the Society's Report for 1939 says:—

The Gujarat Research Society has been able to undertake more definite work during the period. In the first place the Journal of the Society which was first published in January 1939 has been issued regularly every quarter since and has attracted considerable notice. The Society is indebted to the Trustees of the Lalji Dayal Trust for their kindness in giving a handsome donation towards the cost of this Journal for a period of three years.

Another noteworthy feature of the period was the encouragement given to the cause of Archaeological research by the Society undertaking and arranging for the Centenary Celebrations throughout Gujarat in honour of the great Gujarati scholar the late Dr. Bhagwanlal Indraji. A Commemoration Volume covering 200 pages of learned contributions with several illustrations was issued on the Centenary Day, 18th November 1939 in the form of a special number of the Journal.

The preliminary work on "Industrial uses of Alcohol and Shellac" for which Raj Mitra B. D. Amin very kindly gave a donation of Rs. 250 was completed by Dr. Heggaranneck under the guidance of the committee on Physical Sciences. The results of the research have been published in the Journal in instalments.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observation during 24 hours ending at 8 a.m. of 12-3-1940

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.011 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.3 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 68.9 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 82.0 degrees 3.5 below normal

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 69.0 degrees 1.9 below normal

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 75 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. S-E

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 8 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 108 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 11 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 1

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 12-3-40

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 76.7 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.11 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.92 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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A palatable harmless and Odourless Laxative

for the treatment of

Constipation, Colitis, etc.

PARAGOL is ideal for the treatment of those who are suffering from the result of self-administered old-fashioned purgatives.

BENGAL CHEMICAL

CALCUTTA BOMBAY.

Agents:—

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METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
LAST 2 DAYS!
WILLIAM POWELL MYRNA LOY
ANOTHER THIN MAN
Directed by W. S. Van Dyke II
Produced by Hunt Stromberg
FRIDAY!
MORE THRILLING, ADVENTURES WITH "YOUNG DR. KILDARE"!
METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER'S
"THE SECRET OF DR. KILDARE"
WITH
LEW AYRES
LIONEL BARRYMORE
EXCITING NEW ROMANCE.. IN THE MYSTERY OF THE FRIGHTENED HEIRESS!

2ND WEEK!
TOGETHER AGAIN!
—In the biggest funshow of their careers!
All about love and life in the French Foreign Legion.
Stan LAUREL Oliver HARDY
"The FLYING DEUCES"
with
JEAN PARKER
REGINALD GARDINER
RKO RADIO Picture
NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m

NAKED TRUTH

REGAL At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
INSPECTOR HORNLEIGH ON HOLIDAY
Comedy & Thrills!
Next Friday:
Tyrone POWER Linda DARNELL
Day-time Wife
A 20th Century-Fox Picture

CAPITOL at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
DRUMS ALONG THE MOHAWK IN TECHNICOLOR!
CLAUDETTE COLBERT HENRY FONDA
Cast of Thousands!
NEXT SATURDAY.
"LAMBETH WALK"

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Falgan Sud 4, 1996
Muslim: Safar 3, 1359
Parsi: Meher 10, 1309
Hightide: 1-58; 14-34
Lowtide: 8-12; 20-68
Sunrise: 6h. 50m.
Sunset: 6h. 46m.

Municipal Standing Committee meeting at 3-40 p.m.

Reception to Dr. Montessori at 6 p.m. at Radio Club.

NAGPADA NEIGHBOURHOOD HOUSE
Dr. Clifford Manshardt will speak to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. on "Some Problems of a Democracy."

RECEPTION TO DR MONTESSORI
A reception to Dr. Montessori by various educational women's and social welfare organisations will be held at the Radio Club, to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS
A public meeting for Questions and Answers will be held to-day (Wednesday) at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain at 6-15 p.m.

BORDI HIGH SCHOOL GATHERING
The 20th anniversary of the Bai Sonabai Pestonji Hakimji High School, Bordi, on Friday, March 15. Mr. B. V. Kirtane, Chairman, Thana District School Board, will preside.

GIRGAUM CONGRESS COMMITTEE
The ordinary meeting of the Girgaum District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 7 p.m. (S.T.) in the Committee's office, Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4.

"JAYPRAKASH DAY" IN BOMBAY
In response to Acharya Narendra Deo's call to observe "Jayprakash Day" a public meeting under the auspices of the Congress Socialist Party will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. at Chowpatty Sands. Mr. Purshottam Tricumdas will preside and among the speakers will be Messrs. S. K. Patil, Nagindas Master and Asok Mehta.

ADULT EDUCATION COMMITTEE
A function for awarding literacy certificates and supplementary reading books to the new literates in Prabhadevi will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 7 p.m. at the open maidan near Prabhadevi Temple. Mr. E. J. S. Ram, Labour Welfare Officer, will preside.

LATE MRS. LALJI
A meeting of the Municipal Bai Gulabbai Central Gujarati Girls' School Diamond Jubilee Celebration Committee was held on March 6 under the presidentship of Mrs. Bhagirathibai Ramchandra Lalji when a resolution condoling her death was passed.

HOUSE-BREAKING INCREASING
At the moment an increase in the house-breaking thefts is registered in the suburbs. On Sunday night three house-breaking cases were registered in residential cottages behind the Bandra Talkies.
In one case the bars of window were removed and some valuables were removed.

2ND ANDHRA LIBRARIES' CONFERENCE
The Reception Committee of the above Conference will be held on Saturday, the 16th March, at 5-30 p.m. in the Andhra Library premises, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Kalyan. All Reception Committee members are requested to be present exactly in time. Rao Bahadur D. S. Naidu, the Chairman, will preside.

AT VILE PARLE
Mr. B. G. Kher suggested that every province should have a director of physical education to work in collaboration with the Director of Public Instruction at the Bombay Suburban Physical Culture Conference held at Tilak Mandir, Vile Parle, on Sunday.
This Conference passed a resolution requesting Government to give adequate grants and other facilities to all schools to enable them to introduce compulsory physical education.

'Forward Bloc' Support To Bombay Textile Strike

Under the auspices of the 'C' Ward Forward Bloc a public meeting was held on 10th inst. at 9 p.m. at Ramwadi, Kalbadevi Road. Sjt. H. V. Kamath was in the chair.
The following resolutions were passed unanimously:—
This public meeting supports the Labour Strike in Bombay and appeals to the public to help the strikers and also condemns the Police authorities' banning demonstrations and public meetings to redress their grievances. The resolution was moved by Sjt. K. N. Agrawal and supported by Sjt. Gaurishanker Bhatt.
This public meeting strongly condemns the Defence of India Act and its severely repressive operations in different parts of India. This meeting congratulates Comrades such as Sjts. Vishwambar Dayal Tripathi and Jayprakash Narayan and many others on their arrest in the course of our country's freedom. The resolution was moved by Sjt. Girdhar Thakkar and seconded by Com. J. S. Mahimkar.
The meeting was addressed by Messrs. S. R. Dalal (Advocate), A. M. Balu, K. D. Ankleseria (Advocate) and J. S. Mahimkar.

Tea Party To B. N. Maheshwari

BOMBAY: Tuesday.
The members of the Improvements Committee gave a Tea Party to Mr. B. N. Meheshwari, retiring Chairman, on Tuesday evening in the Municipal Corporation Hall where a number of Municipal Councillors and officials were invited.
After tea Mr. K. G. Tambe reviewed the administration of Mr. Meheshwari and said he had a keen grasp of the various questions such as lay-outs and schemes, building rules and various matters pertaining to leases. Mr. Meheshwari had a aptitude for the poor tenants and, therefore, he had in augurated a regular programme of visiting Municipal chawls and made various suggestions regarding lights, sanitation and water supply. He had also arranged for a conference of architects and engineers with the Improvements Committee to remove complaints regarding delay in lease conveyances, etc.
Mr. B. N. Karanjia, Mayor, also spoke in appreciative terms.
Mr. B. N. Meheshwari made a suitable reply remarking that all the four Congressmen in the Improvements Committee never acted in a party spirit.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"Drums along the Mohawk" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Inspector Hornleigh on Holiday". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
METRO—"Another Thin Man". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Mighty Chang". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Flying Deuces". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Mud". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Kangan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"The Will." Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Pukar". Daily at 3-45, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Kum-Kum". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Achhut." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Gorakhnath." Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Raigad". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"My Beloved." Time as usual.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY

Wilson Philological Lectures

Professor K. M. Khadye M.A. (Cantab), will deliver a series of six lectures on "English viewed in connection with Anglo-Saxon and its other sources" in the Lecture Theatre, University School of Economics and Sociology, Fort, Bombay, on the following days, commencing at 6 p.m. each day:—
Saturday, March 16: Modern English: General Characteristics.
Monday, March 18: From Anglo-Saxon or Old English to Modern English.
Tuesday, March 19: The Anglo-Saxons.
Tuesday, March 26: The Scandinavian Element in English.
Wednesday, March 27; English and the Teutonic family of languages.
Thursday, March 28: English and the Indo-Europeans.
The lectures are open to the public.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN)
On Saturday and Sunday the Thana District Physical Culture Conference was held at Samarth Mandir, Thana, Prof. Mane Rao of Baroda presiding.
A brief account of the working of various physical institutions in villages of Thana District was given by Mr. Damle.
The President stressed the need for physical education centres on an all India basis.

Circus Performance In Aid Of Literacy Fund

The Grand Aryan Circus will give a Charity Performance in aid of the Literacy Fund of the Bombay Adult Education Committee, to-morrow (Thursday), at 8-30 p.m. near the Charni Road Railway Station. Mr. B. G. Kher, will preside. Sjt. K. T. Mantri, the Special Literacy Officer appeals the Bombay public to make it convenient to attend the performance in large numbers and thus help the Adult Education Committee to bring a handsome collection to the literacy fund.

Alleged Assault On "Loyal Worker"

Balwantrai Niranjan Bhat, a "loyal" worker of the Kohinoor Mills, was assaulted near the Tilak Bridge, by three strikers at 3-45 p.m., on March 12, and was, it is stated, relieved of Rs. 15-12.
In this connection the Kingsway Police have arrested one Mahadeo Sonoo.

Snake Bite Proves Fatal

Miss A. D'Souza (52), residing at D'Souza's Hotel Juhu, was, it is stated, asleep in her bed, when a reptile believed to be a poisonous snake bit her. She was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where she expired this morning.

Air Services Of India

Two hundred and 23 1/2 passengers travelled by the planes of Air Services of India, Ltd., on our Bombay-Kathiawar Services during the month of February 40. Total freight carried during the month of February 1940 including mails, parcels and newspapers was about 3,936 1/2 lbs.
Seven passengers travelled by the Bombay-Poona-Kolhapur service during the month of February 1940. The company undertook eight charters during the month—Bombay-Baroda, thrice to Porbandar, Porbandar to Mithapur, Rajkot-Gays, Bombay to Poona and Bombay to Kolhapur.

KHER ON NEED OF PHYSICAL INSTRUCTION

(From Our Correspondent)
ANDHERI: Tuesday.
The Bombay Suburban Physical Culture Conference was held on Sunday at Vile Parle under the presidentship of Mr. B. G. Kher, who stressed the importance of strong physique. He said that physical culture should not now be restricted to few games but should form part of educational curriculum It should be physical education on large scale. An impoverished body was a great handicap to the building of the nation. Mr. Kher also addressed a similar gathering at Kandivli on Monday and stressed on the need of physical instruction.

MR. G. L. MEHTA

CALCUTTA: March 11.
Mr. G. L. Mehta, Calcutta Manager of the Scindia Steam Navigation Co. and ex-President of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, was successfully operated on for appendicitis by Dr. L. M. Banerjee at the Park Nursing Home yesterday (Sunday, the 10th inst.) and is reported to be making favourable progress.

DEBATE ON REBIRTH

To-day (Wednesday) at 7-30 p.m. in a public meeting to be held in Arya Samaj Hall. Anybody from the audience will be allowed to put questions on Rebirth and Pandit Vijayshankar will answer the questions in favour of rebirth on behalf of Arya Samaj.

After a brief interview with Count Ciano, Herr von Ribbentrop saw Sgr. Mussolini at 17'00. Count Ciano was also present at this meeting which lasted for 85 minutes.

CHILD SUCKS KNOWLEDGE

Dr. Montessori's Plea For Creating Environment

A large audience heard Madame Montessori on Tuesday evening when she delivered a lecture at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, on "The Child and the Montessori Method." The Hon. John Beaumont, Chief Justice of Bombay, presided.
Addressing the gathering in Italian which was translated into English by Rev. Dr. L. Raymond Madame Montessori said:—
"We imagine that small children have no intelligence because they cannot communicate their ideas. On the contrary the first three years of a child's life are the most important, because that is the age in which his personality is built up. Each year is almost an epoch. A child of one year can distinguish large things, objects and colours; he perceives the relative position of objects around him, for what is right and left. At two years, already a child can distinguish very small things. I can cite the case of a child of two years and three months who was able to speak three languages and yet refused to reply when spoken to by an adult. The interference of the adult was as it were an obstacle to the free self-expression of the child. At three years a child can communicate with adults, manifest his ideas and therefore learn from others. But a child of three years does not want to be helped. He realises that he needs help and yet help such as adults give ordinarily is repugnant to him. It is as if the baby would say, "Help me to do things by myself."
Another characteristic of the child is his love of repetition. Where the adult seeks the line of least resistance and once having learnt a thing is satisfied the child wants to use his knowledge and do the same thing again and again. The child of three can learn many things provided he is not taught them. He learns by himself; he sucks knowledge as it were out of his environment. The educator, therefore, must create this environment for the child from which the latter can choose for him."

Madame Montessori's Advice To Teachers

The Third Teachers' Day of the Bombay Secondary Teachers' Association was celebrated on Saturday with great enthusiasm by well-nigh 1,000 teachers of the city. All schools were closed for the occasion.
The Day concluded with the Annual Dinner at the Robert Money School compound which was tastefully decorated. Mr. B. G. Kher, Ex-Prime Minister, Bombay, and Dr. Maria Montessori honoured the teachers with their presence as president of the Dinner and Guest of Honour respectively.
Madame Montessori, addressed the teachers in mellifluous Italian on the delight she felt at being among a large gathering of teachers.
She dwelt upon the need of understanding the child and accepting him as a citizen for he had his own contribution to make to the progress and welfare of society. The poets had stated nothing but the truth when they said that, "the child was father of the man."
The St. Mary's band was in attendance at the dinner.

Turkish Fund Contributions

NEW DELHI, March 12.
Contributions received by His Excellency the Viceroy for the Turkish Earthquake Relief Fund through Mr. M. A. Jinnah, amounts to Rs. 2,129 and 15 annas.
—United Press.

Mr. N. V. Phadke, Labour Leader addressing a huge meeting on DeLisle Road on Monday evening.

High Court

SUIT AGAINST MULLAJI SAHEB

Ex-Mayor Of Karachi Gives Evidence

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia)
Fatimabai Abdealli Tyebji ... Plaintiff.
vs.
1. His Holiness, the Mullaji Saheb of the Bohras;
2. S. S. Saifuddin, the Amil and Representative of His Holiness .. Defendants.

Further evidence was recorded in this suit filed against the Mullaji Saheb of the Dawoodi Bohra community for having refused to declare the Plaintiff's marriage valid on the ground that her husband did not grow a beard and for Rs. 50,000 by way of damages for defamation on the imputation of unchastity in living together without being lawfully married made by the Defendants in correspondence.
Mr. Hatim Alvi, ex-Mayor of Karachi, was called to give evidence on behalf of the Plaintiff and to prove that the Mullaji Saheb has in other cases sanctioned the marriage of beardless Bohras. His cross-examination is still proceeding.
The court-room was full of enthusiastic followers of the Mullaji Saheb. There was hardly room to stand except in the lobby where the crowd overflowed.
The Advocate-General Mr. M. C. Setalvad, with Mr. F. J. Coltman, Mr. P. B. Vatcha and Mr. M. Y. Haindaday instructed by Messrs. Wadia Gandhi & Co. appeared for the Plaintiff.
Sir J. B. Kanga with Mr. V. F. Taraporewalla and Mr. D. B. Desai instructed by Messrs. Little and Co. appeared for the Defendants.

DEFAMATION OF FOREST CONTRACTOR

Revisional Application Rejected

Arising from an article in the "Nagarik", a weekly paper of Karwar (Kanara Dist.), a defamation case came up before Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia and Mr. Justice Sen at the High Court.
The petitioner, Mukund Martu Bhujale, a landlord and forest contractor of Karwar, was sentenced by the sub-divisional Magistrate of Karwar to six months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 500 for defaming Vasudev Ramchandra Haldipurkar, another forest contractor of the same place, by making some serious allegations against the complainant in an article headed "Fuel Wood Scandal Exposed", published in the "Nagarik" dated April 20, 1937.
The article, it was stated, conveyed the impression that the complainant had been enjoying the monopoly of Karwar Fuel depot and similar other unfair advantages and privileges had been indulging in unfair practices under secret and illegal understandings and underhand dealings with the authorities of the Forest Department.
The accused having appealed, his conviction was confirmed by the Sessions Judge of Kanara who, however, reduced the sentence of imprisonment to one month and retained the fine.
Against this, the accused approached the High Court in revision, but his petition was rejected by their lordships.
Mr. V. G. Dalvi appeared for the petitioner.

VAN-DRIVER DASHES INTO PEDESTRIAN.

Arrested on a charge of rash and negligent driving, Bhimrao Maneckrao was produced before the Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, to-day.
It is alleged that when the accused was driving his van along Hornby Vellard from south to north yesterday he ran into and collided with a pedestrian, who was proceeding in the same direction. The victim was severely injured and detained in the J. J. Hospital. The accused was enlarged on bail.

SUGAR WORKERS ON STRIKE

23 Mills With 20,000 Men Involved In Gorakhpur

GORAKHPUR, March 12
Sugar workers of a number of mills in Gorakhpur struck work today in pursuance of the decision arrived at by the Chini Mazdoor Union.
According to latest reports, the strike is complete in one mill and partial in some others. About 20,000 workers in 23 mills are likely to be involved.
Mr. M. K. Qidwai, Assistant Labour Commissioner, has left on a visit to the affected areas.
Adequate police precautions have been taken by the authorities and magistrates have been posted at mills where trouble is apprehended. The situation at present is peaceful.
It will be recalled that negotiations for a settlement of the dispute have so far proved inconclusive. Following the discussions which Mr. Shibban Lall Saxena and with the Cane Commissioner during the week-end, the representatives of the Sugar Factory-owners in the District had discussions with Mr. P. V. Marsh, Adviser to the Governor, yesterday, in connection with the workers' demand which include increase in wages, better amenities for labour dearness allowance, etc. but no settlement was reached.—A. P.

PROTEST AGAINST LABOUR LEADERS' ARREST

Use Of Defence Of India Act Condemned

A resolution protesting against the arrest of Messrs. S. A. Dange, B. T. Randive and S. S. Mirajkar was passed at a public meeting at Chaupatty, on Tuesday evening.
The resolution considered the use of the Defence of India Act in this instance as an attack on the Textile Workers on strike. The resolution also supported the decision of the B. P. T. U. C. to call a one-day hartal, on Monday next, and demanded the release of the arrested leaders immediately.
The meeting was convened under the joint auspices of the Lal Bauta Press Workers' Union, the Hotel-Workers' Union and the Gold and Silver Workers' Union.
Mr. Khedgikar, moving the resolution said that since even the Police had not complained of violence on the part of workers, it was obvious that the Defence of India Act was used to arrest the leaders and break the strike; he considered that by their action, the Government of India had betrayed their want of sympathy with the workers. He appealed, to the workers and the public to support the general strike on next Monday and make it a success.
Mr. Amir Hydar Khan, who spoke next call the Defence of India Act as the "Defence of British Imperialism in India Act"; he was sure that the arrest of the leaders would not affect strike in the least but rather strengthen it
Mr. Mahimkar, who presided over the meeting said that the arrest of the labour leaders was a challenge to the working-class solidarity.
Mr. Wakankar, and others also spoke.

YUVARAJA OF MYSORE

A Tribute

Y. K. Shukla writes:—
The death of the Yuvaraja of Mysore, Sir Shree Kantiarava Narsimharaja Wodiyar Bahadur, has removed from the art-loving princes, connoisseurs and the intelligentsia a patron of Art, music, dancing and painting When I pay my humble tribute to the departed soul of the Prince-patron, it reminds me of the Yuvaraja's last visit to Europe. It pictures before me the benign persence of the late Yuvaraja with his family and his retinue in Rome, when a most cordial reception was given to him and his party by a group of Indian students, public and the State.
He was a distinguished critic and a great appreciator of art in general. But he was outstandingly an admirer of dancing and music. His keen sense and subtle understanding of these celestial arts was revealed when his group of Indian Musicians and Dancers gave an exposition of their art before the distinguished people of the city. It had roused great interest for Indian art and aesthetics in the minds of the people and the press. His Highness was given an audience to the Pope at the Castel Gandolfo
It was a pleasant day when I was first introduced to the Yuvaraja in the St. Peter's Church in Rome, when with the Yuvarani the Prince Jayachamrajendra and the little Princesses he was being shown and taken round the famous church. He was very kind and effectionate enough to enquire about my studies and life in Rome.
After that meeting, I had many occasions to see him and once he showed great interest in me, while accepting my small dedication of an album commemorating his visit to the Eternal City. The album contained my first fruits of studies in the art of Etching and Wood-engraving. That incident has lead me into preserving in my mind some sweet memories of the late Yuvaraja of Mysore, Sir Shree Kantiarava Narsimharaja Wodiyar Bahadur.

Mysore Advocate Struck Off Rolls

BANGALORE, March 12.
Judgment was delivered this evening by the Chief Justice, Sir Darcy Reilly, striking off the rolls of advocates, Mr Ramachar, an Advocate and a Congressman and debarring him from practising in any court in the State.
It will be remembered that notice under the Legal Practitioners Act was served on him to show cause why disciplinary action for disobedience of a Magisterial order should not be taken against him.—A. P.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1940.

PRINCES' CHAMBER

The annual session of the Princes' Chamber held at Delhi during the last two days was presumably as good a pageant as these sessions have usually been. But from the point of view of the States people whom the princes are supposed to represent the utility of the session seems to be nil. The princes, as a body, do not appear to have at all realised the grave situation that is arising all over the country and their own responsibilities in the matter. Like the pre-Revolution Bourbons they neither learn nor unlearn. The one thing they know, is to hug to their bosoms their musty aged-old treaties, sanads and usages, not having the capacity to see that the treaties and sanads have already been attacked by white ants, that old usages are being replaced by new ones, and that the Demos is at last awake. The tide of democracy is actually rolling over India and it cannot be stemmed by any number of Canutes.

Unnecessary And Graceless

We would have passed over their resolution on war but for the unnecessary and graceless remarks against the Congress by the Maharajah of Bikaner in supporting it. He said that as against the regrettable attitude of the Indian National Congress, the Princes were determined to help the Empire in the war with men, money and material and that this help was spontaneous though "this might not be appreciated by those who were out to bargain and barter or who were given to bluff and bluster." Now, it is very easy for the Princes to be liberal with other men's, that is, the States people's money and material without their consent. The war resolution describes the war aim as "maintaining the sacredness of treaties and covenants" without any reference to democracy and the rights of people. As regards the talk of bluff, bluster and barter, many princes have done worse than bluff and bluster as against the States people. But against the humblest servant of the Political Department of the Government of India they dare not even bluff, and what shall we say of the princes who for the sake of their selfish anti-democratic privileges are even ready to barter away the freedom of their own people?

"Administrative Reforms"

The Viceroy, in his opening speech at the session, reminded the Princes of the need for more "administrative reform". One wonders why he so studiously refrained from using the more appropriate term "constitutional reforms". As an argument in support of reforms he said: "It would be rash to assume that troubles, where they have for the time being subsided, will not recur". It would have been better to recommend reforms more as a matter of the princes' duty or the peoples' right than as a means of preventing troubles. Somewhat intriguing is his stress on the means of putting down the troubles. Though he points out that this task is "primarily the responsibility of the rulers concened", he repeats his advice to them to create "joint services" and also assures them that "the Crown is anxious to give such help as it is properly incumbent upon it to give," as has already been done by, among other ways, "the establishment of the Crown police force". All this gives one the impression that when the Princes start repression, the Crown recognises no obligation to the people to restrain them but that, if the people resist the repression, the Paramount Power is ready with its special police force.

Anglo-Italian Agreement

The British Premier's statement regarding the agreement with Italy on the question of the import of German coal into Italy is couched in terms of victory. The agreement is a definite climb down by Britain so far as Italy is concerned. But it is certainly a victory over Germany. The Italian Government consented to oblige Britain by explaining away the 13 cargo ships sailing after March 1 as due to a "misunderstanding" and have agreed to send no more Italian ships to Germany to load coal. The spirit of accommodation and compromise shown by Italy is certainly significant. It is, however, too premature and exaggerated to regard it, as an American paper does, as having cut the ground from under the very feet of Herr von Ribbentrop and reduced his visit to a complete fiasco. Till the full results of von Ribbentrop's visit are actually known, all that can be inferred from the Anglo-Italian compromise on an essentially limited question is that Signor Mussolini does not propose actively to intervene in the war yet.

So far all that can be deduced is that Herr von Ribbentrop has not won anything dramatic or spectacular. From this point of view the mission may be said to have been a complete failure. But if nothing concrete has been achieved, has anything been lost? This, the vital question, has yet to be answered. It is a question which the Rome radio leaves completely open. The next few days may, however, possibly supply some answer to it. In the meantime it is interesting to learn that His Holiness the Pope took the opportunity of von Ribbentrop's visit to give expression to his feelings over the German treatment of Catholics and that, according to a Paris report, "Herr von Ribbentrop felt indisposed and was obliged to sit down for a short time" after his audience with His Holiness.

Evasion

With the Congress Party out of it, there was little chance of the Central Assembly carrying Mr. Aney's cut motion to discuss "the unsatisfactory nature of the declaration regarding the refusal of the British Government to declare their war aims and their effect on the political status of India and the non-insistence of Government of India to obtain such a declaration." And by opposing the motion the Muslim League only stultified itself. The country's true verdict on Britain's war policy will be given at Ramgarh in a few days. Sir M. Zafrullah Khan said that the British Government "were being placed in an embarrassing position if they are being set the task of framing a declaration which would satisfy the varying points of view expressed in the House to-day." We can quite understand Government's difficulty in pleasing all parties. But surely they have some definite war aims which, some say, have already been stated. They could well have been more clearly reiterated. Or is it suggested that Government are afraid of clearly disclosing their true aims lest that should displease this or that party in India?

What Will The War Do For Colonies?

(By A. CREECH JONES M.P.)

In recent months, much has been made by the British Government of the loyalty of the Colonial peoples to the British Crown in the stress of the present war. Many gifts have been made to Great Britain by the Colonial dependencies and many expressions of goodwill have been heard.

After all allowance for official prompting and suggestions, there remains, in spite of much unhappiness and discontent, a substantial stratum of loyalty and goodwill to the British Flag. It is as well that anti-imperialists should not be blind to these manifestations.

★

The "Daily Express" is touched. It reminded its readers the other day that such simple trust by the black people should be rewarded a thousandfold after the war. Why it was not suitably acknowledged before was not mentioned Colonists and the well-to-do have told us in "The Times" that the black men's simple faith has involved him already in much personal sacrifice for our cause. It is they say a testimony to British fair play, to our respect for justice and to the way we have discharged our responsibilities as trustees.

★

There is less exuberance in India where Congress calls for a tangible demonstration of British surrender of Imperialist claims. Nevertheless, it must be confessed, that in many dependencies there has been a disposition in some of the young Labour movements to suspend operations for the period of the war and forget about political reform, social squalor, rising prices, unemployment, and economic needs.

Mr. Neville Chamberlain told the House of Commons the other day that British administration abroad respected democratic rights, freedom and the social well-being of the Colonial peoples. I want to examine such claims. Too often this kind of ostrich-like complacency earns for us abroad the charge of hypocrisy. Are Tory Ministers as ignorant of colonial administration, and as sublimely thoughtless as they pretend in their speeches? Do race discrimination and economic exploitations cease to be such when our Tory politicians are using high-sounding phrases like trusteeship and freedom and democracy and justice? Let us see what is happening in this war.

★

When the war came, those of us interested in the 60 million souls in our colonial dependencies (I exclude India) were studying a series of reports which reflected gravely on British colonial neglect in days gone by. They told of misery and suffering and hardship which mocked our unctuous pride as a great colonial power. We excused ourselves because of the alleged poverty of the territories, but miserable squalor and bad conditions remain features of Trinidad and Northern Rhodesia in spite of their mineral wealth.

A devastating report on nutrition in the Empire had been issued. Major Orde-Browne, the Government's Colonial Labour Adviser, had told us about the distressing Labour problem in the West Indies and Northern Rhodesia. Royal Commission Report had just been issued rejecting the amalgamation of Nyasaland and Northern Rhodesia with Southern Rhodesia, because of the differences in native policy, and in any case, there was desperate need of native policy in the colonies directly responsible to Downing Street.

★

The Union of South Africa was clamouring for the Protectorates of Basutoland, Bechuanaland and Swaziland, where Sir Alan Pim has only recently exposed the stagnation of indirect rule. Disquieting reports had been published about disorders in Trinidad, Jamaica, and Barbadoes, and a Royal Commission was engaged on examining the whole question of the West Indies and British Guiana and Honduras.

And besides Reports, there had been disputes in Sierra Leone, the cocoa strike in the Gold Coast the breaking of the strike in Mauritius by the Governor and the unsettled conditions of the natives of Kenya now being finally cleared out of the European Highlands to implement the Morris-Carter report. These instances can be multiplied: beneath most of them was an economic cause.

Has war by a magic stroke suddenly destroyed this unrest and brought relief? Superficially there is a lull. But a letter comes as I write, from a Chief in Kenya. It reads: "The Nazis follow slavishly in the foot-steps of Imperial Government. We did appreciate the chorus of disgust with which the peoples of the civilised world expressed their condemnation of the policy of the wholesale compulsory transfer of Baltic (and other) Germans from their homes which they occupied for countless generations. We on our part, find it hard to see any difference in principle between that Nazi policy of compulsory transfer of people and the Imperial policy in Kenya for removing compulsorily the aboriginal inhabitants of the soil from their ancestral homes...Perhaps what makes the policy so heinous in Europe is that Europeans are being treated in such a way, and what makes the policy so far in Africa is that it is only Africans!"

★

Thus, war or no war, the removal of the African people in the Kenya Highlands from their homes goes on according to programme. It is not only that the unfortunate people lost their land 25 or 30 years ago when the British Government leased to settlers land which was in actual native occupation, but also, there is even yet pursued a deliberate policy of removing people from their ancestral lands which have not yet been alienated by the Government. Protests by the Kenya people are no longer availing.

Arbitration, The Only Way

By SHANKARRAO DEO

It is a week past since the Bombay workers went on strine. Nearly sixty mills are closed in the city and one lakh and fifty thousand workers have become unemployed. They are suffering a loss to the extent of rupees two lacs every day. The rupee coin has no intrinsic value of its own; its value and power are increased by the purchasing power which guarantees human needs and comforts in the present day society. It is a bit difficult to estimate the loss that is being sustained by the Textile Industry, but it is not at all difficult to measure the miseries of workers and their dependents; that are aggravated by the loss of workers' wages. A casual round in the labour area would convince one of their obvious character. Bombay workers are conscious to-day. They are determined and stand united. But as they are not organised on the pattern of Western Trade Union movement, they lack the means which will enable them to conduct strikes for a long period without much difficulty and to procure the much-required relief during the strike itself. So to-day strike means suffering and misery. Why should the workers suffer even when justice is on their side? Is there no remedy to end the miserable lot of the poor?

* * * *

There are no two opinions regarding the just side of workers. They found it very difficult to maintain even their pre-war standard of living, because of heavy and sharp rise in prices of food-stuffs and other commodities due to war. It was, indeed, an indirect cut in their wages. Who would deny justice of workers' demand when he asks to restore the cuts to be able to maintain the pre-war standard of living, let aside an improvement on the pre-war inadequate standard of living? Though the share in the profits due to booming period of war might not be claimed at this stage, it is just and opportune that the workers should get dearness allowance to meet the increased cost of living. The Millowners seemed to have admitted the just claim of workers and offered dearness allowance. Why then has the dispute arisen? The Millowners have offered the maxumum of 10 per cent. and workers demand the minimum of 15 per cent. as the dearness allowance. So the dispute is between the Millowners' maximum and the workers' minimum. Both the parties claim that their's is the just side; and so the workers downed tools and Millowners allowed it.

The Millowners let the workers go on strike; not because they were confident that hunger would break the strike and workers would be defeated. On the other hand, workers downed tools; not because they were sure that their strength and solidarity would make the Millowners surrender helplessly. Brute force is not the foundation of this strike. It is based on the claims of justice and fair play. Is that justice worth the name if we cannot convince others of it? Will such justice conduce to social order and well being? So, if we think that ours is the just cause, we must be willing to convince the third party. One who stands firm on his claim of justice is ever willing to get it examined by a third party. There is no other way for social justice and peace except submitting to the impartial conciliation or decision of those who are not parties to the dispute.

Millowners and workers claim that their party is just in the present dispute. Why should not both the parties take the dispute to an impartial arbitrator if they have an honest belief about their infallibility? I appeal to the workers of Bombay to be ready to submit the dispute to Arbitration. If they do so and show the willingness to accept the award of an independent arbitrator, they will win the moral support and sympathy of all people. Moral support is the strongest ally in such a struggle.

The President, Millowners' Association in a speech delivered at their meeting, has declared that they are not willing to pay a

(Continued on page 10, col. 5)

Frankly Speaking

Japan's Selflessness!

Aggressors always invent ingenious excuses for their blatant actions. But the latest justification offered by the Japanese Chief Staff Officer in China is a record even for Japan. According to this brilliant apologist, Japan cannot be accused of aggression or invasion because, for sooth. "Japan has made enormous sacrifices in blood and money before the altar of peace since the China affair started" and because she is "gracefully" returning Japanese occupied territory to—Mr. Wang Ching-Wei! One need not pause to comment on the cheap impudence of this authority on peace and gracefulness. The patriotic and self-respecting Chinese will give him the only appropriate answer as, indeed, they are already doing so. But the question is: What do the Great Powers think of Japan's apologia and her "graceful" act?

Soviet-Finnish Settlement?

By the time these lines appear, the fate of Finland will most probably have been decided. There are no authentic reports of the terms finally offered by Russia. That they are comparatively milder than those offered only a few days ago may be taken for granted. To this extent Russian sagacity deserves commendation. It is now to be hoped that the revised terms are such as to enable Finland to accept them without loss of her independence and without too great sacrifices. But sacrifices the Finns must resign themselves to if they are wise.

Matter For Thought

Liberals should deeply ponder over Government's opposition to Pandit Hridaynath Kunzru's modest resolution in the Council of State recommending that "in view of the earnest desire of His Majesty's Government that India should attain Dominion Status at the earliest possible moment and their anxiety to shorten the transitional period and bridge it as effectively as possible, a committee, consisting of representatives of His Majesty's Government and the Government of India and non-official representative Indians, be appointed to prepare a scheme for making India self-sufficient in respect of her defence." Pandit Kunzru, with a touching confidence in Government's recent offers of Dominion Status to India, pointed out that his resolution provided machinery for overcoming the very difficulty which Government regretted, namely, India's inability to defend herself. But Mr. Williams, Defence Co-ordinating Secretary, brusquely dismissed the resolution saying that the objective was "utterly impracticable."

Make-Believe

So it comes to this that when independence is demanded it is opposed on the plea that India is not able to defend herself and when a programme of enabling her to defend herself is proposed, it is dismissed as utterly impracticable. The plain fact is that Britain, for obvious reasons, has no desire to enable India to defend herself. And since her inability is always pleaded as an excuse for immediate or early conferment of Dominion Status, it follows that the offer of this status is only a make-believe. Congress has long seen through this. The real difficulty now is not with regard to the choice between complete independence and Dominion Status. It is rather due to Britain's unwillingness to give up her hold over India.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Don't expect an umbrella mender to recover your lost umbrella.

* * *

It takes a subordinate to realize the inefficiency of a superior.

* * *

Smiles cost less than electric light and they make the home brighter.

* * *

A woman's idea of a flatterer is a man who says nice things to other women.

* * * *

Many a woman who doesn't know her own mind gives her husband a piece of it.

* * *

The man who believes that the world is growing worse always goes around armed with a muck rake.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

It is felt here that the Allies have given Finland a strong card to play in her negotiations with Russia and the next move which lies with Finland is eagerly awaited.

—Paris "feeling."

* * * *

In his address to the Princes' Chamber the Viceroy appealed to Their Highnesses to improve their administration.

He ought first to have explained to the poor, wondering Princes what the word "administration" meant.

* * * *

The tragedy, according to Mr. F. E. James, Central M.L.A. (European) is that the Indian people placed more faith in declarations and resolutions than in plain facts.

Lord Zetland's regret, we understand, is the other way about.

* * * *

In the Central Assembly the "Congress" Nationalist Party and the Muslim League ran a neck to neck race in self-vindication and successfully achieved a dead heat.

The one strongly questioned the 'bonafides' of the Government in regard to the European war and supported those in regard to the Frontier Forward Police.

The other strongly questioned the latter and supported the former.

We heartily congratulate both.

* * * *

Annual Promotion

A Muslim League meeting in a North India town appeals to the Muslims of India "to decorate Qaide-e-Azam with the title of Ameer-i-Millat in recognition of his services to the community."

Next year the Qaid-e-Azam-cum-Ameeri-i-Millat will, we hope, be proclaimed Khalifat-ul-Muslimeen.

After which.....but sufficient unto the day, etc.

* * * *

Addressing an audience at Bareilly, the Qaid-e-Azam of the Muslim League is reported to have said: "You should have confidence in me, for it is only known to me what your difficulties are and what you want."

Heil Hitler, again.

* * * *

The President of the Bihar Muslim Students' Federation has been nominated by the Viceroy to the Central Legislative Assembly.

The President of another Bihar Students' Federation has been nominated to jail.

And thus the balance is preserved.

* * * *

Lala Shankarlal, General Secretary of the All-India Forward Bloc, respectfully suggests to Mahatma Gandhi to name all those elements who are responsible for indiscipline and violence in the Congress.

It would be easy if the General Secretary co-operated with Gandhiji by furnishing him with a list of Forward Bloc members all over the country.

* * * *

Mr. Kirkwood, Opposition Labour: "Is not this tantamount to our going to war with Russia?"

Mr. Chamberlain: "It has not gone as far as that yet."

—Parliamentary Proceedings.

One of the simplest words that "yet," but imagine what potentialities it is pregnant with!

We shudder.

* * * *

R.A.F. AIRCRAFT OVER VIENNA

Another Leaflet Raid

—Anglo-Indian Headlines.

We leave it at that.

* * * *

'Heard the latest news?'

'No.'

'Well, the Government has told Hitler he can have all he had in 1914.'

'Don't talk nonsense.'

'Yes, one whitewash brush and a ladder.'

"SOVIET CONSIDERABLY MODIFIES PEACE TERMS"

Final Offer—For Acceptance Or Rejection Within 36 Hours?

STOCKHOLM, March 12.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD HERE THAT DEFINITE DECISION IN THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS IS EXPECTED EARLY ON TUESDAY.

A Rome message says: According to the Stockholm correspondent of the Stefani News Agency, the Finnish delegation left Moscow for Helsinki. It is understood the Soviet has made a final offer which must be accepted or rejected within a given time.

The correspondent of the Stefani Agency adds that settlement is believed to have been facilitated by Moscow's action in waiving the demand for Hangoe and claiming instead a number of small islands between there and the Aaland group.

Diplomats in contact with Finns in Moscow profess optimism about the result. According to one report time-limit given to Finns is 36 hours.

A Helsinki message says: The Finnish delegation in Moscow had a long talk with M. Molotov in the afternoon. It is reported that agreement is still lacking.

Observers estimate that chances of peace or war are about even. It is understood that a common basis for discussion was decided on at the start of the talks but many details have still to be smoothed out. Members of the Finnish Government and Parliament are being kept continuously informed of the progress of the talks.

Delicate Subjects

According to reports persisting in political circles here the most delicate of the subjects facing negotiators in Moscow are:

Firstly, the railway north-east from Viipuri to the Soviet frontier, secondly Finland's future political and military regime and thirdly the status of Hangoe.

Allies Must Decide

Newspaper "Halsinginsanmat" generally expresses the views in Government circles and says:

"In the face of the Finnish-Soviet conflict the western powers must decide their attitude. They must understand the necessity of making a decision in view of a possible new orientation of the theatre of war."

Soviet Modified Peace Terms

A Paris message says: It is reliably stated that the Soviet Government has considerably modified its peace terms to Finland.

It is stated that Moscow waived the demand for surrender of Viipuri and Petsamo, has reduced its claims with regard to Hangoe and agreed to leave certain parts of Mannerheim Line in Finnish hands.

FINNS SCORE VICTORY WITH FRENCH PLANES

PARIS, March 12.

French 'planes scored the thirtieth victory in air battles in Finland on Sunday, according to information reaching well-informed circles here. The Finns have become quickly adept at flying fighter machines from France, which have now been operating for several days in Finland.—Reuter.

Trade & Navigation Treaty Between Soviet & Iran

MOSCOW, March 12.

The Trade and Navigation treaty between Soviets and Iran has been initialled and will be signed in Teheran shortly, it is announced.—Reuter.

5,500 STERLING FOR RED CROSS FUND

LONDON, March 11.

In memory of his father the late Andrey Mellon, ex-American Ambassador in London, Mr. Paul Mellon has sent a gift of 5,500 sterling for the purchase of a fleet of 10 Red Cross ambulances to the Lord Mayor of London. Red Cross Fund which now totals 1,211,000 sterling.—Reuter.

CALCUTTA, March 11.

Music will for the first time figure among the subjects for girl candidates appearing at the matriculation examination of the University of Calcutta this year.

An examination on the subject will be held on March 23 and eminent musicians will decide the result.—A. P.

"Swedish Policy Misunderstood Abroad"

Doing What Is Best For Finland And Sweden

STOCKHOLM, Mar. 11.

A denial that Sweden has given Finland any advice was given to Reuter by the Swedish Foreign Minister, M. Guenther.

He said: "We have not had the slightest contact with Germany from the beginning to the end of these negotiations. We have done nothing to advise the Finnish Government one way or the other."

Asked whether there was a possibility of Swedish guarantee for Finland if peace was concluded, M. Guenther said the question had not yet been raised. Referring to Anglo-Swedish relations he said: "I hope they will remain as cordial as they traditionally had been and as they still are".

M. Guenther said that Sweden was very surprised at the way her policy is misunderstood and misrepresented abroad.

"Our constant aim has been to do what is best simultaneously for Finland and Sweden. Circumstances made it clear that the best way to help Finland was for ourselves to remain neutral, but to do all we could in supplying the necessary materials and volunteers."

Replying to the question whether there was a possibility of Sweden considering the curtailing of exports of iron ore to belligerents in order to safeguard her neutrality, M. Guenther replied, "It seems that would have the contrary effect. Our best safeguard is to continue normal trade with all parties."

Helsinki Reaction To Chamberlain's Speech

A despatch from Helsinki states that the Finnish Government after examining the question of foreign aid from every angle has hitherto made no appeal to the Allies for help.

Mr. Chamberlain's statement has, however, aroused deep interest in political circles. It was stated in Helsinki last night that the Finnish delegation has not yet left Moscow. In view of widespread repercussions of the Finnish war in Scandinavia, Germany, Britain and France it is considered possible that the peace discussions will be interrupted while the Finnish delegates seek new instructions from the Government and the army.

Soviet Troops Surround Viipuri

A Moscow message says: A communique claims that Soviet troops surrounded Viipuri and occupied eastern and northern parts of the town. On the western shores of Viborg Bay Soviet troops are advancing successfully.—Reuter.

Commons Pass Old Age Pensions Bill

LONDON, Mar. 12.

The Commons adopted the third reading of the Old Age Pensions Bill after rejecting the Labour amendment by 182 to 127 votes. The amendment declared that supplementary pensions should not be based on Household Means Test.—Reuter.

NINE TRIBESMEN KILLED

Hostiles Flee Away In Confusion Before Frontier Constabulary

PESHAWAR, March 12

Nine tribesmen are reported to have been killed and two wounded and captured yesterday by the Frontier Constabulary in Sheikh Badin Hills in Dera Ismail Khan District. The hostiles fled away in confusion.

It is stated that Mr. Frayer, District Officer, Frontier Constabulary received injuries on the forehead and shoulders. He was brought to Pannu hospital.—A. P.

FIGHTING CONTINUES

BANNU, March 12.

A telephonic report received from Tajauir police station at 6 p. m. shows that fighting is still going on at Bahram Khel between the tribal gang and parties of the Frontier Constabulary including cavalry police and cavalry.

C. P. VILLAGE GUTTED

NAGPUR, March 12.

Hundred and sixty-nine houses are reported to have been burned by a fire which occurred in the village Makardhokra in Umrer Taluq during Sunday last. Loss is estimated at Rs. 75,000. Deputy Commissioner of Nagpur is visiting the village to organise relief. —A. P.

Paris And Principles Of Neutrality

PARIS, March 11.

The statement on the Swedish Radio has evoked pointed comment in French diplomatic quarters here. It is stressed that Germany had made it clear to the Scandinavian countries that it would be considered a breach of neutrality if aid for Finland from a third power was allowed to pass through their territory.

It was when this German conception was adopted by Sweden that she invited Finland to abandon the struggle. Paris considers that even without recalling the provisions of the League Covenant, it is difficult to understand how the principles of neutrality, as they are generally understood, can be invoked to justify Sweden's present attitude.—Reuter.

MEAT RATIONING IN BRITAIN.

LONDON, March 11.

Meat rationing started to-day throughout Great Britain, but as most people are finishing off the Sunday joint, the butchers are still waiting to see how the public will make use of their coupons.

Until they can judge public reaction, the butchers are wondering if housewives will serve only unrationed meats and fish, during the week saving the coupons for the week-end joint.

Meat can be purchased in restaurants without coupons and there was increased demand for such dishes in many London catering establishments to-day. —Reuter.

STOP PRESS

DALADIER'S STATEMENT ON FINLAND

PARIS, March 12.

M. Daladier, making a statement, said that for the last 15 days British and French expeditionary forces had been standing by to go to Finland. Ships were waiting to take them in response to urgent request from the Finnish Government.

M. Daladier also said that no direct appeal had been received by the British or the French Government.—Reuter.

DUTCH STEAMER SINKS

THE HAGUE, March 12.

The Dutch steamer "Eulota" (6,236 tons) owned by The Hague Petroleum Company has sunk after an explosion. The crew of 42 were picked up by a British warship. The "Eulota" was proceeding to Curacao in Ballast.—Reuter.

ACCEPTANCE CONTRADICTED

STOCKHOLM, March 12.

The Finnish Legation here informed Reuter at 19-15: "We have so far no information that the Soviet terms have been accepted by the Finns or that the negotiations have been concluded."—Reuter.

RIBBENTROP LEAVES ROME AFTER AUDIENCE WITH POPE

German-Italian Relations Remain Unchanged

ROME, March 12.

Von. Ribbentrop left for Berlin at 9-22 p.m. G.M.T.

All Ribbentrop's suite except Doctor Clodius left with him. Doctor Clodius is remaining in Rome.

PARIS,

It is reported that after the audience with the Pope von Ribbentrop felt indisposed and was obliged to sit down for a short time according to a Havas dispatch to Paris from Vatican City.

Rome radio announcer in the English bulletin stated that no sudden change was likely to be made in the attitude of Italian Government as a result of Ribbentrop's visit.

The announcer added that Italy's attitude was clearly defined by Count Ciano in his speech on December 16.

Importance of the visit lay in the fact that problems of present day Europe were lengthily re-examined and fully probed. The trend of German-Italian relations and obligations remained unchanged.

SVINHUFRUD LEAVES FOR ROME

According to German radio M. Svinhufrud whose visit to Berlin has been associated with the Soviet-Finnish talks left for Rome. —Reuter.

BRITISH PRESS ON FINNISH SITUATION

A London message says:

In addition to approving the action of the Government in refusing to pass on the soviet terms to Finland, British press commentators generally convey their realisation that Finland's decision when reached is likely to have a big effect on the future course of European history. All commentators, however, are content to leave the verdict to Finland's free choice now that she has been apprised of the Allies willingness to assist, if necessary.

The "Daily Telegraph" writes: "It is inconceivable that any doubt could be felt in scandinavia of the effect of submission to Russia's full demands Suggestions are afloat, it says, of Sweden's willingness to countersign Russia's latest revised terms with guarantee to assist Finland in the event of Russia atempting aggression in future. Such "This far shalt thou go and no further" would have a value which the Finns can best assess.

Sweden May Change Her Mind

The "News Chronicle" says: "The allied offer could only be partially effective since Sweden would not at the moment provide passage for foreign troops but Sweden may change her mind if Finland decides to fight on.

The "Daily Mail" urges the despatch of an important member of the British Government to Stockholm. If Finland calls for aid, must we refuse because the way is barred by the timorous Swedish Government," it asks.—Reuter.

MAHATMA LEAVES FOR RAMGARH

WARDHAGANJ, March 12.

Mahatma Gandhi with Mr. Mahadeo Desai and Mr Pyarelal left for Ramgarh for opening the Congress Exhibition on March 14. He will also be attending the Congress Working Committee.

When asked at the station what would be the outcome of the Ramgarh Session, Mahatma Gandhi said, "I know as much as you know."

He is expected to return to Wardha on March 22.—A.P.

PUNJAB CONTINGENT FOR RAMGARH

LAHORE, March 12.

A contingent of about 200 delegates are leaving on the 15th to attend the Ramgarh Congress including Dewan Chamanlal, Seth Sudarsan, Dr. Gopichand and other prominent members of the Congress Assembly Party.—United Press.

St. Patrick's Hall Damaged By Fire

DUBLIN, March 12.

The large parochial hall of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Cathedral, Armagh was seriously damaged by fire which is believed to have been caused by the I.R.A. The hall had recently been used as Military billet and was still in Army authorities' possession.—Reuter.

BR. SHIPPING LOSSES

Well Below Average Since Start Of War: Nazi Raid Myth Exploded

LONDON, March 12.

The Admiralty announced that for the week-ended the midnight of March 10 five British ships totalling 18673 tons were lost as a result of enemy action. No neutral ships were sunk.

The losses are well below the average since the start of the war, which is 12 ships and 42,000 tons. The total British mercantile tonnage sunk as a result of enemy action is about 640,000 averaging 24,000 weekly. This is about two-thirds of the average weekly loss over the whole period of the last war and less than one-third of that during the first six months of 1917.

NAZI LOSSES

During the last week, Germans lost two ships with a tonnage of 11,377 upto March 6. 27 ships were lost in convoy of a total of 11,774 British, Allied and Neutral ships and only two neutral ships were lost out of 1,360. The fact that no neutral ships were lost during the week would suggest that more neutral ships are taking advantage of our convoys.

GERMAN STORY EXPLODED

The Admiralty explode the story broadcast by Germany on March 8 claiming that in their raids on the nights of March 6 and March 7 "11 merchant ships sailing in a British convoy or with dimmed lights with a total tonnage of about 30,000 were sunk or heavily damaged."

The Admiralty state the facts are that 15 small ships—mostly fishing vessels—were attacked and the only one seriously damaged was the Italian ship "Amelia Lauro" This neutral ship was proceeding independently on lawful business brilliantly illuminated with her name and Italian flag painted on the sides when she was bombed from about 30 feet above the masts Attacks were also made on three convoys but all were driven off and not one of the ships was even damaged at all.—Reuter.

BR. STEAMER SINKS AFTER COLLISION

LONDON, Mar. 12.

The British steamer "Clan Stuart" (5760 tons) foundered in the Channel after collision with another vessel. South-west coast lifeboats rescued all 75 of the crew.—Reuter.

AUSTRIA OFFICE OPENED IN LONDON

To Keep In Touch With Affairs in Austria

LONDON, March 12.

Two years ago to-day Germany annexed Austria. In London the anniversary has been marked by opening of a new organisation known as the Austria Office.

One of its objects will be to keep in touch with affairs in Austria. Austrian emigrants who spoke at the opening emphasised that they have only one aim, namely, liberation of Austria.—Reuter.

DRASTIC CUT OF RLY. SERVICES

Sequel To Coal Strike In Australia

MELBOURNE, March 12.

The country railway services are being drastically cut, the suburban electric trains are halved and the Cheap Sunday Excursion Trains are discontinued as a result of the coal strike which began to-day. Heavier curtailments after the Easter are being forecast.—Reuter.

AUSTRALIAN WAR LOAN

It is announced that 18-million-pound?war-loan has been fully subscribed.—Reuter.

1,529 Germans Taken As Prisoners

LONDON, March 11.

In the Commons, asked how many German prisoners of war and captured merchant seamen were now in internment camps, the Under-Secretary, Home Office said that the figures on March 8 were combatant prisoners of war 257 and from merchant seamen 1271.

Strike Leaders' Reaction To Arbitration Proposal

NEW COUNCIL OF ACTIONS CALL TO LABOUR TO JOIN ONE DAY'S HARTAL

Hopes of a sympathetic reception of the arbitration proposal made by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to end the textile deadlock in the city are entertained.

The letter of the B. P. C. C. with regard to the arbitration proposal will be discussed and a decision arrived at on Thursday night, at a special meeting of the Managing Committee.

In the meantime the proposal will be explained to workers and their reaction, it is understood, will be keenly watched

Although influential Labour circles hold that the success of the proposal will depend on terms of reference, time limit, the mill-owner's attitude and such other factors, the principle underlying it is not being poohpoohed.

A new Council of Action was elected. It states that it will try its humble best in carrying on the present struggle to a victorious conclusion

FOR ONE DAY HARTAL

In the meantime a communication on behalf of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress was addressed to-day to 32 Unions affiliated to the B. P. T. U. C., all the Congress Committees and students' organisations urging them to co-operate on March 18 which is fixed for a one-day hartal in the city. Over 1 1/2 lakhs of workers employed in different industries are expected to join in the hartal.

Addressing a meeting of Hindustani workers at the Kamgar Maidan in the evening, Mr. R. S. Nimbkar said that it was a matter for gratification that those workers who had never been known to co-operate with strikers during the past twelve years, had, on the present occasion, responded to the call of the Girni Kamgar Union. He urged them to stand by their colleagues with determination and render the strike a success.

Mr. Bokhari, Mr. Shahid and Mr. Zulmiran Choudhury also addressed the workers.

Workers' rallies at Ganesh Maidan and Madanpura were largely attended.

NEW G. K. U. COMMITTEE

Vacancies arising out of the arrests of Messrs. Dange, Mirajkar and Ranadive were filled at a special meeting of the Managing Committee of the Girni Kamgar Union, late on Tuesday night.

Mr. R. S. Nimbkar was elected General Secretary in the place of Mr. S. A. Dange, Mr S. V. Deshpande takes the place of Mr. S. S. Mirajkar. The vacancy created by the arrest of Mr. Ranadive was filled by Mr. Nagarkar. Three more new members were also elected. They were Messrs. P. B. Vaidya and Mohommed Siddhik Bakshi and Miss Godavari Gokhale.

The new committee was acquainted with the letter o. the B. P. C. C. regarding the arbitration proposal. No decision was, however, taken, and discussion and decision was deferred till Thursday night, when the Committee would meet again.

With a view to organise the clerical staff of the various textile mills, the G. K. U. will shortly convene a meeting of the clerks.

COUNCIL OF ACTION

The following new Council of Action was elected.

Mr. S. P. Bhise (President of the G. K. U.), Mr. S. G. Tambitkar, Mr. S. V. Deshpande and Mr. N. V. Phadake.

Mr. Nimbkar will continue as a member.

ARMY'S TURN YET TO COME

LONDON, March 12.

In the House of Commons, introducing the Army estimates, Mr. Oliver Stanley said that it would be improper and undesirable for him to attempt to forecast in war, as his predecessors did in peace, what task the British Army might be called upon to fulfil in future. Whatever it might be called upon to face, the Army had not yet been subjected to the same intensive test as the Navy and Air Force.

Mr. Stanley then referred to the decision taken last year to equip the Army on a continental scale and added, "the B. E. F. is in France and the wisdom of the decision to send it there is not questioned by anyone."

Japanese Plan To Build Up Central Govt.

CHUNGKING, March 12.

The termination of the Sino-Japanese war is as remote as ever is the opinion held here. A high official considers that it may last another three years.

Preparations for a prolonged war are intensifying, but the Chinese are in a hurry for a decisive battle, pushing ahead with the huge training programme before launching a large scale counter-offensive.

Meanwhile it is stated here that there is every indication that Japan's policy will be confined to helping Wangchingwei to build up the Central Government while striving to exploit the resources and trade in the occupied areas.

It is thought the Japanese army will not attempt to push further to the interior but will try to hold the key positions in the occupied areas with occasional operations against Chinese mobile units behind the Japanese lines.—Reuter.

PROTEST AGAINST ORDINANCE ARRESTS

The arrest of leftist leaders all over India under the Defence of India Ordinance came in for strong criticism as an infringement of civil liberties, at a public meeting held at Matunga under the auspices of the F. Ward District Congress Committee on Tuesday night.

Mr. K. B. Panikkar presided.

Mr. Panikkar said that the Defence of India Ordinance was ostensibly meant to defend India from external dangers, but then, the Government was using it to stem the growing political consciousness of the Indian masses.

Mr. P. Balan said that the Ordinance and the arrests were an incitation for struggle. Messrs. Balan, Jeevandam and Narayanswamy spoke on the resolution

The following resolution from the chair was unanimously adopted.

"This meeting of the citizens of Matunga strongly condemns the arrests of Comrades Jai Prakash Narain, S. A. Dange, B. T. Ranadive, S. S. Mirajkar, Vajubhai Shukal, Ashraffuddin Choudhary (Secretary Bengal P. C. C.) under the Defence of India Rules since it considers that the action of the Government is directed towards suppression of the legitimate right of self-expression and an infringement of civil liberties.

This meeting is further of strong opinion that such repressive policy of British Imperialism will only strengthen the consciousness of the masses and hasten the achievement of Complete Independence of India."

Bill To

Prolong Life Of Parliament?

Stanhope's Statement In Lords

LONDON, March 12.

In the House of Lords, replying to a question whether it proposed shortly to introduce a bill to prolong the life of Parliament, the Earl of Stanhope said that the Government was well aware of the necessity of considering this matter at no very distant date, because the life of the present Parliament came to an end in November next. He was however not in a position to-day to make any statement on the matter.

WAR AND EVACUATION

Continuing he said that there had been a very big scheme of evacuation in the present war and a really large number of big cities had lost a number of their people. No one could possibly say whether these people would eventually go back to the cities. If the war went on for some time, they might realise the attractions of the country and stop there.—Reuter.

APPLICATIONS FOR NEW WAR LOAN

LONDON, March 12

Applications poured into the Bank of England today for the War Loan. Clerks were busy at their desks as early as 08-30 B.S.-T. and from that time there was a long stream of stockbrokers, clerks and others handing in applications.

The biggest task, however, was tackled on the third floor of the Bank where a small army dealt expeditiously stacks of applications by post piled high on tables.

In the provinces, stockbrokers and banks were also inundated with applications.—Reuter

The Half-Column
By "Dim"

In Bombay at the moment is J. Vijayatunga, the Sinhalese author who has spent the last twelve years in Europe and America. He is now writing a book on modern India based on talks with national leaders and observances during his travels here. He wrote some time ago a book "Grass for my feet", which brought him to the notice of critics in England and America. I understand he is on his way to see the Congress at Ramgarh. Or if he is not, he should

Leaving India on an Italian boat was the retiring Governor of Madras. Strange irony that an English Governor should entrust himself to the Captain of an Italian boat in times of war—a thing unheard of in times of peace.

Also "home-ward" bound is the Aga Khan.

Overheard at the Mole station—the Maharajah of ....: "I wish I were going *home*" I thought he was because he got into his car and drove off. This "*home*" business gets me under the skin. These wandering Maharajahs who don't know where their home is or where they belong.

The silk mill strike may be called off. After all the millowners must have some silk to wear, even if they can't afford to run their cotton mills.

The Finns will know their fate to-day.

Printer's error results in the following prediction: "Mr. Sumner Welles, the American convoy to Europe." Is he escorting the Peace Plan?

"Ribbentrop sees Italian King". That couldn't possibly be important.

SOCIALIST DRAFT FOR RAMGARH

Meherali Elected General Secretary Of Party

LUCKNOW, March 12.

The meeting of the All India Congress Socialist Party which met under the presidency of Acharya Narendra Deo, elected Mr. Yusuf Meherali as the General Secretary of the Party in place of Mr. Jay Prakash Narain.

The meeting also elected other members in the vacancies caused by the arrests of some members.

It is understood that the meeting had a prolonged discussion for seven hours on the present political situation in the country and the Patna resolution of the Working Committee

It is also understood that the members commented very favourably on the decision of the Working Committee and the general opinion was that a struggle was inevitable and very near.

The Committee made a draft programme for the struggle which they will place before the Ramgarh Congress.

The Executive Committee will meet again at Ramgarh on March 16.—United Press

GENERAL ELECTION IN CANADA

OTTAWA, March 12

Nomination for the General Election closed today.

Candidates, number 672 comprising Liberals 240, Conservatives 213 Co-operative Commonwealth Federation 96, New Democracy 26 and others including Communists 95.

Mr. Mackenzie-King and Mr. Manion have been nominated for Prince Albert and Fort William respectively.

The list is being cabled to England for distribution to soldiers who will register their votes between March 14 and 26.—Reuter.

Commerce Member Assures

War Industries Will Not Die In Peace

Boosts Proposed Industrial Research Board As Proof Of New Policy

NEW DELHI, March 12.

A statement on Government's intentions with regard to the development of industries during the war was made by Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar speaking in the Assembly on Mr. Chapman Mortimer's cut motion to discuss the Government's taxation policy.

Sir Ramaswami said that an announcement regarding the lines on which the proposed Board of Scientific and Industrial Research would work and what its personnel would be was expected to be made by the beginning of next week. (Cheers).

FUND FOR RESEARCH

He acknowledge the Finance Member's liberal help and said that Rs five lakhs had been placed at his disposal to be spent during this year on among other things, scholarships in carrying out research for the encouragement of new industries and development of existing ones. (A voice: Only five lakhs?)

DEVELOPMENT OF INDUSTRIES

Sir Ramaswami stated that so far as his department was concerned, their ideas were running in the direction of liberalisation of the conditions laid down by the Fiscal Commission so as to encourage the production of commodities necessary during the war (cheers). Government, he said, would take care to see that they were no longer open to the charge that during the last war, several industries came into existence which were of the greatest assistance in the prosecution of the war but that, after peace was restored, they all languished and many investors were ruined. He did not agree that that charge was just. Conditions then were different. Government would now see that if they encouraged the development of industries during the present war, those enterprises were not left high and dry after the war ended. (Cheers). The concessions already provided in the calculation of excess profits in respect of new industries were, he said, an example illustrative of Government's intentions.

ATTACK ON TAXATION POLICY

Mr. Chapman Mortimer moving his cut motion to discuss the Taxation policy of the Government of India suggested that that policy had, in the main, been justified in spite of Congress attacks on it and discussing the effect of that policy on trade and industry, referred to the serious disturbance in India's import trade as a result of the war. He said that as imports from foreign countries fell away, energetic steps should be taken to ensure that the total volume of imports was maintained. There was nothing in such a policy that was damaging to Indian industry. On the contrary, since India needed much that the United Kingdom could give, an increase in the trade between the two countries was essential in the interests of India's industrial development.

PLEA FOR TARIFF BOARD

Sir Ziauddin urged that the entire Taxation policy including the manner of protection and supervision of its effect needed revision and Government might set up a Commission either now or after the war to evolve a new policy Government should set up a permanent Tariff Board to review and watch the working of protection and recommend necessary increase or reduction in the quantum of protection. The country should develop industries during the war and ensure that they did not languish after the war Finally the provincial and central spheres of taxation should be clearly demarcated.

PROVINCES NEED FUNDS

Mr. Aney pointed out that any demarcation of spheres of taxation would not solve the financial problem of the provinces. The Provinces needed money and it did not matter whether it was obtained by the Centre and given to them or they themselves were empowered to take it. Taxation policy, he declared, could not be detached from the constitutional problem whose desperate urgency it was his intention to press on Government's attention by means of his cut motion yesterday.

MUDALIAR EXPLAINS GOVT'S POLICY

Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member, after stating government's intentions regarding industrial development during the War proceeded to declare that export of commodities was intimately connected with import. There could not be a one-way traffic with reference to trade. If the country wanted to export commodities it must import commodities. There was no use relying on the supposed need of other countries for our products or on the supposition that our position as an exporting country was thus secure. There could be no question of self-sufficiency in these matters. Apart from that, there were practical reasons why imports from the United Kingdom should be resorted to, to a greater extent than ever before. Those reasons were the shipping facilities and priorities which could only be had with reference to commodities coming from the United Kingdom. It would be of the best advantage to Indian traders to place their orders within the orbit of the British Commonwealth as far as possible while not ignoring the trade interests of other friendly nations.

Referring to Sir Ziauddin, the Commerce Member asked whether his intention was to handicap industry by frequent investigation either by a permanent tariff board or otherwise.

CENTRAL V. PROVINCIAL TAXATION

Sir Jeremy Raisman dealing with the overlapping of provincial and central taxation emphasised that Government acutely realised the difficulties and dangers inherent in an unco-ordinated policy but political circumstances had hitherto been such that the attitude of the various units, he regretted to say, had not been one of wholehearted co-operation. The attitude of many provinces had been that the only solution which they were prepared to contemplate was one which would have resulted in the immediate transfer of large sums to the provinces. There were constitutional provisions which contemplated that the Centre would levy taxation to be handed over to the provinces or share the proceeds of particular taxation but many of the provinces were not disposed to await the development of that type of solution. They were determined to exercise their own powers of taxation and immediately assume to themselves additional revenues.

In that situation, the only relief which the unfortunate tax-payer could have obtained would have been by immediate remission of Central taxation and that in its turn, would have meant severe financial difficulties for the Centre.

DUTY ON SUGAR

Referring to the sugar industry, he said, it was true there had been a lack of co-ordination but he claimed that was not the Government of India's fault. He did not accept that the sugar industry had been overtaxed. He agreed that the sugar industry had reached a stage when it commanded the whole of Indian market but it was preposterous to suggest that Government, by embarking on the policy of protection of that industry in any way forewent their right to tax so suitable a commodity as sugar, a commodity which in all countries invariably carried an important tax.

Mr. Chapman Mortimer withdrew his motion.

SCHEDULED CASTES & GOVT'S ATTITUDE

The Assembly passed without a division, Rao Sahib Sivraj's cut motion to discuss "the indifferent attitude of the Government towards the welfare of the scheduled castes."

A concession in regard to the pensions of inferior servants of the Government of India was announced by Sir Jeremy Raisman, Finance Member during the debate on Mr. Joshi's cut motion to discuss the grievances of Government servants.

The Finance Member said that the period of 40 years service which at present was necessary before an inferior servant could draw the maximum pension was intended to be reduced to 35 years (cheers). In addition to this, he also intended to change the basis of determining the amount of pension so as to enhance the fraction of pay to be given as pension.

As regards the special allowance given to inferior sevants who moved between Delhi and Simla every year, this was proposed to be stopped in the case of those who would be permanently in Delhi but Government were considering the question of giving them some compensation (applause). The migratory staff would be paid a suitable allowance during their stay in Simla.—A. P.

DEFENCE MEASURES IN FRONTIER

Bhai Parmanand asked if the Government's attention had been drawn to the press report that the tribal raiders of the North-West Frontier Provinces, who recently attacked Isa Khel, Mianwali District, had again sent letters to the residents of Isa Khel threatening vengeance for the death of the their bandit companions. If so what the Government proposed to do.

Mr. Caroe, Foreign Secretary, replied in the affirmative and added that the police force at Isa Khel had been greatly reinforced and Defence Measures generally had been improved.

At five o'clock guillotine was applied and all demands were passed by the Assembly and the House adjourned till tomorrow.—A. P.

Fate Of Allah Baksh Cabinet In Balance Again?

Sind Congress Initiative To Form Nationalist Party With Forward Programme

KARACHI, March 11.

A decision to extend moral support to any combination of Hindu and Muslim groups inside the Assembly, which was prepared to shed the communal label and form themselves into a Nationalist Party with a forward programme, which was acceptable to the Congress was reached by the Assembly Congress Party today.

The group invited the Hindu Independent Party in the Assembly to frame their demands aimed at getting justice regarding the tragic happenings at Sukkur, ensuring future security to the minority community and join whichever Muslim Group in the Assembly inspired confidence in them and agreed to implement their demands.

ALTERNATIVE CABINET

The Congress members further assured that in the event of such a combination coming forward to form an Alternative Ministry, the Congress members would stand by their previous resolution to vote down the Allah Baksh Government's demands and support the new combination and not to throw it out for a reasonable time.

In case of failure to form a new party on their part by to-morrow, the Congress members would press the present Ministry to accept the Hindu demands and not oppose the budget grants if K B. Allah Baksh was prepared to accede to them.—A. P.

ALLEGATION AGAINST SIND MINISTER

Congress Party Leader's Withdrawal: Cut Motion Lost

KARACHI, March 12.

In the Sind Assembly to-day the Congress Party's hundred rupee cut motion on the General Administration Grant was defeated without division, and the demand was passed.

Earlier the sitting of the House had to be adjourned for 15 minutes by the Deputy Speaker, who occupied the Chair, following an allegation of interference with the administration of justice made against Pir Illahi Bux, Education Minister, by Prof. Ghanashyam Jethan and leader of the Congress Party, who however, refused to substantiate the allegation as demanded by the Minister concerned and the Ministerial benches.

The Congress Party leader alleged that the Education Minister wrote letters to a certain Magistrate to decide a case in favour of the accused.

ALLEGATION WITHDRAWN

On resumption, Prof. Ghanashyam withdrew the allegation after being referred to the Assembly Rules according to which personal allegations against a member of the House could not be made on the floor of the House during Budget discussion but by separate censure motion or resolution.—United Press.

VIOLATION OF PRIVILEGE OF ASSEMBLY

Select Committee Proceedings Can't Be Disclosed, Says President

NEW DELHI, March 12.

The President gave a lengthy ruling in the Assembly this morning making it clear that publication in the press of any report, of what transpired in select committees before their reports are officially presented to the House, was a violation of the privileges of the House.

It was not permissible, said the President, to members of Select committees or anyone who had access to the proceedings to communicate directly or indirectly any information regarding the proceedings to anyone.

He referred to the rule that what transpired in the Select Committees could not even be discussed on the floor of the House at any stage.

After the ruling was given Sir Andrew Clow expressed regret that the All-India Radio broadcast news about the proceedings of one of the Select Committees.—A. P.

SRINIVAS IYENGAR TO WORK FOR UNITY

MASULIPATAM, March 11.

"I think I may claim to be as much in the Congress as Gandhiji is and nobody imagines that Gandhiji is not in the Congress simply because he is not a four-anna member," declared Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar replying to addresses presented to him by the local Municipal Council and other organisations at the Town Hall.

All that he wanted above all was to bring in a new spirit of non-party atmosphere into this country and with their good wishes he would certainly devote the rest of his life to the accomplishment of communal harmony.—A. P.

ALLAHABAD: A meeting of the Working Committee of the all-India Depressed Classes League will be held at Ramgarh on the occasion of the annual session of the Congress on March 20 and 21.

Sewing Examination Results

Sewing and cutting Examinations in Theory and Practice of the Students attending The Vanita Vidyalaya at Dadar Hindu Colony, were held recently and the following are the names of the successful students in order of merit:—

FINAL DIPLOMA COURSE

Mrs. Suprabha Valvude and Mrs. Rama Bhatkhande.

EIGHTEEN MONTHS' TRAINING.

Mrs. Kamala Dighe, Mrs. S. R. Kamat, Miss Indumati Patankar and Miss Ratan Tungare.

ONE YEAR'S TRAINING

Miss Anjani Chachad, Mrs. Indira Wagh, Miss Vimal Wagle, Mrs. Damayanti Kangle, Mrs. Uma Haldipur, Mrs. K. S. Saraswati, Mrs. Annapurna Keni, Miss Vimal Jagannath Tipnis and Miss Vimal Tipnis.

Miss Vimal Wagle, Miss Anjani Chachad, Miss Leele Samant, Mrs. Manorma Chapheka, Mrs. Rohini Pinge, Mrs. Shrimati Nadkarni, Miss Rangu Samant, Mrs. Shanta Deshpande and Miss Baby Sardar.

MUTT AND JEFF—Well, What's the Difference, Jeff Had No Place to Go Anyway — By BUD FISHER

COME ON, SPEED UP, MY MAN - I'M IN A HURRY!
BUT YOU HAVEN'T TOLD ME WHERE YOU WANNA GO YET!
HEY, TAXI! LOOK! CAN YOU DO THIS COIN TRICK? WATCH IT DISAPPEAR!
HEY! HEY, TAXI! DON'T CHA WANNA SEE THIS CARD TRICK I MADE UP?
NO! I CAN'T DRIVE AND WATCH YOU AT THE SAME TIME!
OH, GETTIN' NASTY, EH! WELL, I CAN GET MAD TOO!
WHERE ARE YOU GOIN'?
NONE OF YOUR BUSINESS! I WON'T TELL!
TAXI

Inter-Railway Hockey

E. I. R. WIN THIRD REPLAY

N. W. R. GO DOWN AFTER TAKING LEAD

NEW DELHI, March 12.

The third replay between the East Indian Railway and the North Western Railway in the Inter-Railway hockey tournament this afternoon ended in a win for the East Indian Railway, the score being three goals to one

The East Indian Railway had reshuffled their team for the match and had included three new players, Flower, Rowland and Mahabir This proved effective. Flower, at the inside left was particularly successful. Cowen, the centre half, played a clever game and had before him a good set of forwards

On the N. W. R. side, Asgar and Ghazi, who combined very well yesterday, failed to maintain the same standard to-day.

The N. W. R. dominated the play in the first half as the East Indian Railway started shakily and took time to settle down. The N. W. R. raided first and Joginder opened the scoring for his side in the first minute. Soon afterwards the E. I. R. goal was again in danger, when the N. W. R. forwards made a combine move, but the right-inside shot wide. Towards the close of the early half, the E. I. R., who had improved with time, counter-attacked. Their first real chance, however, to equalise was wasted by Hore, who put the ball out. Hore was concerned with another effort, after beating the right back he sent in correctly to goal. The goalie intercepted, taking the missile on his pads and cleared. The efforts of the E. I. R. to equalise were maintained and just before the close of the first half, Flower drove in a hard shot that found the net. The scorer received from Judge.

E. I. R. GO AHEAD

In the second half the E. I. R. had the better of the exchanges and worried their opponents, but apart from forcing a couple of unproductive corners their efforts to score from close range were unsuccessful, as they were generally penalised for infringements They maintained pressure and eventually Hore earned the lead for the E. I. R. with a fine run from midfield. He outwitted a series of defenders with skill and then beat the goalie. The third goal came almost immediately after. J. Lemondine, Flower and Ducassee put up a fine movement which pierced the N. W. R. defence. Ducassee shot first but Marshal, kicked, the ball clear. It reached Flower who grabbed at this chance and scored with a hard shot. The N. W. R. made great efforts, but the E. I. R. continued to be the better side until the whistle concluded the contest.

Teams:

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY: D. N. Simpson; I. Lestrange and Rowland; Mahabir, J. T. Cowen and G. Ashe; Ducassee, Hore, Judge, Flower and J. Lemondine.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY: Marshal; Gordon and Pearce; Rashid, Charanji and Pritam Singh; Bhalla, P. MacDermott, Jogindar, Asgar and Ghazi.—A. P.

AGA KHAN HOCKEY

KHATAU S. C. EARN PROMOTION

Artillery Just Scrape Home—But Deservedly

10TH HEAVY BATTERY 1; BRITANIA S. C. 0.

KHATAU S. C. 2; CATHEDRAL OLD BOYS 0.

Two further games were decided on Tuesday in the early series of the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament. The sequel was that the Britania Sports Club and Cathedral Old Boys left the competition, granting promotion to the 10th Heavy Battery R. A. and the Khatau Sports Club, respectively.

In the first game, though the Gunners won by a solitary goal, they were deserving winners, as the Britania Sports Club never looked the eventual victors at any time in this tie.

The second contest served up better hockey. The Khatau Sports, the more brainy side, won by two clear goals. Though, the victory was not undeserved, it was admitted on all sides that the Cathedral Old Boys with a little bit of luck might have used to some purpose at least two of their lost chances of scoring, and lived to fight another day. Fortune willed it the other way, and a very game side went down.

LAHORE, March 12.

In the bye-election to the Punjab Legislative Assembly from the Multan-Muzafargarh-Deraghazikhan-Non-muuslim rural constituency Shrimati Shannodevi (Congress) has been declared elected defeating Rai Bahadur Sewak Ram (independent) by an overwhelming majority.—A. P.

Tennis

SET OF 26 GAMES

Madan Mohan And C. L. Mehta Win

CALCUTTA, March 12.

As anticipated Madan Mohan and C. L. Mehta won the Men's Doubles final of the B. C. C. Lawn Tennis Tournament, but they had a long way to travel, and it was an anxious journey. Cargin and Murti, a delightful blend of youth and experience, formed the opposition

The early set ran into 12 games before the winning pair were safe. The second set was the tit-bit, rather a marathon. It was long drawn out and went to 26 games, and Cargin and Murti won. The latter did not maintain their doggedness in the decider and lost 6—2.

Results:—

OPEN MEN'S DOUBLES (FINAL):—Madan Mohan and C. L. Mehta beat P. N. Murti and C. E. Cargin, 7—5, 12—14, 6—2.

BARODA TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

BARODA, March 12.

Angelo Moses, the well-known South Indian player, won the Men's Singles title for the second year in succession in the Baroda Union Gymkhana Tennis Tournament.

Result:—

MEN'S SINGLES (FINAL):—Angelo Moses beat D. Elavia, 6—0; 6—1.

Paterson Wins Vacant Empire Fly-Weight Title

MANCHESTER, March 12.

Jacke Paterson, the British champion, won the Vacant Empire Flyweight title outpointing Kid Tanner, British Guiana in 15 rounds.—Reuter.

At times of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION let PHOSFERINE benefit you

No more sleeplessness for me. I now take PHOSFERINE regularly. It gives vigour to my nerves and keeps me free from all the consequences of nervous exhaustion. Now neuralgia, indigestion, fatigue and sleeplessness worry me no longer. Get a bottle today.

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Lassitude	Debility	Exhaustion	Headache	Maternity Weakness
Brain Fag	Indigestion	Nerve Shock	Sciatica	Anæmia

If you have the slightest difficulty in obtaining PHOSFERINE locally, send to Symonds & Co., Bombay. No charge for postage will be made

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

YUGO-SLAVIAN TENNIS STARS IN BOMBAY

(BY LOOKER-ON.)

The Tennis Season had passed off so quickly this year that few realised that it had come and gone. For reasons unknown to most people the B. P. L. T. A. had allotted only a week or so for such important tournaments as the Bombay Presidency and the Western India Championships. The result was that these competitions could not be as successful as they might have been, were they allowed sufficient time to run. There was a lot of discontent among the players too, as they found it very difficult to get away from their offices early everyday. I believe the authorities have become wiser now and they will not make the same mistake again in future. After all, these tournaments are held for the benefit of players and if they cannot take full advantage of them, they fail in their very purpose.

PUNCEC'S FORTE

The fans, however, had some satisfaction when some Exhibition Matches were staged at the C. C. I. in connection with the visit of the Yugo-Slavian stars to Bombay, during the week-end. Franjo Puncec, who is now ranked among the First Ten of the best amateur players in the world, had things practically in his own way. Neither E. V. Bobb nor F. Bekkevold could make any serious impression on him. With steadiness and accuracy as his chief forte he overpowered our men quite comfortably. As of old, Puncec showed no brilliance in his play. A confirmed base-liner that he is, he excelled in driving from both flanks. But his over-head attacks and volleys left much to be desired.

MITIC UNIMPRESSIVE

Mitic, his compatriot, suffered yet another defeat of the tour. Bekkevold being responsible for it. Strangely enough, Bobb his superior went down against the visitor. To want of practice must be attributed the defeat of the Indian player. There was nothing extraordinary in the play of Mitic either. It is no wonder therefore that the tour of the Yugo-Slavians did not arouse as much enthusiasm in this country as a foreign visit deserved. It was, however, lucky that the matches could be played at all. Jupiter Pluvius played pranks with the clouds and rain was about to wash off the engagements!

INDIAN RANKINGS

As long as the European War last, the Davis Cup Tournament will remain suspended. And there is no possibility of an Indian team visiting Europe in the near future. It would therefore be in the interest of our rising players to participate in as many of the major tournaments in India as possible. They would do well to chalk out their programme for the next season, after the A. I. L. T. A. has fixed the dates for the major competitions. The Association cannot do better than decide immediately that they would not do any more ranking. It is a pity this has led to the star players avoiding one another. But the fact must be recognised and the obstacle removed in the interest of the game itself, as they have done in England.

TRAVELLING EXPENSES

Another little point which needs to be cleared is about the travelling and hotel expenses of players going out of their provinces. Only the other day, a famous Indian hockey Captain was complaining that in his days players were happy to participate in an up-country tournament even if they had to travel in third class. But now-a-days players demanded first and second class travelling expenses and what not! It is becoming increasingly difficult for Tournament Committee to pay these heavy charges. Unless the players cut their charges down, I fear they will have no chance of playing outside their own provinces. And that will impede their own progress. It is now definite that most of the Tournament Committees would refuse to invite players who demand tall figures.

Lewis Cup Tournament

YOUNG SPORTS IN FORM

Lusitanians Poor In Quarter Final Replay

Into the replayed Lewis Cup quarter final, where Young Sports met Lusitanians "B", every player of the former team threw in all their hockey and enthusiasm and more especially would one commend G. Fernandes and Tambe for their work in the forward line. So well did these men and their colleagues of attacking quintette play that there was never any doubt about the Lusitanians not entering the semi-final stage of the tournament. The Young Sports repeatedly out manoeuvred the opposite defence, and the Lusitanian's backs and halves did not appear at all happy against these sprightly raiders.

Seeing the Young Sports play after a spell of time with some fresh talent, a critic feels optimistic of their efforts to come, in more classic company. Leaving the Young Sports forward line, the pair they have behind are really good, F. de Souza and Ismail Khan, and the Lusitanian so well, that it can be said that the Lusi's were never really penetrative.

On Tuesday G. M. Khan, who played at centre half, was the inspiration of the whole side. He carefully did his job as a defender, and then kept his forwards going. He also found time to make excursions upfield and join in attack

The Lusitanians forward line was much below par. Fans have not seen them put up such a deplorable show. They could never get going.

Behind a forward line that lost the ball almost every time they might have manipulated it to some purpose, the defence had a trying 60 minutes.

In short Young Sports were worthy winners. S. de Mello scored a point for them in the tenth minute of the early half. Towards the close Tambe with some delicious dubbling did the spade work for goal No. 2. He rightly timed a passed, which G. Penha got to, and Leo Pinto, in the Lusitanian goal, was guessing and sloshed the ball out in disgust.

Two goals is no true index. Young Sports were full value for at least 4 points if they had collected these

The teams:—

YOUNG SPORTS:—Millard; F. de Souza and Ismail Khan; Agre, G. M. Khan and M. Cohen; S. de Mello, S. V. Tambe, C. Murzello, G. Penha and G. Fernandes.

LUSITANIANS "B":—L. Pinto; D. J. Fernandes and J. Fernandes; C. de Costa, C. de Souza and V. de Souza; DLima, F. Fernandes, A. Fernandes, N. Fernandes and F. Rosario.

First Semi-Final

St. Xaviers Stadium—March 14 (Thursday), 5-30 p.m., St. Xavier's College "A" vs. Young Sports.

'BHARAT' MANAGER'S TEA PARTY TO SIR LUKHADIRAJ

To meet H. H. Maharam Saheb Sir Lukhdhirji Bahadur, a tea party was given by the Managers of the Bharat Insurance Co. and the Dalmia Cement Ltd., on Tuesday evening.

Mr. H. N. Ashar, Manager of the Bharat Insurance Co. welcoming His Highness, said that the growth of Indian insurance business during the last few years was phenomenal.

It was gratifying that two-third of the total business in India was in the hands of the Indian Companies This, he said, was due to the patriotic spirit of the public.

He emphasised the great part played by insurance in the economic life of a country.

H. H. Sir Lukhdhirji, in reply said that he was proud of the Bharat Insurance Co. and the Dalmia Cement Ltd. as both of them were national concerns and wished them prosperity.

MULTAN, March 11.

In connection with the [illegible] two insured parcels containing Rs. 44,000 it is understood that both the parcels were addressed to Messrs Ralli Brothers.—A. P.

NO DAVIS CUP THIS YEAR

Tennis Becomes A War "Casualty"

LONDON (By Air Mail.)

Tennis has become a war casualty. For the first time since 1919 there will be no competition for the Davis Cup. In the absence of a challenger, this international trophy, for which so many battles have been fought, will be retained by Australia, the winners in 1939. It will wait on its shelf for the return of peace to a world in which international tennis matches can again have a place.

The Davis Cup, which has probably aroused as much interest internationally as any other sporting trophy was first played for 1902. Since then it has been won by the British Isles and Australia on sixteen occasions. The United States comes next with eleven victories and France, the only other winner, has carried it off six times.

It was obviously not possible for the 1940 competition to be held, for, in any case, many of the most prominent tennis players in these countries are serving with the Forces.

GRAND NATIONAL CALL-OVER

LONDON, March 12.

Following is the callover for the Grand National:—

100 to 7 Kilstar and Sterling Duke, both offered, both 15 to 1 taken.

100 to 6 Symaethis offered, 20 to 1 taken.

18 to 1 Venturesome Knight offered, 20 to 1 taken

28 to 1 Workman offered, 33 to 1 taken.—Reuter.

OUR RAILWAYS AT PLAY.

A start has been made in the annual Inter-Railway Tournaments which are a feature of India's sports season for the last nine years.

The ball was set with hockey on March 7 and now we have left the M. S. M. Railway and the E. I. Railway, who meet in the second semi-final, the winners of this match meet the G. I. P. Railway in the final. The G. I. P. are favourites for the hockey championship.

The Tennis Tournament open to railways has attracted only four teams. These are:—The G. I. P., North Western, the East India and South Indian.

Three entries figure in the Inter-Railway Golf Tournament draw: The North Western, the East Indian and the G. I. P.

The Railway's annual athletic meet will take place at the Irwin Amphitheatre on March 15 and 16

The following teams will participate:—

B. B. and C. I. Railway, M. and S. M. Railway, S. I. Railway, E. B. Railway, E. I. Railway, G. I. P. Railway, N.-W. Railway, H. E. H. the Nizam's State Railway, Jodhpur Railway, Bikaner State Railway and Railway Board

HOW TO GREET GANDHIJI

RAMGARH, March 11.

"If you want to respect Gandhiji, then present him your handspun threads." with these words admirers of Gandhiji were being requested all over the Congress Nagar to greet Gandhiji, whose arrival also was announced this evening from moving motor bus fitted with loud speakers.—United Press.

BEST OPPORTUNITY

WANTED capable **Organisers** for every district of Bombay Presidency on Salary and T. A. or on commission basis with better future prospects and security of service. Previous experience in the line preferable. People well connected and able to guarantee business in the first year need apply or see:

B. S. PANDIT,
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Pherozeshah Mehta Road, P. B. 814, Bombay.

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DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Expected To Be Self-Supporting

NEW DELHI, March 10.

During the first six months of the Department of Supply's existence, orders in excess of normal trading secured from abroad for Indian industry amount to Rs. 14,50,00,000. All such orders are at various stages of compliance but in some cases delivery will not be completed for some months ahead. It is, therefore, difficult to give an accurate comparison of the Department's revenue in relation to expenditure until figures of a full year's working are available.

The commission due on orders already secured is substantially in excess of the Rs. 7 lakhs of expenditure incurred during the first six months of working. This low figure of expenditure is attributable in no small measure to the assistance willingly rendered by Indian industry placing the services of some of its most experienced men, free of cost, at the disposal of the Department of Supply.

Estimates made on a conservative basis but with due regard to the results so far achieved and future prospects indicate that there is every justification for anticipating that from its inception to the end of the financial year 1940-41 the Department of Supply will be self-supporting.

The position in a nutshell is that the service of securing the enormous orders in excess of normal for Indian industry is being paid for by the buyer with every reasonable prospect of there being no charge whatsoever to the Indian taxpayer.—United Press.

"Fouji Akhbar" And U. P. Rural Workers

LUCKNOW March 11.

With reference to the Provincial Congress Committee's instructions to Congressmen connected with Rural Development Association in the Province regarding the "Fouji Akhbar", (war news) it is pointed out in Government circles that these bulletins contained "bona fide" news and were not propaganda at all.

It is emphasized that it is part of the duty of Rural Development organisers to read out newspapers to the villagers and as such the addition of one more news sheet to the number of newspapers ought not to make any difference.—A. P

First Step In Prohibition In Kaira District

NADIAD, (By Mail.)

First step in prohibition is taken by the Bombay Government by closing 14 liquor shops in the district of Kaira from 1st April 1940. The first meeting of the Kaira District Congress Committee was held in Seva Mandir, and the office bearers were elected:—

The meeting of the Nadiad Municipality was held under the presidentship of Mr. Chunibhai Patel and passed a resolution to give an additional pay of one month more to those Harijan sweepers, who may give full eight months continuous services as bonus.

Nizam's Railway Situation Worsening

SECUNDERABAD, (By Mail.)

The Administration's hostility towards the Union and victimization have increased during the week. Transportation staff are being warned against joining the Railway Union, and all active members of the Union are being one after another victimized.

Thus the Administration is now resorting to methods of striking terror in the minds of the men and to Union-breaking tactics. Withal this the morale of the men is excellent.

Meetings were held during the week at all important sub-stations and at Headquarters, to demand arbitration for the settlement of the Service Agreement dispute and to urge the restoration of "status quo" in the relationship between the Administration and the Union.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Corporation Walk-Out

To The Editor of "The Chronicle.

Sir,—There was a good deal of commotion in yesterday's meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation over the so-called packing of Committees with Congress candidates. We have now come to this position in the country that the non-Congress groups want to claim the privilege of a majority when they are in a majority and when they are in a minority they resent being treated as minority and oppose the Congress getting the advantage of the majority. In the Bombay Municipal Corporation with regard to these Committees, the majority party did provide for seats for the different minorities. What about the Bandra Municipality, however, for instance, where last year the strength of the Congress Party was 19, and the strength of all other elements combined was 21? All these other elements included Mahomedans, so-called independents two members of the so-called untouchable class, etc. Though the Congress Party was only two less in number, not a single member of the Congress Party was included in any of the Committees. This year the elections have again taken place a few days back, and the strength of the parties was: Congress 17, the rest 22 and 1 Independent. Again, this time not a single Congress member has been taken on any of the Committees. In fact there is a rigid exclusion of every Congress member. The gentlemen who paraded a walk-out in the Bombay Municipal Corporation may well consider the attitude which the non-Congress parties have taken in Bandra regarding the exclusion of Congress members, and then criticise the Congress adversely, though in Bombay the Congress Party has not followed the policy of rigid exclusion.—Yours, etc.

"X. Y. Z."

Bombay, March 5.

Muslim Progressive Group

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I was surprised to read a report in the Saturday issue of "The Bombay Chronicle", about a meeting of the so-called "newly formed Muslim Progressive Group", held at Chottani Jamatkhana, Kambeker Street, Bombay. In fact, the meeting was called to form a Muslim Progressive Group and the proposal fell flat by a majority of four votes, with several persons remaining neutral. In the absence of Mr. Mohamed Ahsan, President of the Muslim League Workers' Board, which was recently dissolved in view of a resolution passed by the Working Committee of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League, Mr. Kokil, a Muslim Gujarati writer, presided over the meeting held at Chottani Jamatkhana, last Friday night. Mr. Ahsan came to the meeting about an hour late, but did not preside. There was considerable difference of opinion in regard to the formation of the Progressive Muslim Group, as it could not serve any useful purpose to give effect to the policy and programme of the Muslim League.

This was the general opinion of those who opposed the proposal. Some were of opinion that such a group could not be formed according to the rules and regulations of the All-India Muslim League.

The meeting terminated at about 12-30 a.m. without forming a group of Progressive Muslims. No Committee was formed. I hope this correction will remove the misunderstanding caused in the general public by the incorrect report published in your paper.—Yours, etc.

IBRAHIM HAJI MAHOMED MISTRY.

68, Ali Umer Street, Bombay, 3.

Mill Clerks' Plight

To The Editor of 'The Chronicle."

Sir,—It is reported in majority of the papers that mill labourers are picketing the mill gates non-violently, but it is rarely brought to the notice of the public that poor clerks of time-keepers' office and others who have to attend to their clerical work in the mills are obstructed and badly abused by the picketers and also severely beaten by unemployed workers. It is hardly possible for the police to protect them; but watchful police squads in certain locality—especially from the Crown Mill to Apollo Mill (DeLisle Road) and from Worli Century Mills to the end of Globe Mill passage connecting DeLisle Road, are absolutely necessary to protect the poor clerks. It is not known when the strike will come to an amicable end. But, in the meantime, these clerks are required to keep the accounts of the workers' earned wages together with the pay-tickets, and if they do not keep these ready, the payment of workers will naturally be delayed by a week, when the strike comes to an end. These facts the labour leaders nor the workers care to understand and unnecessarily trouble the clerks who have to pass through difficult times as there is no-one to take care of them. On the contrary their fate is like a shuttle-cock between the Employers and the labourers. Will the labour leaders care to understand these facts and order their men to stop troubling the clerks unnecessarily, and will the Police authorities keep a good watch over the abovementioned locality"?—Yours, etc.

"EXPERIENCE."

Bombay, March 9.

PRINCES DEMAND PLENIPOTENTIARY STATUS

(Continued from page 1.)

described by certain interested critics as obstacles in the path of the ordered progress of India and the States. "We have been accused glibly of conspiring with the British Government against the political evolution of our motherland. These are baseless insinuations, which we emphatically repudiate. Our traditions and our actions belie all such charges. We stand for India attaining its full stature wherein all competent parts and interests and classes may be assured the fullest scope for it under the aegis of the British Crown for obvious reasons."

SAFEGUARDS AND GUARANTEES

The second part of the resolution, said the Jamsahib, laid down three fundamental conditions which must be the basis of any constitution to which the Princes could subscribe and which were necessary for the stable working of any constitution in the existing circumstances of India. These conditions were, firstly an effective provision of essential guarantees, and safeguards for the preservation of the sovereignty and autonomy of the States and for the protection of their rights under treaties, engagements, sanads or otherwise. Secondly a specific provision that no unit should be placed in a position to dominate the others or to interfere with the rights and safeguards guaranteed to them, and thirdly, the assurance that all parties would get their due share and fair play in the actual working of the constitution.

The working of the present constitution in the provincial sphere already shown that certain safeguards which had been provided in the Act have not worked as contemplated."

BOGEY OF POPULAR AGITATION

Proceeding the Jamsahib said, "If India is to progress on the path of ordered evolution, there should be a specific constitutional obligation and a moral code of honour amongst the units composing India, that no unit should be in a position to dominate or permit unfriendly acts against the others. Let it be clearly understood that the Indian Princes are not averse to progress within their territories and they have already given proof of their bona fides in this matter, by the association and by laying down the basis of their people with administrative reforms in the States. We are determined to move from precedent to precedent. Nevertheless we feel that it would be a sad tradition if people from one unit, be it a State or a Province, are permitted to march into the territory of the other unit in order to coerce its duly constituted authority to take decisions in matters within its competence. Such tendencies which have lately exhibited themselves, if not arrested in time, would be an invitation to civil war in the country which all patriotic Indians must join their hands to avert."

TRIPARTITE AGREEMENT

The Maharaja of Bikaner welcomed the announcement made on behalf of the British Government that the goal of British policy in India was the attainment by India of the full status of a dominion. "The Princes are, however, doing nothing more than their duty to their States and to their people in emphasising that essential guarantees and safeguards for the preservation of the sovereignty of the States and for the protection of their rights and interests arising from treaties.

No solution which omits to take into consideration the fundamental fact of the complete freedom of the States in regard to such matters and their unchallengable equality with British India can obviously be acceptable to the States." The Mararaja made it clear that there were not two, but three parties namely the Crown, the Indian States and British India and "any agreement must be tripartite, and must be negotiated freely so far as the States were concerned."

REPLY TO CONGRESS

Proceeding, the Maharaja of Bikaner, said:—"It has been alleged in Congress circles that the Princes are an imperial creation. If one might point out in all friendliness, it is British India which is the creation of the British Government.

The allegation has also been heard that the Princes are unfriendly to the Congress. But that is not a correct statement of the position. It is the Congress, however, which has of late shown active hostility to the States, and some of its foremost leaders have expressed the view that they do not want the States in the Federation and that they would tear up the treaties of the States as it they were scraps of paper and even that they would like to see the States done away.

The Maharaja Dewas (Junior) said: "The Princes historically and traditionally are a basic fact of Indian existence. They are much more a fact that minority or other problem, which at their very best were the products of political expediency. To pretend to ignore this fact or to brush it aside airily as being a part and parcel of the imperial British existence is to do both material and mental violence. It is all the more surprising that it is done by apostles of non-violence." He referred to the recent statement of Mr. Rajagopalachariar that the States problem was one for preliminary settlement subject to which the ideal of the Constituent Assembly was to be pursued. "So far," he said, "this represents the only attempt at a constructive contribution towards a solution of the Indian States problem made by any leader from British India.

The resolution was further supported and carried unanimously.

Sir Bertrand Glancy, Political Adviser to His Excellency the Crown representative announced that the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar and the Maharaja Bikaner were duly elected Chancellor and pro-Chancellor respectively for the year.

On the motion of Maharaja of Bikaner, the Chamber recorded a resolution appreciating the services of the Jam Saheb to the Chamber and to the princely order.

ATTITUDE TOWARDS FEDERATION

The Chancellor, the Jam Saheb in his concluding statement referred to the question of Federation. He said the Princes had approached the question with the fullest sense of responsibility which rested upon them. "Our attitude has not been and will never be, one of negative obstruction. On the other hand we have always approached this question with an earnest desire, which we still cherish, namely to ensure the much desired unity in the constitutional structure of India."

Apart from other things, said the Chancellor, the political situation and the hostility in British India towards the States proved a decisive factor with the Princes. It was felt that the attitude of a large section in British India towards the Crown and the recent experience or organised subversive movements from British India against the States did not in the existing circumstances provide that basis which was essential for a closer union between British India and the States." As for the future, the Chancellor urged for legal and statutory provision for the effective protection of the rights and interests of the States.

Referring to administrative reforms in the State the Chancellor explained that the decision in that matter rested with the individual rulers and their Governments.

His Excellency the Viceroy in adjourning the Session 'sine die' thanked the Rulers for their assistances to him in conducting the proceedings of the Chamber

The Chamber was adjourned 'sine die.—A.P.

HYDARI'S CALL TO FRONTIER YOUTH

As Sons Of India Guard India's Northern Gateway

PESHAWAR, March 10.

Sir Akbar Hydari speaking at the Islamia College this evening, while unveiling the tablet of the Osmania Hostel, advised the students to throw in their lot for the common service of the country and thereby make the contribution of Islam to the civilisation of the world.

SONS OF INDIA

Referring to the great historic past of the Frontier since the time of Buddha and Alexander the Great, Sir Akbar Hydari said that Frontier youth would distinguish themselves in the art of living and asked them to remember that while they were bound by intimate ties with Islamic countries, including millions of Muslims in Russia and China, they were sons of India and guardians of India's northern gateway.

About 1,500 guests from all over the Province were present, and included H. E. Sir George Cunningham, Governor, Dr. Khan Sahib, former Premier of the Frontier Province, Mr. Malik Kuda Bux, Nawabs and Princes, and officials and non-officials.

An address was presented to Sir Akbar Hydari on behalf of the College Council. Sir Akbar was enrolled as the honorary life member of the Khyber Union.

This morning Sir Akbar, Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, and party visited the Mohamamed Border and lunched at Umarzai with Khan Bahadur Sadullah.

Enemy Aliens At Nagar

Over 500 Released Up To Date

NEW DELHI, March 11.

Of about 900 enemy aliens arrested and placed in confinement in the Central Internment Camp at Ahmednagar, over 500 have been released up to date, including more than 300 Jewish refugees and a hundred missionaries. Orders for internment have been passed on over 200, while nearly 150 cases still remain to be examined; it is expected that all these will have been finished by the end of this month.

Each internee's case is being carefully examined by a committee presided over by Sir Malcolm Darling, and assisted by Interrogators who are proficient in German. Releases are ordered where they are not incompatible with public safety.

In the camp itself an attempt is being made, pending conclusion of the examination of all the prisoners, to keep Nazis separate from non-Nazis.—United Press.

SOCIALIST PARTY'S SYMPATHY WITH BOMBAY WORKERS

LUCKNOW, March 12.

The Executive Committee of the All-India Congress Socialist Party met this morning, Acharya Narendra Deo presiding.

Resolutions sending greetings to the members of the Party and other comrades, who have been imprisoned till now, expressing deep sympathy with the workers all over the country in their fight for dear-living allowance, and taking note of the general strike of the Bombay textile workers in which 1,60,000 workers and their families are involved and congratulating the workers for the disciplined manner in which they are conducting the strike, were passed.—United Press.

Nagpur Workers' Sympathy For Bombay Strikers

NAGPUR, March 11.

At a meeting of workers tonight, under the Presidentship of Mr. R S. Ruikar, President of the Provincial Trade Union Congress, a resolution was unanimously adopted expressing sympathy with the workers of the Bombay Textile Industry, who are on strike, and congratulating them for the lead which they had given to workers in their fight for dearness allowance.

The resolution also protested against the restrictions placed against the Bombay workers in their activities.—A.P.

Turkistan Pilgrims Arrested

KARACHI, March 9.

Party of five pilgrims from Turkistan was arrested from Pilgrims' Camp last night and 31 tolas of Turkish opium seized from their possession. The party was sent up for trial to-day before the City Magistrate.—A.P.

Twenty Mills Fined

AHMEDABAD, March 11.

Twenty mills were prosecuted by the Smoke Nuisance Committee and fined in the aggregate over Rs. 1,000 in the course of the last year.—A.P.

Military College Move

KARACHI, March 8.

A scheme for establishing a Military College in Sind at a cost of Rs. ten lakhs was considered by the Sub-Committee appointed for raising funds last week. It is proposed to open physical training classes at Sukkur to be named after Bhagat Kunwar Ram, who was shot dead during November last at a railway station.

The Committee will shortly issue an appeal to raise funds for the above.—A. P.

Assam Ministers' Salaries Bill

SHILLONG March 11.

It is understood that two members of the Ministerialist Group have given notice of amendments to the Assam Ministers' Salaries and Allowances Bill, fixing Rs 1,500 per mensem, including a house and car allowance, for the Premier and Rs. 800 for the other ministers.—A. P.

WHERE LIBERALS DISAGREE WITH CONGRESS

Paranjpye Criticises Gandhiji For Bringing Religion In Politics

POONA, Mar. 12.

Constituent Assembly may be one of the ways of attaining unity, but informal talks and meetings between the leaders of various communities and parties must be held so as to reach some sort of agreement and understanding between them before this question is taken up to bring it to a success, observed Dr. R. P. Paranjpye, President of the National Liberal Federation, speaking on the "Liberal Outlook" at the Gokhale Hall in connection with the "Advance of India Lecture Series" last evening.

Continuing the speaker criticised the Congress and Mahatma Gandhi for having imbibed religion in politics and the philosophy of absolute non-violence and direct action adopted by them and said that these are some of the points where the Liberals could not agree with the Congress.—A. P.

Congress Souvenir

RAMGARH, March 9.

The Ramgarh Congress Souvenir, which is to be published during the Congress week, promises to be a publication of outstanding importance.

Richly got up and profusely illustrated, the Souvenir will publish articles from men like the President-elect, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Dr. B. Pattabhi, Sitaramayya, Dr. Bhagwandas, Prof. Humayun Kabir, Mr. J. B. Kripalani, Mr. J. C. Kumarappa, Mr. Bharatan Kumarappa, Mr. E. W. Aryanayakam and others. Dr. Tagore, has sent a specially composed poem for the publication, and Mahatma Gandhi has sent his blessings.

Mr. G. C. Sondhi, the Publicity, Officer of the Ramgarh Congress, along with Mr. S. B. Roy Chowdhury of Calcutta, is editing the Souvenir. Mr. Nandalal Basu has specially designed the cover-page as also a number of live sketches, along with "Piciel", the well-known feature artist of Calcutta.—United Press.

THIRD BENGALEE CARMELITE

CALCUTTA, March 12.

The third Bengali girl to join the rigid Christian Order of the Carmelites was admitted to the convent of "Mount Carmel of Christ, the King" here yesterday.

More purdahnashin than the occupants of an Indian harem, the seventeen nuns of the Carmelite order in Calcutta show their faces to none, not even to the priest, who conducts the services in their Church in the Convent. Their only contact with the outside world is a lady who waiting in a separate room, receives messages from the nuns through a screened space in a wall. Through this space the lady, who is called a touries, delivers the daily necessities of the convent.

With all windows veiled by inverted Venetians, the Carmelites have contact with the world only when strictly necessary. The convent now has three Bengali inmates, six Belgians, two Tamilians and six Anglo-Indians. It was established two and a half years ago by four Belgian Carmelites. Two other convents of the order are in South India.

Living in penance and prayer, the life of a Carmelite is one of hardship and the nuns depend on themselves for all the domestic work of the convent. The order subsists on charity.—A. P.

Ban On Lathis In Hyderabad

HYDERABAD (Deccan) March 12.

The carrying of weapons including lathis, in public processions is prohibited for a period of six months from to-day all over the city.

This act has been taken as a precautionary measure in view of public processions that are to be taken out in the city in connection with different religious celebrations in the city.—A. P.

ARBITRATION, THE ONLY WAY

(Continued from page 6)

ple more to workers than what they have offered, because otherwise the safety and prosperity of the industry would be at stake. If the Association is cocksure of its position the millowners would lose nothing by submitting their case to an independent Arbitrator.

Srinivasa Iyengar Wants Trained Journalists

Support To Separate Province For Andhras

MASULIPATAM, March 11.

"The big stick of the Congress on one side and that of Mr. Jinnah on the other were proving disastrous to the country", declared Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar presiding over the anniversary of the Andhra Provincial Journalists Association.

He said "people might talk of a new dispensation and world order, but he did not want the rule of the "Grand Mogul" or the "Hindu Raj" of ancient times to come back, if all this talk of a new dispensation should lead in that direction. He would be always just to the Congress and to the Muslim League and wished that both should come together".

Mr. Iyengar sounded a note of warning to journalists not to identify themselves with one political party or another in the exercise of their profession. He condemned "communal journalism" in strong terms and said this was solely responsible for all the evils and ills prevailing in the country at present.

Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar said he was in complete agreement with Andhras in their demand for a separate province of their own.

Referring to the suggestion that a systematic course of training should be instituted for journalists, Mr. Iyengar remarked that the Andhra and Madras Universities would be doing a real service to the cause of journalism if they instituted courses of training on the subject.—A. P.

HUNDRED KISANS ARRESTED

LUCKNOW, March 11.

More than 100 Kisans are reported to have been arrested for offering Satyagraha in the Kurshi Dhauli Estate Mela (Raibareli) organised by the Estate in connection with the Shivratri festival.

It is stated that they offered Satyagraha as a protest against some action of the Estate authorities.

SHILLONG, March 11.

In the course of a discussion on a cut to criticise the Government for taking no action on the conduct of the police and the military on the occasion of the shooting incident at Digboi, Sir Muhammad Saadulla, Chief Minister of Assam, observed that he could certainly have taken with determination any action on the conduct of an officer, however exalted he might be, if the charges brought against him were amply proved. The cut was lost by 54 votes to 40.—A. P.

One Villager Shot Dead, Several Wounded, Houses Looted

AHMEDABAD, March 12.

One villager is reported to have been shot-dead and several others were injured in an encounter with dacoits in avillage in Kaira district.

It appears that a gang of armed dacoits raided the village of Dabhsar at dead of night and started looting the houses of patidars and firing shots at which other villagers collected and resisted the dacoits. The dacoits decamped with a booty worth about Rs 1,700—A. P.

SRINIVASA SASTRI TO QUIT VICE-CHANCELLORSHIP

CHIDAMBARAM, March 11

It is believed that the Rt Hon. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri, Vice-Chancellor, Annamalai University, may desire to be relieved of his duties at the beginning of the next academic year in July for reasons of health.—A. P.

Of course that rule comes first. For Inner Cleanliness is the very beginning of health! And to make absolutely certain that deep-down Inner Cleanliness is *your* natural day-by-day state, you need Andrews Liver Salt. Immediately you drink your bubbling tonic glass of Andrews it cleans the tongue and refreshes the mouth. Next, it settles the stomach and corrects acidity—only in this way can the breath be clean and sweet. Then Andrews wakes up the liver and checks any tendency to biliousness.

And finally—to make your Inner Cleanliness complete—it clears the bowels gently and efficiently. Andrews is a delicious health drink. It is the gradual and natural corrective of constipation. Take it regularly—the same dose is always effective. And, don't forget, Andrews has just the right ingredients in the right proportions to give you *complete Inner Cleanliness and the buoyant health that follows.*

Observe, then, this first and foremost rule of health—Inner Cleanliness. Handy size (4 oz.) As. 11. Large size (double quantity) Rs. 1/4.

For Inner Cleanliness be regular with your

ANDREWS LIVER SALT

The Ideal Tonic Laxative

Having taken Andrews for the past seven years, I would not be without it. I can truthfully say that Andrews has given me slimness and the healthy fitness that keeps me young. I am 41—but look 35, thanks to Andrews.—P.C.M.

"KISAN NAGAR"—ANOTHER CITY OF HUTS IN RAMGARH

Preparations For Anti-Compromise Conference Almost Complete

KISAN NAGAR (By Mail).

The Kisans of Bihar have succeeded in raising a city of bamboos and tents on the bank of Damodar within half a mile from Congress Nagar, at Ramgarh.

Within few days complete arrangements for the All-India Anti-Compromise Conference will be complete. The kisan volunteers under the leadership of Mr. Dhanraj Sharma are working day and night to make the conference a huge success.

A large number of volunteers will be arriving in Kisan Nagar within next few days from every corner of Bihar and other provinces to assist in the arrangements of the conference.

The Jhanda Chauk of the Conference has been named as Mazdoor Chauk and it is expected that thousands of workers from Jamshedpur, Jamalpur, and Dalmianagar will march to Kisan Nagar to join in their voice of protest against any compromise with imperialism.

The following is the programme Subjects Committee March 18. Open Session March 19 and 20.

Delegation Fee Re 1 and membership of the Reception Committee Rs. 5. A Shahid Park is also being constructed where the lamps will be lighted after the names of different national martyrs. Anti-Imperialist organisations are requested to send the names of those national heroes who laid down their lives for the liberation of motherland.

STUDENTS TO MEET

It is proposed to hold a meeting of all those students who are coming to attend the Congress Session and the All-India Anti-Imperialist Conference at Ramgarh, with a view to have an informal discussion or the attitude to be adopted by the students in near future.

Mr. Ansar Harvani, a former General Secretary of the All-India Students' Federation and the President of the U. P. Students' Federation who has arrived here has issued the following statement.

"It is now certain that if the Congress 'High Command' fails to give the marching orders just after Ramgarh session, the progressive forces in the country namely the Kisans, the workers and the youth will have to take their own course and launch on direct action on their own initiative.

APPEAL TO LEFTISTS

MADRAS, March 11.

A resolution appealing to leftists to attend the Anti-Compromise conference at Ramgarh on March 19 and 20 was passed at a meeting of the Madras Forward Bloc held here. A labour subcommittee was also formed at the meeting. —A. P.

Arrest Of Labour Leaders And Restrictive Orders Are Violation Of Official Declarations, Says Nariman

In a statement protesting against the arrest of Bombay Labour Leaders Mr. K. F. Nariman, M.L.A., Secretary, Civil Libertics Union, Bombay writes:—

The 'Defence of India Act' of 1939 and rules made thereunder are much more oppressive than the Black (Rowlott) Act. It is operating for weeks past; normal and innocent activities are curtailed, and it assails fundamental civil rights and liberties. Still, apart from some feeble and impatient protests, we have not heard of any serious opposition or resistance.

Some of the provisions are dreadfully drastic, and so much interfere with our daily routine life, that it would be difficult even for the most loyal and law-abiding citizens to live without, carelessly or inadvertently committing some breach, and thus coming in its clutches; most innocent and harmless pursuits are prohibited, and personal liberties assailed, such as a change in names, a wearing of certain kind of costumes, singing, speaking, gesticulating, drilling, lighting etc. These are most normal human pursuits or domestic requirements, and they are, under particular circumstances, offences under the Act liable to heavy penalties.

Conscious of the abnormal nature of the measure and apprehending popular resentment, the highest and most responsible officials, at the time of its promulgation, gave public assurances, that its operation would be restricted to its original aims and objects namely:—"Special measures to ensure the public safety, and for the defence of British India." to be applied only in the time of grave emergency whereby security of India is threatened by War." Thus it is clear that these unusual provisions were to be applied only in the event of extreme and grave emergency such as an impending external attack.

Both the Viceroy in India, and Secretary of State in British Parliament, have repeatedly declared that the normal and legitimate pursuits of the citizens will not be interfered with, and hence it was understood that none of the ordinary labour or political activities would be dealt with under the Act.

PROMISE VIOLATED

The arrest of Labour Leaders in Bombay and promulgation of the restrictive orders under the Defence of India Act, are indirect violation of these official and authentic declarations and promises

Apart from merits or demerits of the strike, or the reasons for these arrests it now becomes the duty of every citizen who is a lover of civil liberty, to raise a strong protest on principle against this uncalled for encroachment and stand by the just cause of Labour.

BE DISCIPLINED AND RESPECT YOUR MASTERS

Federal Court Judge's Advice To Students

LAHORE, March 11.

The value of discipline to the students was emphasised by Sir M. Srinivasa Vardachariar, Judge of the Federal Court of India, presiding at the annual prize giving ceremony of the D. A. V. College Lahore this evening.

Sir Srinivasa Vardachariar deplored strikes and indiscipline in educational institutions.

The analogy of strike, he said, was borrowed from trade unions and that had no place in the minds of the students. The whole theory proceeded on the conflict of interests between labour and capital but it did not find any place in the relation of students with the teachers.

Quoting Hindu scriptures he said the guru (teacher) was more important than the father. There were occasions when the educational authorities had to be severe but it must be realised that they did it with a view to doing good to the students.

Sir S. Vardachariar appealed to the students to cultivate discipline and not to resort to strikes.

He advised the students to live to the ideals of docility, confidence and respect for the masters, thirst for knowledge and love of God.—A. P.

KARACHI, March 11.

KARACHI.—The Governor laid the foundation stone of the new 2nd Assembly Hall in the presence of a large and distinguished gathering.

BAJAJ MEETS GANDHIJI

Talks On Jaipur Situation

WARDHA, Mar. 11.

Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, who arrived here from Jaipur after meeting the Prime Minister of Jaipur had a meeting with Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon. It is understood that he apprised Mahatma Gandhi with the Jaipur political situation and further talks he had had with the Prime Minister in two interviews.

Seth Jamnalal is leaving for Ramgarh on March 13.

Mahatma Gandhi with party leaves on Tuesday evening for Ramgarh for opening the Congress Exhibition on March 14.—A. P.

DACOIT KILLED AND 20 ARRESTED

JALGAON, March 11.

An encounter between a gang of dacoits and a party of police in which a number of them received injuries, necessitating their removal to hospital, occurred in the village of Shirsoli, a village near Jalgaon.

It is reported after committing a dacoity in the house of one Mukunda Vishnu, the raiders attempted to escape with their booty, but were surprised by a party of police. The dacoits greeted the policemen with a barrage of stones and the police, it is alleged, opened fire on them, inflicting some injuries.

One of the dacoits, who was wounded by gunshot, is alleged to have been killed by his associates.

Police have made 20 arrests in this connection. The stolen property it is stated, has not been recovered.—A. P.

OM MANDALI IN SIND ASSEMBLY

Prosecutions Withdrawn After Imposition Of Ban

KARACHI, March 3.

Echo of Om Mandli affairs was heard in the Assembly to-day when Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidayatullah, Home Minister, informed the House during question hour that there were in all 13 criminal prosecutions filed against Dada Lekhraj and his associates both by the Government and by private persons.

He added that these were since withdrawn as the institution has been banned.

Asked whether Government are aware that Bhai Lekhraj still continued his activities and that public opinion was greatly agitated over the ineffectiveness of the banning order. Sir Ghulam Hussain replied that the Om Mandli had since ceased to function.—A. P.

NEW ASSEMBLY HALL FOR SIND

Electorates The Final Authorities, Says Speaker

KARACHI, March 11.

"It is a cardinal principle of provincial autonomy that the Government is fully responsible to the Assembly and it becomes the more important that the Assembly members who in turn are fully responsible to the people should be seen in action by their electors, and from this point of view it is incumbent on Government to provide suitable facilities to the visitors to hear them in the Assembly Hall", observed Syed Miran Mohamed Shah, Speaker, Sind Assembly, this evening requesting the Governor to perform the foundation-stone laying ceremony of the new Assembly Hall and buildings.

The new buildings which are estimated to cost Rs. 16 lakhs will also accommodate Secretariat offices.—A. P.

BENGAL'S POLICE BUDGET DEMAND

CALCUTTA, Mar. 11.

"At least forty to fifty per cent of the released detenus are still active. Their secret organisations still exist," declared Sir Nazimuddin, Home Minister, in the Bengal Legislative Assembly replying to the debate on the Police Budget this afternoon. The entire demand of Rs. 2,12,92,000 was sanctioned without a cut.

Cut motions moved by opposition members were all rejected without a division.

The House also sanctioned the demand for grant of Rs. 34,49,000 under head 'Jails and Convict Settlements' without a cut.

BRISK WORK AFTER DINNER.

A dinner provided by the Revenue Minister, Sir B. P. Singh Roy, in the Assembly Hall tonight to members of both Houses of the Legislature preceded the first night sitting of the Lower House to dispose of an urgent Government Bill.

The members reassembled at 9-30 p.m. and took up consideration of the measure entitled the Bengal Non-Agricultural (temporary provisions) Bill, 1940. It provides for the stay of all suits and proceedings in courts of law for ejectment of non-agricultural tenants for a period of two years, pending enactment of further legislation.

All clauses except one were dealt with to-night and the House adjourned at 10-45 p.m.—A.P.

Sir M. Saadulla's Tribute To Bardoloi

SHILLONG, March 11.

The stout defence action of the police officers during the Digbol strike was put forward by Sir Muhammed Saadulla, Premier, when he replied to the cut motion of Mr. Lakheswar Barooah on the police budget in the Assembly after lunch to-day.

TRIBUTE TO EX-PREMIER

Towards the beginning of the speech the Premier complimented Mr. Bardoloi, his predecessor in office, for the "businesslike attitude" he took in this regard while in office and even now with regard to this motion.

The cut motion was defeated by 54 to 40 votes.—United Press.

ROY TO PRESIDE OVER CRIMINAL TRIBES CONFERENCE.

MUZAHARPURI, March 12.

Mr. M. N. Roy, it is understood, will preside over the second session of the All India Criminal Tribes Conference to be held here during the Congress session. The A. I. C. C. pandal will be used for the purpose of the conference. —United Press Congress Special.

National Guards Rally

Volunteers Asked To Be Ready For Coming Struggle

The fifth anniversary of the Bombay National Guards was celebrated at the Gwalia Tank maidan on Sunday with a flag salutation and a rally of volunteers. There was also a route march of the volunteers along the principal streets of the City.

Sjt. Gunanand Muzumdar, Secretary of the Bengal Socialist Party, unfurling the National Flag, exhorted the volunteers to be ready for the coming struggle when disciplined volunteers like the Bombay National Guards will have to lead hundreds and thousands of citizens in the struggle for freedom.

Appreciating the smart appearance and discipline of the Guards, Sjt. Muzumdar said volunteers like the National Guards who kept out of party politics, but still served the nation in an effective manner by supporting and helping other political and nationalist institutions could go ahead of other similar institutions which owed allegiance to parties and sections.

One thing that should predominate for the successful working of any volunteer corps, he added, was discipline. He observed that such a disciplined body as the Bombay National Guards should be an example to others. He advised them to increase their present strength by spreading the organization. He appreciated very much the wide range of service the Guards were giving and the fact that they were a non-communal and non-party organization.

Mr. K. N. Gaitonde thanked the President and others on behalf of the B. N. Guards. The day's programme ended with a social gathering in the evening.

IMITATION OF MONKEYS ENDS IN DOUBLE TRAGEDY

Two Killed In Tribal Pantomime Show

DHOLPUR, March 11.

A pantomime staged by Daflas was marred by a tragedy yesterday in the village of Jajau when two tribesmen, swinging of branch of a tree in imitation of their simian forebears, were killed outright when they lost their grip of the tree branch and fell down from a great height.

Daflas who originally migrated from Assam, wear artificial tails and claim descent from monkeys and usually entertain villagers with ape-like games in remembrance of their simian ancestors. —A. P.

SPADE WORK FOR SPREADING PHYSICAL EDUCATION

First Session Of Thana Physical Culture Conference

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, March 10.

"The objects of such conferences should be the establishment of central gymnasiums in each district, on the lines laid down by Swami Kuvalayanand. March with the times and do not discard foreign games simply because they are foreign", declared Prof. Rajaratna Manikrao of Baroda, yesterday presiding over the first session of the Thana Physical Culture Conference held under the auspices of the Samartha Sevak Mandir, Thana, at the gaily decorated premises of the Mandir. More than 2,000 persons attended the conference, including a large number of delegates from Talukas.

Govt.'s Apathy

Mr. D. M. Damle in his welcome speech dwelt on the apathy shown by the Government and the intelligentsia towards physical culture up to now and, according to him, such conferences should create strong liking for this aspect of education and develop a strong sense of discipline and sportsmanship.

Prof. Rajaratna Manikrao in his presidential address, dealt mainly with the lines on which such conferences should do the necessary spade work to give physical education an All-India basis. He commended the work done by the several institutions of Thana and paid warm tributes to Mr. B. G. Kher, ex-Premier, Bombay, for his promptitude in bringing into existence the Kandivli Institute for Physical Training.

Referring to foreign games like Cricket, Tennis, Hockey, Football the speaker recommended these warmly and advised the women to discard cycling as a form of sport not beneficial to that sex.

The President, after dealing with the various activities initiated by the Bombay University such as the Physical Camp, V. T. Corps and the Bhonsle Military College, Nasik, started by Dr. Moonje, stressed the desirability of making Hindi the vehicle for giving orders in Mass-drill. The President concluded his address with a strong appeal for unity.

The premises of the Mandvi were thronged with students at night to witness games and feats by Gymnasts from Ghatkopar, Kalyan and Thana. Bhiwandi. Fire-walking, Snake-eating, being buried alive for about 15 minutes, war of crackers by the Bhiwandi team, these items attracted not a small attention from an assemblage of about 5,000.

A heavy shower at about 11-30 p.m. interfered with the programme of about 52 items.

The Conference is expected to conclude this evening.

AFRIDI RESOURCES AT DISPOSAL OF NIZAM

Tribal Leader's Assurance To Hydari

PESHAWAR, March 11.

Sir Akbar Hydari and party including six ladies visited Khyber Pass and Khajuri plain today. En route to the Afghan border Sir Akbar inspected a guard of honour provided by the Khassadras at Jamrud Fort. The road from here to Torkhan was lined by tribesmen who gave Sir Akbar a tremendous ovation as the cars passed.

Sir Akbar Hydari said "Nafal" prayers at the historic Ali Masjid and gave some money to the Imam.

Zakkakhel Maliks greeted Sir Akbar in the Khyber. Village guns roared as the cars proceeded to Landikotal. The party then alighted at Michni Khandao and had a fair view of the nearby Afghan posts and the distant snowclad mountains of Oadakshan.

At Torkhan, the post on the Indo-Afghan border, Sir Akbar was received by local officials. The party was entertained at lunch at Landikotal by Afridi and Shinwari Maliks.

ASSURANCE TO HYDARI.

Nawab Mohamed Zaman Khan head of the Afridi tribe, welcoming Sir Akbar said that the presence of Nizam's Premier in their midst had given them the greatest pleasure and he hoped that the strong ties between Khyber and Hyderabad would be further strengthened.

He placed the entire resources and services of the Afridi tribe at the disposal of the Nizam and said that with its acceptance the tribal area would be linked to the Premier Muslim state in more than one way.

In reply Sir Akbar thanked the tribesmen. He said that he had expected such warm sentiments from the custodians of India's frontiers.

Perhaps this is the first occasion that Indian ladies have ever visited such a village.

The party returned to Peshawar late in the evening after visiting the Khajuri plain. Sir Akbar Hydari and party attended a banquet at the Islamia College where covers were laid for about 200 persons.—A. P.

TWO KIDNAPPED FROM KOHAT DISTRICT

PESHAWAR, March 11.

Two Muslim donkey drivers were kidnapped by hostiles in the evening of March 9 near Bahadurkhel Police Station in the district of Kohat. They were taken to tribal territory.

One Muslim has been released and the other Muslim with the donkeys are still in captivity.

FOUR ARRESTED.

Four Banuchis were arrested at Mitakhel village near Bannu yesterday. They are alleged to have taken part in the ambush of the Frontier constabulary party of Kurramgarh, last month unlicensed arms were found from their houses on search.—United Press.

Man Who Made Short Cut Across Rly. Line Meets With Accident

ALLAHABAD, Mar. 11.

The human weakness for taking the shortest cut home sometimes even across the railway line resulted in a very serious accident here the other day.

An elderly gentleman devotionally inclined, was tempted to cut across a railway line while returning home after his prayers from a temple.

As he was trying to wriggle his way through the narrow space between two waggons, one of them suddenly moved pushed by an engine which was engaged in shunting operation. The driver was quite unaware of the innocent trespass.

The result was an amputated left leg.—A. P.

CLAIM AGAINST CALCUTTA CORPORATION

CALCUTTA, March 11.

Before Mr. Justice Lort Williams, a settlement was reached to-day in the suit in which the Bando and Company claimed Rs. 7,43,690-3-5 against the Corporation of Calcutta for work done for and material supplied to them.

By consent of the parties, His Lordship made a decree on the term among others that the Corporation should pay to the plaintiff company the sum of Rs. 2,25,000 in full satisfaction of their claim.

CHIEF ENGINEER'S TERM EXTENDED

The Corporation of Calcutta at a special meeting this evening reappointed Dr. B. N. Dey as its Chief Engineer, Special Officer and Engineering Adviser for a further term of five years on his present pay and emoluments with effect from October 15, 1943, when his present term of appointment will expire.—A.P.

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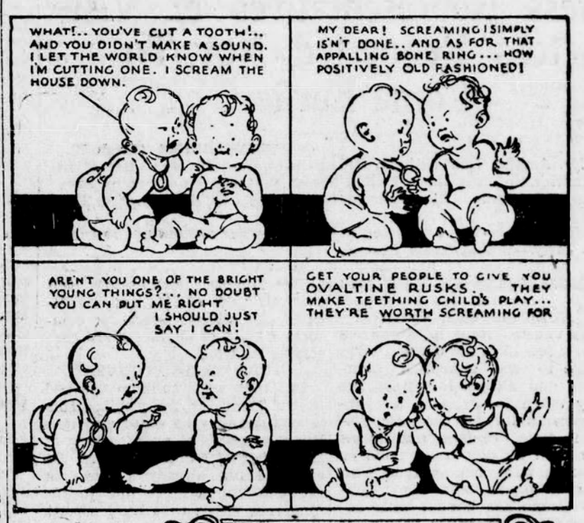
WHAT!.. YOU'VE CUT A TOOTH!.. AND YOU DIDN'T MAKE A SOUND. I LET THE WORLD KNOW WHEN I'M CUTTING ONE. I SCREAM THE HOUSE DOWN.
MY DEAR! SCREAMING ISIMPLY ISN'T DONE... AND AS FOR THAT APPALLING BONE RING... HOW POSITIVELY OLD FASHIONED!
AREN'T YOU ONE OF THE BRIGHT YOUNG THINGS?... NO DOUBT YOU CAN BUT ME RIGHT I SHOULD JUST SAY I CAN!
GET YOUR PEOPLE TO GIVE YOU OVALTINE RUSKS. THEY MAKE TEETHING CHILD'S PLAY... THEY'RE WORTH SCREAMING FOR

TO keep your baby contented throughout teething-time, give him delicious "Ovaltine" Rusks to bite and crunch. They help more than anything to bring each little tooth easily through the gums. "Ovaltine" Rusks are made from the purest unbleached wheaten flour, to which a proportion of "Ovaltine" is added, and they contain the necessary vitamins and other valuable body-building properties.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1940

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Rains Hamper Congress Nagar Work

Press Representatives & Visitors Requested Not To Come Earlier

MUZAHARPURI, March 12.

Mr. Ambika Kanta Singh, Officer-In-Charge of the Reception Committee, informs the "United Press" that continuous rains have seriously hampered the construction of huts in the Congress Nagar.

He requests Press representatives and other visitors not to come here early.—United Press Special.

UNUSUAL RAINS AT RAMGARH

MUZAHARPURI, March 12.

The unusual rains in Ramgarh for last few days are causing some trouble to the Reception Committee and all possible steps are being taken to complete all arrangements for the Congress Session in time. Underground drains have been already constructed so that rain water cannot remain in the open pandal and the Subjects Committee pandal with accommodation of 15,000 people is being strongly built so that it may be completely water-proof.

Visitors' tickets for the Subjects Committee have been fixed at Rs. 10 and the Reception Committee members' tickets at Rs. 5.

Mahatma Gandhi's cottage has been ready; so is the presidential cottage with a huge national flag flying over it. Near these cottages have been constructed ten other cottages in two rows for the Working Committee members. At the centre of the compound a small hut has been constructed for the Working Committee meeting.

MAULANA AZAD TO ARRIVE ON MARCH 15

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Chairman of the Reception Committee, has written his speech in Hindustani which, covers six pages in foolscap size. He was busy this morning translating it into English.

The "United Press" learns that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the President-elect, will arrive at the Ranchi Road Station (E. I. R.) on March 15 and will be taken in procession to Muzaharpuri.—United Press Special.

ARRANGEMENTS ALMOST COMPLETE

MUZAHARPURI, March 12.

Final touches are being given to the Congress Nagar under the personal supervision of Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Anugraha Narayan Sinha, General Secretary of the Reception Committee, Mr. Jagjal Chaudhuri, ex-Minister of Health, Bihar, Mr. Krishna Ballabh Sahay, ex-Parliamentary Secretary, Mr. Mathura Prasad and a host of workers. Arrangements are well nigh complete despite the unusually heavy rains for the last few days.

About 3,000 volunteers have already taken up their respective duties and the Reception Committee is now prepared to welcome 1,00,000 visitors and delegates, for whose personal comforts a band of engineers are constantly at work.

TUBE WELLS IN RIVER

The tube wells sunk in the bed of the Damodar are yielding sufficient quantity of water and it is being supplied at every corner of the Congress Nagar which at its entrance has already worn a crowded appearance due to the numerous shops that have sprung up on the road sides in the course of a week or so.

With the alluring hills at a distance of about 7 miles on one side and the river Damodar on the other, the Congress Nagar with its well built roads presents a unique scene.

The open session will be held on a sloping piece of ground with the hills on three sides facing the Exhibition Grounds and from every corner it will be possible to have a complete view of the dais and rostrum from which the leaders will address the gathering.

KHADI EXHIBITION

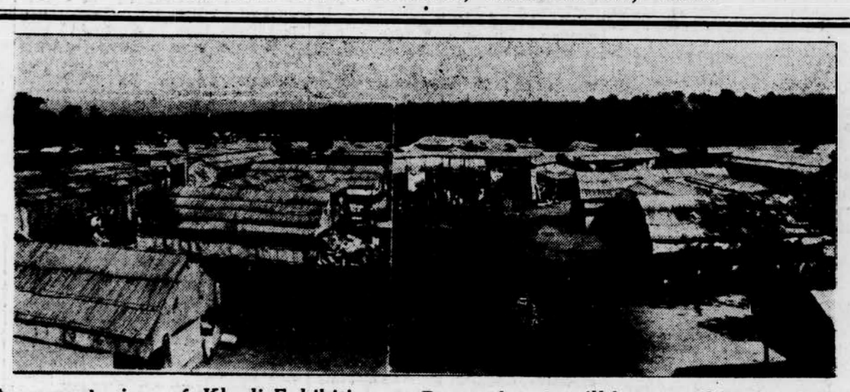
The Exhibiton authorities are working with a breakneck speed inasmuch as it has been announced that Mahatma Gandhi will open the Exhibition on March 14. The Exhibition will remain open for ladies only for three hours on March 16 between 1 p.m. and 4 p.m. Arrangements have been made to exhibit rural dances on every evening as also feats of archery and fire-walking.

Besides Khadi and weaving demonstrations and exhibits of other village industries, the Wardha system of education will be demonstrated when a regular school in accordance with the scheme will be run along with the exhibition of different aspects of the scheme.

Mahatma Gandhi will be present at the prize distribution ceremony when the Rashtrapati will distribute the prizes to the winners in the spinning competition.

RAILWAY ARRANGEMENTS

Satisfactory arrangements have been made by the railway authorities at Ranchi Road Station or every possible comfort of the visitors to the Congress Session. As many as six extra passenger sheds have been erected and filled up with up-to-date latrines and electric lights, besides the newly started Enquiry Office is offering every help to the new comers. The Railway and Government police also have made elaborate arrangements under the supervision of European and Indian officers who are on duty day and night at the station as also outside the Congress Nagar.—United Press Special.



A general view of Khadi Exhibition at Ramgarh. It will be opened by Gandhiji on March 14.

Prabhavati Devi Becomes Desh Sevika Captain

RAMGARH, March 12.

There was an impressive ceremony in the women volunteers camp last night when Dr. Rajendra Prasad invested Srimati Prabhavati Devi with the office and power of Captain of Desh Sevikas. There was a drill display under the command of Mr. B. P. Sinha when the Sevikas saluted their Captain.—A. P.

Anti-Compromise Conference Arrangements

MUZAHARPURI, March 12.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose has been elected president of the All India Anti-Compromise Conference to be held here on March 19 and 20.

Mr. Bose arrives at the Ranchi Road Station on the morning of March 18 wherefrom he will be taken in procession to the Kisan Nagar, where he will hoist the National Flag and the Red Flag.

Sardar Sardul Singh Caveesher and Mr. Indulal Yagnik will arrive on the 18th by car.

Swami Sahajanada, who arrived in the morning after a propaganda tour, informed the "United Press" that he expected several thousands Kisans to attend the Anti-Compromise Conference.—United Press Congress Special.

Giridih Hospital

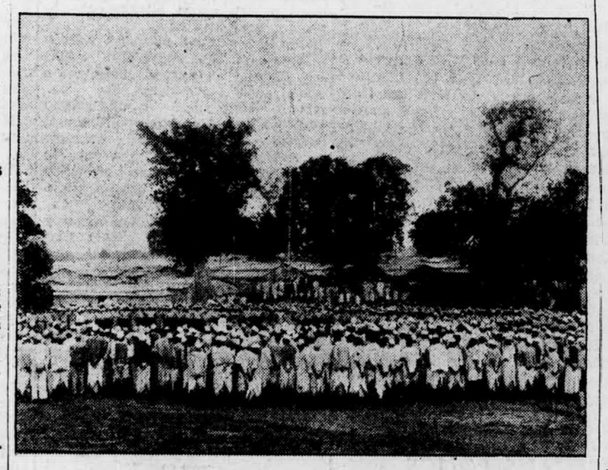
MUZAHARPURI, March 12.

Mr. Anugrahanarain Singh, General Secretary of the Reception Committee, and ex-Finance Minister of Bihar, laid the foundation-stone of the Giridih Hospital yesterday.—United Press Congress Special.

LATE SIR A. T. PANNIRSELVAM.

MADRAS, March 12.

"His Excellency the Governor regrets that it must now be presumed that Sir A. T. Pannirselvam lost his life in the accident to the Imperial Airways Aeroplane "Hannibal" on 1st March 1940" says a Government Notification issued to-day. The notification adds this lamentable accident has deprived the people of India of the services of an experienced and trustworthy administrator.—A. P.



Flag Salutation at Congress Nagar, Ramgarh.

PATNA RESOLUTION SUPPORTED

Congress Asked To Start Struggle As Early As Possible

MIRZAPORE, March 11.

The Mirzapur District Political Conference held under the Presidentship of Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, former Revenue Minister of U. P. passed a resolution supporting the Congress Working Committee's resolution adopted at Patna and urging the committee to start the struggle for freedom as early as possible.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose attended the conference and addressing it emphasised that the present was an 'opportune' moment.

He was presented with addresses by the municipality and the district board, the students and the Youth League.

MR. SAJJAD ZAHEER ARRESTED

LUCKNOW, March 12.

Mr. Sajjad Zaheer, Socialist leader, was arrested this morning under the Defence of India Act.—United Press.

ADVOCATE ARRESTED

Echo Of Bangalore "Advocate Murder"

BANGALORE, March 11.

Mr. K. Venkatarangam, advocate, Bangalore City was arrested last evening in connection with the "advocate murder case". He was produced before a magistrate.—A. P.

(The murdered advocate was Mr. M. Krishna Murti, (a nephew of Sir M. Visveswarayya) whose dead body was found disfigured on Hindupur Road 40 miles from Bangalore).

Dohad Congratuiates Jaiprakash Narain

(From Our Correspondent)

DOHAD, March 10.

At a meeting of Dohad Freelandgunge Town Congress Committee Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya, Gujurat Congress Socialist, has been elected Presidents and Mr. Harilal Shah Secretary.

The meeting congratulated Mr. Jaiprakash Narain for his arrest under Defence of India Act and sympathised with the peaceful strike of the Bombay Textile workers for war allowance.

MADRAS, March 12.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar left Madras to-night for Calcutta 'en route' to Ramgarh to attend the Congress Session.—A. P.

Silk Mill Strike May Be Called Off

Workers Demand Chief Conciliator's Decision To Be Binding On All Mills

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

It is understood that the Strike Committee of the silk mill workers has offered to suspend the strike in the silk mills in the city if certain conditions are fulfilled.

It will be remembered that following the general strike of textile workers in the city, their comrades in silk mills also went on strike. A Strike Committee consisting of about 50 workers from various mills was formed.

It appears that at this time the dispute in one of the city silk mills had been referred to the Chief Conciliator. A tacit suggestion was made that the strike of the silk mill workers during the pendency of the conciliation proceedings would be illegal.

A public meeting of the workers in the silk mills was held at the Kamgar Maidan and the Strike Committee held a meeting subsequently

It is understood that the Committee decided to suspend the strike for some time, if the Conciliation court agreed to abide by three conditions. These conditions are:—

FIRSTLY, THERE SHOULD BE NO VICTIMISATION.

SECONDLY, THE COURT SHOULD MAKE ITS DECISION WITH RESPECT TO THE PARTICULAR MILL APPLICABLE TO ALL THE SILK MILLS.

THIRDLY, THE COURT SHOULD MAKE ITS DECISION WITHIN A WEEK.

The Millowners assert that nearly 10,000 workers have received their wages for February along with the allowance. But the figure of the Girni Kamgar Union is far smaller. Even those workers who have received their wages, it is stated, are not going back to work.

The Millowners' Association, it is understood, have not fully considered the letter of the Government regarding the sharing of war profits. They are likely to send a reply to Government by Thursday

The strike in the textile mills, is going on. Though picketing at the mill gates is going on according to schedule no incident has been reported. Only one worker was arrested on Monday evening for contravening the orders of the Commissioner of Police. As yet no arrest has been reported to-day.

Meetings of workers were held at various places this morning, such as the Shivaji Park and Kamgar Maidan. A meeting of women workers was held at Nagu Sayaji Wadi. Rallies will be held in the evening at Ganesh Maidan and Kamgar Maidan.

SHOLAPUR WORKERS INSIST ON 21-1/2 P. C. WAR ALLOWNACE

SHOLAPUR, March 10.

The much awaited elections of the representative of employees began yesterday when the Labour Officer Mr. Rege held elections in Laxmi Mills under the Industrial Disputes Act.

All the five nominees of the Lal Bawta Girni Kamgar Union were elected with practically a unanimous vote. The meeting was arranged in the Mill compound. As the Mill were closed all the workers collected in the meeting place with shouts "Victory to the Red Flag."

The same night a joint meeting and procession under the auspices of the Lal Bawta Girni Kamgar Union, the Municipal Workers Union and the Handloom workers Union was organised. The procession started from Majur Maidan with short introductory speeches of Messrs. G. D. Sane, Wamanrao Kulkarni and Vyankappa Madur. The procession terminated at Tilak Chowk in a meeting.

A resolution supporting the Bombay strikers and the demand of 21 1/2 per cent. dearness allowance of Sholapur workers was proposed by Mr. Beke.

STRIKERS APPLY PHYSICAL OBSTRUCTION

ALLAHABAD, March 11.

Some of the clerical staff of the Indian Press where about 200 workers have gone on strike applied to the District Magistrate for protection alleging that they had been physically obstructed from entering the press premises and carrying on their work.

The Magistrate visited the press this afternoon and has written to the Secretary of the Press Workers Union a letter clarifying the legal position, and reminding the strikers that as they are squatting across the gates of the press physical obstruction howsoever peaceful is unlawful under the provisions of the I. P C.—A. P.

VICTIMISATION OF STRIKE LEADERS

(From Our Correspondent.)

BHAVNAGAR, March 12.

Sjt. Balavantrai Goswami, Secretary of the Kamdar Parishad who had been arrested in connection with the Bhangi strike and released afterwards has not been allowed to resume work in Bhavnagar Railway Workshop.

Mr. Asgar Vakil involved in the same strike case has been relieved from the service of the British India Steam Navigation Co. Ltd.

Reduction Of Hours In Jute Mills

CALCUTTA, March 12.

The Indian Jute Mills Association unanimously decided to-day to reduce the working hours in mills from 60 to 54 per week on and from April 8.

This reduction applies to all mills except the small number which have a total complement of looms of 220 or less.—A. P.

Strike In Indian Press

ALLAHABAD, March 12.

The situation in connection with the strike in the Indian press has considerably eased. The Strike Committee of the Press Workers' Union held a meeting this evening and later assured the District Magistrate that the strikers would resort to nothing that could be deemed to be unlawful.—A. P.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE

THE FEATHERED SERPENT CASE

JIM, YOU'RE ACCUSED OF MURDER! THINK!
CAN'T YOU GET NOTHIN' OUTA YOUR MIND BUT THEM THREE WORDS?
THE FEATHERED SERPENT... THAT'S ALL!
INSPECTOR WADE IS SUFFERING FROM ALMOST COMPLETE AMNESIA, CAUSED BY PRESSURE OF THE FRONTAL BONE UPON THE CEREBRAL CORTEX.
BUT HE REMEMBERED SOMETHING! THREE WORDS!
PURELY A VESTIGAL REMNANT OF SUBLIMINAL ORIGIN, IT IS NO INDICES THAT RECOVERY IS IMMINENT OR POSSIBLE/ THE OPTIMUM JUDGEMENT THAT ANY SPECIALIST CAN GIVE IS A QUALIFIED MAYBE/
BLIMEY, H'INSPECTOR DONAVAN, IS HE GOIN' TO RECOVER OR NOT?
DON'T ASK ME, BOGGS, ALL I GET OUTA THAT SPEECH OF TH' DOC'S WAS 'MAYBE'!
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